SIEMENS



Synco[™] 700 Switching and monitoring device RMS705B incl. extension modules RMZ785, RMZ787und RMZ788

Basic documentation

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1 Overview

1.1 RMS705B – Features and functions

RMS705B	 RMS705B helps switch and monitor plant elements in heating, ventilating and air conditioning plants. RMS705B is freely configurable (no standard applications). RMS705B typically is used for the following tasks: Non-standard applications of the Synco[™] 700 system Alarming and monitoring Switching functions (time switch, logical blocks, motors, etc.)
Possible thanks to KNX	Thanks to the KNX bus, bus communications of the controlled system can be used easily.
User-friendly at all levels	End users, engineering, service and commissioning staff all profit from menu- driven clear text operation!
Key features	 Various switching and monitoring functions combined with mathematical and physical operations (calculations, minimum, maximum and average calculations, enthalpy). Lead/lag control of pumps, fans, motors, refrigeration machines, etc. with runtime balancing. 3 universal controllers with limiting function. Data acquisition: Pulse count (for display purposes), operating hours count, trend display of data as well as event logging (e.g. for legionella function). Freely configurable, thanks to extended configuration options. For additional, universal inputs for displaying and monitoring/alarming. Modular extendable with extension modules RMZ785, RMZ787, and RMZ788. Menu-driven operation with separate operator unit: Plug-in type or detached mounting. KNX bus connection for operation and process information.

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Functions

Data acquisition

- Pulse meter (for display only, not for billing purposes).
- Hours run counter.
- Trend data display.
- Event logging (e.g. for legionella function).
- Control and monitoring functions
 - Universal motor blocks.
 - Rotary step switch (with lead/lag control of pumps, fans, motors, refrigeration machines, etc.).
 - Logic function blocks.
 - 7-day time switches.
 - Comparison (comparison of analog input signals).
 - Calculators (default formulas, user-defined formulas).
 - Minimum/maximum, averaging.
 - Enthalpy calculation.
 - Signal inverter/signal doubler.
 - Heating and cooling demand from and via KNX bus.
 - Heating / cooling changeover.
 - Fault messages (additional universal alarm inputs).
- Control functions
 - Universal controller (limiting function, universal shift, etc.).
- Bus functions
 - Universal bus applications.
 - KNX data exchange zones (send and receive LTE bus information).
- Service and operating functions
 - Outside temperature simulation, input terminal simulation, etc.

Module combination 1x RMS705B (8 universal inputs, 6 digital outputs, 4 analog outputs) +. 4x extension modules (maximum extension).

(Selection from 1x RMZ785, 2x RMZ787 and 2x RMZ788).

Maximum extension results:

- Maximum 28 universal inputs
- (LG-Ni1000, 2x LG-Ni1000, Pt1000, T1, DC 0...10 V, 0...1000 Ω, pulse, digital)
- Maximum 18 relay control outputs
- Maximum 8 modulating outputs DC 0...10 V

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1.2 Product range

Control units, accessories

The overview shows the units offering comprehensive solutions with RMS705B:

Room unit	Name	Туре	Data sheet
Switching/control unit	Switching and monitoring unit	RMS705B	N3124
Extension modules	Universal module	RMZ785	N3146
	Universal module	RMZ787	N3146
	Universal module	RMZ788	N3146
	Module connector	RMZ780	N3138
Operator units	Operator unit, plug-in type	RMZ790	N3111
	Operator unit, detached	RMZ791	N3112
	Bus operator unit	RMZ792	N3113
Service unit	Service tool	OCI700.1	N5655
Central communication unit	Central communication unit	OZW775	N5663
	Web server	OZW772	N5701



1.3 Synco[™] 700 topology



The following topology shows how the RMS705B is used:

Key

RMS705B RMZ790 RMZ791 RMZ792 RMZ78 OCI700.1 OZWZ72	Switching and monitoring unit Operator unit, plug-in type Operator unit, detached Bus operator unit Extension modules Service tool Web server	RXB RMU7 RMH RMK RMB	Room controller Universal controller Heating controller Boiler sequence controller Central control unit
OZW772	Web server		

1.4 Equipment combinations

The following table lists equipment that can be combined with the RMS705B and extension modules:

Room unit	Туре	Data sheet
Passive sensors	All sensors with sensing element LG-Ni1000, Pt1000, T1 (PTC)	N1721N1846, N1713
Active sensors	All sensors with - AC 24 V supply voltage - modulating output DC 010 V	N1821, N1850N1932
Monitoring devices	QAF81, QAF64, QFA1000, QFA1001, QFM81, QXA2000, QBM81	N1284, N1283, N1518, N1514, N1542, N1552
Passive signal sources	BSG21.1	N1991
Active signal sources	BSG61	N1992
Room units	QAA25, QAA27	N1721
Actuating equipment	All motorized, hydraulic and magnetic actuators with - operating voltage AC 24 V - for modulating control DC 010 V.	N4000N4999
Variable speed drive	SED2	N5192
Transformers	SEM62.1, SEM62.2	N5536

1.5 Product documentation

Supplementary information

The following product documentation provides detailed information on safe and intended use and operation of Synco[™] 700 products in building services plants in addition to the basic documentation.

Type of document	Document no.
Product range description HVAC control with Synco	CE1S3110en
Basic documentation RMS705B (this document)	CE1P3124en
Basic documentation universal controller RMU7B	CE1P3150en
Basis documentation: Communication via KNX bus	CE1P3127en
Data sheet for switching & monitoring unit RMS705B	CE1N3124en
Data sheet for universal modules RMZ78	CE1N3146en
Data sheet for module connector RMZ780	CE1N3138en
Data sheet for universal controller RMU7B	CE1N3150en
Data sheet for KNX bus	CE1N3127en
Installation instructions G3151 for RMS705B	74 319 0731 0
Mounting instructions for extension modules RMZ78	74 319 0353 0
Mounting instructions for module connector RMZ780	74 319 0380 0
Mounting instructions for detached operator unit RMZ791	74 319 0339 0
Installation instructions for bus operator unit RMZ792	74 319 0523 0
CE declaration of conformity for Synco [™] 700	CE1T3110xx
Environmental declaration for controller RM	CE1E3110en01
Environmental declaration for extension modules RMZ78	CE1E3110en02
Environmental declaration for operator unit RMZ790	CE1E3110en03
Environmental declaration for operator unit RMZ791	CE1E3110en04
Environmental declaration for operator unit RMZ792	CE1E3113en

1.6 RMS705B applications in HIT

A number of RMS705B applications are available via HIT (HVAC Integrated Tool). These applications are intended as suggestions (no default applications).

Internet address for HIT: https://www.siemens.com/HIT

1.7 Performance

Overview

Summary of features and functions of the RMS705B:

Features/Functions	RMS705B
Max. 4 connectable extension modules. Selection from:	
Extension with 1 universal module RMZ785 with 8 universal inputs.	
Extension with 2 universal modules RMZ787	
with 4 universal inputs and 4 relay outputs each.	
Extension with 2 universal modules RMZ788	
with 4 universal inputs, 2 analog outputs, and 2 relay outputs each.	
Universal inputs (RMS705B and extension modules)	Max. 28 (8 + 8 + 4 + 4 + 4)
As analog input DC 010 V	\checkmark
As analog input LG-Ni1000	\checkmark
As analog input Pt1000	\checkmark
As analog input T1	\checkmark
As analog input 2x LG-Ni1000	\checkmark
As remote setpoint adjusted input, absolute	✓
As digital input	✓
As pulse input	√
Relay outputs (RMS705B + extension modules)	Max. 18 (6 + 4 + 4+ 2 + 2)
Modulating outputs (RMS705B + extension modules)	Max. 8
Fault massages	(4 + 2 + 2)
Free fault inputs (digital or analog)	20
	20
	<u> </u>
	4
	4
	4
Fuise counter with storage of 15 monthly values	6
	0
Logic block for operations (AND, NAND, OR, NOR, EXOR, EXNOR)	10
	2
Universal controller with 1 heating and 1 cooling sequence \ /	3
Constal limiting function (min/max) with PL response	<u> </u>
	· · ·
	· · ·
Pomoto sotopint adjustor	· · ·
Setpoint abageover	· · ·
	2
Changeover for 4 aggregates	2
	· · ·
Changeover for 2 nine evetom H/C	
	•
Motors with control functions for:	6
Motor, single-stage	•
	•
	×
	2
wiin, max., and average calculation.	2
	×
Signai inverter/signal doubler	✓

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1.8 Important notes

	This symbol draws your attention to special safety notes and warnings. Failure to observe such notes may result in personal injury and/or considerable damage to property.
Field of use	Synco™ 700 products may only be used for control and supervision of heating, ventilation, air conditioning and chilled water plants.
Intended use	Proper transport, installation and commissioning as well as correct operation are prerequisite for flawless and safe operation of Synco™ 700 products.
Electrical installation	Fuses, switches, wiring and earthing must comply with local safety regulations for electrical installations.
Commissioning	Only qualified staff trained by Siemens Switzerland Ltd may prepare for use and commission Synco™ 700 products.
Operation	Synco™ 700 products may only be operated by staff instructed by Siemens Switzerland Ltd or its delegates and who understand the potential risks.
Wiring	When wiring the system, strictly segregate the AC 230 V section from the AC 24 V safety extra-low voltage (SELV) section to ensure protection against electric shock hazard!
Storage and transport	Refer to the environmental conditions specified in the respective data sheets for storage and transport. If in doubt, contact your supplier or Siemens Switzerland Ltd.
Maintenance	Synco™ 700 products are maintenance-free and only require regular cleaning. Keep free of dust and dirt any system sections in the control panel whenever normal service visits are due.
Faults	Call service staff responsible for your plant in case of system faults; do not diagnose and correct faults.
\wedge	Only authorized staff are permitted to diagnostics, correct faults and restart the plant. This applies as well to work carried out within the panel (e.g. safety checks or replacement of fuses).
Disposal	Do not dispose of the products as domestic waste as they contain electrical and electronic components. Observe all local, applicable laws.

2 Operation



Synco™ 700 units may only be operated by staff instructed by Siemens Switzerland Ltd or its delegates and who understand the potential risks.

2.1 Operation without operator unit

The following operating elements on the RMS705B and extension module can be used with the operator unit:



Key

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2.2 Operation with operator unit

2.2.1 Operator unit functions

Use a plug-in or detached operator unit to operate the RMS705B (set and read). The operator unit does not save data: Entries are transferred from the operator unit to the RMS705B on site and processed accordingly. User information is displayed on the operator unit.

2.2.2 Operating concept

All setting and readout values are presented as operating lines on the menu. Using the operating elements, every operating line can be selected, displayed or set. All menus appear on the LCD as plain text.

RMS705B contains several programmed languages. Select the desired language during commissioning.



3 OK press-and-turn knob
 Turn: Select operating line or readjust value.
 Press: Confirm operating line or setting.
 4 ESC button

Return to previous menu.

5 Fault button "♀" with LED LED: Fault display. Press: Acknowledge fault or reset.

The backlit display automatically switches on when using one of the operating elements. It switches off and the start page appears when inactive for 30 minutes.

Operator elements

Fundamentals

Key

Display examples

Below are a few typical displays and their explanation:



2.2.3 Operating levels

There are two operating levels:

- Info level 1
- Setting level

Both levels are accessible from any access level.

Info level ${f i}$ Setting level

The Info level **II** provides important plant data information.

The setting level is set up as a menu. You can navigate to operating lines and change their values. The INFO button gueries menu explanations on the individual operating lines. The information is displayed as long as you pres the button.

Switching from the info level to the setting level:

- 1. Press the ESC button to select the start page.
- 2. Press the OK knob to go to the setting level.

Switch from the setting level to the info level:

- 1. Press the ESC button to select the start page. Press the button repeatedly until the start page reappears.
- 2. Press the INFO button to go to the Info level.

Switch between the operating levels

An access right is defined for each parameter (operating line). There are 3 access levels:

Access level	Access	Symbol
User level (for plant operators)	The user level is always accessible. Users can adjust visible, editable operating lines.	
Service level (for maintenance tasks)	Press the OK knob and the ESC button at the same time, then select operating line "Service level" and confirm by pressing the OK knob.	C+
Password level (for commissioning)	Press the OK knob and the ESC button at the same time, select operating line "Password level" and confirm by pressing the OK knob. Enter "7" as password and confirm by pressing the OK knob.	27

The access level determines which individual menus and operating lines are activated. At a higher access level, all menus and operating lines of the lower access levels are visible.

The levels use a common menu tree as a base (the password level shows the entire menu tree).

Switch to another access level

Switch from the current access level to another access level:

- 1. Press both OK knob and ESC button simultaneously.
- The "Access levels" menu is displayed.
- 2. Select the required access level by turning the OK knob and press to confirm.
- 3. Enter "7" to access the "Password level".

Note

RMS705B times out after 30 minutes without user interaction and enters "User level".

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3 Commissioning



Only qualified staff trained by Siemens Switzerland Ltd may prepare and commission Synco[™] 700 products.

3.1 Start commissioning



During commissioning, both control and plant safety functions remain deactivated!

3.1.1 Start at initial power-up

RMS705B starts with menu "Language" (to commission or operate the plant) when the unit is first powered.

- Select the language by turning the OK knob and confirm your selection.

- Set and confirm time, date, and year using the OK knob.

The "Commissioning" menu is displayed. The access level is set to "Password level".

Follow the installation instructions G3151, 74 319 0731 0 (added to device package) to initially commission the RMS705B.

3.1.2 Start from the main menu

After selecting menu "Commissioning" (only visible on the "Password level") and confirming by pressing the OK knob, a reference to plant stop is displayed.



Press OK again to stop the plant (application). All outputs are set to a defined OFF state and the display shows the "Commissioning" menu.



Setting level: Commissioning menu.

3.2 Basic configuration

Use the "Basic configuration" menu for the following settings:

- Select basic type (only basic type S is available).
- Assign extension modules to the controller position.

Internal configurations are deleted if you decide to later reset RMS705B to basic type S.

Configuration

Example

Note

Main menu > Commissioning > Basic configuration >

Operating line	Adjustable values / remarks
Basic type	S
Position 1	, RMZ785, RMZ787(1), RMZ788(1)
Position 2	, RMZ785, RMZ787(1), RMZ787(2), RMZ788(1), RMZ788(2)
Position 3	, RMZ785, RMZ787(1), RMZ787(2), RMZ788(1), RMZ788(2)
Position 4	, RMZ785, RMZ787(1), RMZ787(2), RMZ788(1), RMZ788(2)

3.2.1 Assign extension modules

You can extend RMS705B by appending extension modules. Max. 4 extension modules can be connected to each RMS705B. Select from:

1x RMZ785:	Universal module with 8 universal inputs.
2x RMZ787:	Universal module with 4 universal inputs, 4 relay outputs.
2x RMZ788:	Universal module with 4 universal inputs, 2 modulating
	outputs, 2 relay outputs

The extension modules are activated when physically plugged in and configured in terms of software (type, position).

	Position 1	Position 2	Position 3	Position 4
RMS705B	RMZ785	RMZ787 (1)	RMZ787 (2)	RMZ788 (1)



Disconnect the system from power prior to attaching an extension module.

3.2.2 Troubleshooting

If the extension modules and their positions do not match the values entered in the basic configuration, or if an extension modules fails during operation, a fault is generated and handling is stopped. The outputs maintain the state prior to the fault.

Fault messages

No.	Name	Effect
7101 7102 7103 7104	Fault extension module	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.

3.3 Free configuration

You can freely configure RMS705B within the possibilities of the available function blocks.

Use the configuration diagram to adjust RMS705B to the plant (see Section 16.2 Configuration diagram").

3.4 Wiring test

Test the wiring after all peripheral devices are connected. We recommend to run this test after completing the configuration and settings.

Reading values are displayed for the inputs; aggregates (fans, pumps, etc.) connected to the outputs can be switched on and off.



During the wiring test, the application is inactive, and the outputs are in a defined OFF state; safety-related functions are deactivated!

The wiring test checks the inputs and outputs for the following types of errors:

- Connection errors, i.e. exchanged lines.
- Position errors, i.e. mixed up sensor or actuator connections.
- Discrepancy between actual type of connection and controller configuration (e.g. LG-Ni 1000 in place of active DC 0...10 V).

Wiring test

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Inputs >

Operating line, e.g.	Comment
N.X1	Display of the current measured value

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line, e.g.	Positions
Fault relay 1	Off, On

3.5 Exit commissioning

If the application is valid, quit the Commissioning menu as follows:

– Press the ESC button.

The display shows a dialog box with the following information:



- Press the OK knob to confirm.

RMS705B boots using the settings, the plant is started, and the main menu is displayed.



3.6 Data backup

The entire commissioning data set (configuration and all settings) can be saved in RMS705B after commissioning. Use this function to restore the proper controlled state of the RMS705B after commissioning if important values are changed later on.

The following values are **not** saved or restored during backup:

- All user-defined texts and business cards.
- Calendar and time switch settings.
- Basic settings in the "Communication" menu.
- Current time.
- Trend settings.
- Values in the "Settings > Device" menu.

Setting values

🛃 Main menu > Data backup >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Restore		
Save		

Display values

🛃 Main menu > Data backup >

Operating line	Comment
Storage date	Displayed date when the commissioning data set was written in the device's memory.
Storage year	Displayed year when the commissioning data set was written to the device's memory.

3.7 Exit password level

Set the user level (access level for plant operator) when done with commissioning:

- Press the OK knob and the ESC button at the same time.
- The "Access levels" menu is displayed.
- Turn the knob to select the user level.
- Press the OK knob to confirm your selection.

3.8 Device information

Menu "Device information" allows you to view RMS705B information.

Display values

Main menu > Device information > Controller >

Operating line	Comment
Software version	Displays the RMS705B software version.
Hardware version	Displays the hardware version.

Main menu > Device information > Position 1...4 >

Operating line	Comment
Extension module	Displays the module's type designation.
Software version	Displays the module's software version.
Hardware version	Displays the hardware version.

4 General settings

- 4.1 Time and date
- 4.1.1 Mode of operation

Yearly clock The RMS705B has a yearly clock with time, weekday and date.

Two selectable time formats

The following time formats are available:

24 h:

- The **date** is displayed as dd.mm.yyyy (day.month.year). Example: 01.01.2010
- The **time** is displayed as hh:mm (hours:minutes). Example: 15:56

am/pm:

- The **date** is displayed as mm/dd/yy (month/day/year). Example: 05/31/06
- The time is displayed as hh:mm am/pm (hours:minutes am/pm).
 Example: 03:56 PM

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Device >

.		
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Time format	24 hours,	24 h
	12 hours (am/pm)	

Main menu > Time of day/date >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Time of day	00:0024:00	00:00
Date	01.0131.12	01.01
Year	20002080	Current

Daylight saving/standard time changeover

Changeover from daylight saving to standard time and vice-versa is automatic as per the set values.

The dates of the earliest changeover can be adjusted in case of corresponding standard changes.

Setting values

Main menu > Time of day/date >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Summer time start	01.01 31.12	25.03
Winter time start	01.01 31.12	25.10

Notes

- The dates set for changeover from standard to daylight saving time, or vice versa, ensure that on the first Sunday after that date the time changes from 02:00 (standard time) to 03:00 (daylight saving time), and from 03:00 (daylight saving time) to 02:00 (standard time).
- If both dates are set to the same date, daylight saving/standard time changeover does not work.

Time monitoring

Time monitoring (see Section 4.1.3) can be disabled. In this case, no fault message 5003 "Invalid time of day" is triggered.

Setting values

Main menu > Time of day/date >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Invalid time of day	Inactive/Active	Active

4.1.2 Communication

Clock time operation Various sources are possible for time. However, you must enter this in the RMS705B. Both time of day and date can be exchanged via bus. The following settings are available for "Clock time operation":

> Autonomous Slave: Time of day from bus Master: Time of day to bus

Autonomous (neither transmits nor receives). Receives the synchronization signal from the bus. Sends the synchronization signal to the bus.

Setting values for "Clock time operation"

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Basic settings >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Clock time operation	Autonomous, Slave, Master	Autonomous

If RMS705B is set as time-of-day slave, you can also select if RMS705B is to allow for changing the master clock time.

The following settings are available for "Remote setting clock slave":

No	Clock time slave with no system time adjustment option.
Yes	Clock time slave with system time adjustment option.

Setting values for "Remote settin slave"

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Basic settings >

ng clock	Operating line	Range	Factory setting
	Remote setting clock slave	Yes, No	Yes

Combinations

The effects of combined entries are:

Entry	Effect	Diagram
Autonomous	The time of day on the RMS705B can be readjusted. RMS705B's time of day is not adapted to system time.	Readjustment Contr. time System time
Slave , Clock time slave- Remote setting No	The time of day on the RMS705B cannot be readjusted. RMS705B's time of day is continually and automatically adapted to system time.	Readjustment Contr. time System time
Slave , Clock time slave- Remote setting Yes	The time of day on RMS705B can be readjusted and also adjusts system time. RMS705B's time of day is continually and automatically adapted to system time.	Contr. time
Master	The time of day on RMS705B can be readjusted and also adjusts system time. RMS705B's time is used as system default.	Contr. time

Note Only one clock time master per system allowed. A fault message is displayed (on the masters) if several devices are parameterized as master.

Recommendation Always synchronize the system, i.e. use master-slave mode (1 master, all other devices are slaves).

4.1.3 Troubleshooting

Possible cases
RMS705B generates a fault message with regard to date and time in the following cases:
If the clock on the bus is missing and the local clock is parameterized as time-of-day slave, operation continues on the internal clock and fault message "System time failure" is generated.
Fault message ">1 clock time master" is displayed if several devices are parameterized as clock time master on the bus.
Fault message "Invalid time of day" is displayed if RMS705B loses its time setting after power failure and/or if the time is not resent via bus.
Note 1: The clock in RMS705B has a backup battery for typically 48 and at least 12 hours. The time must be reset if a power failure exceeds these hours.
Note 2: A flashing fault LED indicates invalid clock time.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
5001	System time failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
5002	>1 clock time master	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
5003	Invalid time of day	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

4.2 Select language

Action on initial startup Each device type has a number of languages loaded. When switching on RMS705B for the first time, the "Language" menu is displayed in English, regardless of the device type's language set.

Select the required language from that menu.

The language can also be changed later during operation.

Language selection The following languages are loaded, depending on the device type:

Туре	Language 1	Language 2	Language 3	Language 4	Language 5	Language 6
RMS705B-1	German	French	Italian	Spanish	Portuguese	
RMS705B-2	German	French	Dutch	English		
RMS705B-3	Danish	Finnish	Norwegian	Swedish		
RMS705B-4	Polish	Czech	Hungarian	Russian	Slovakian	Bulgarian
RMS705B-5	Greek	Romanian	Slovenian	Serbian	Croatian	Turkish
RMS705B-6	Chinese					

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Device >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Language		English

4.3 Select temperature unit

You can select the temperature unit for RMS705B as °C/K or °F.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Device >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Unit	Degrees Celsius,	Degrees Celsius
	Degrees Fahrenheit	

4.4 Operator unit display contrast

The display contrast can be adapted to the environment.

Setting values

😤 Main menu > Commission	iing > Settings > or
--------------------------	----------------------

Main menu > Settings > Device >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Contrast	0100 %	50 %

4.5 Text entry

4.5.1 Device name

The text for the device name appears on the welcome screen: Setting:

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

🔜 Main menu > Se	ttinas > Texts >
------------------	------------------

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Device name	Max. 20 characters	

4.5.2 File name

Individual text can be assigned to the file name for the selected application:

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Texts >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
File name	Max. 20 characters	S

4.5.3 Electronic business card

Configuration

The text for the electronic business card is displayed as an Info picture. Use extended configuration to activate the electronic business card.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Miscellaneous > Business card >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Business card	Yes, No	Yes

Settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Texts >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Business card line 1	Max. 20 characters	Business card line 1
Business card line 2	Max. 20 characters	Business card line 2
Business card line 3	Max. 20 characters	Business card line 3
Business card line 4	Max. 20 characters	Business card line 4

5 Inputs

5.1 Universal inputs

Digital signals, passive analog or active analog signals can be connected to universal inputs.

Device type inputsThe device types have the following number of universal inputs:
Switching and monitoring unit:
RMS705B:
Extension modules:
RMZ785:
RMZ785:8 inputs
8 inputs
8 inputs
RMZ787:
4 inputs
RMZ788:

Maximum versionMax. 4 extension modules (selection from 1 RMZ785, 2 RMZ787, and 2 RMX788)
can be connected.
Max. number possible universal inputs:
RMS705B + RMZ785 + RMZ787(1) + RMZ787(2) + RMZ788
8 + 8 + 4 + 4 + 28 inputs.

5.1.1 Activate function

All inputs are always available. They can be used for display purposes if no longer used for specific functions.

Recommendation

Set unused inputs to "Digital".

You can assign an identifier to each input. The identifier also defines the input's unit.

The following identifiers are available:

Outside temperature*	
°C	
%	
g/kg	
kJ/kg	
W/m2	
m/s	
bar	
mbar	
Ра	
ppm	
Universal 000.0	Universal input with one decimal place, resolution –99.9… +999.9, increment 0.1
Universal 0000	Universal input without decimal place, resolution – 999+9999, increment 1
Digital	
[Controller 1] rem setp adj*	Remote setpoint adjuster absolute for controller 1
[Controller 2] rem setp adj*	Remote setpoint adjuster absolute for controller 2
[Controller 3] rem setp adj*	Remote setpoint adjuster absolute for controller 3
Pulse	

* These identifiers have additional functionality (see Section 5.2.4 "Special analog inputs

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
N.X1	Activate the function by assigning the following to the input: Outside temperature, °C, %, g/kg, kJ/kg, W/m ² , m/s, bar, mbar, Pa, ppm, Universal 000.0, Universal 0000, digital, <i>or</i> pulse.
	ditto
RMZ788(2).X4	ditto

Comments

- The outside temperature unit is always °C.
- Identifiers °C, %, g/kg, kJ/kg, W/m², m/s, bar, mbar, Pa, ppm, Universal 000.0 and Universal 0000 are always analog inputs.
- Digital inputs do not require a unit (On/Off).
- The outside temperature can be sent via bus (KNX) (see Section 5.6 "Outside temperature").

5.1.2 Cause

The source of an input value is displayed. We differentiate among the following types:

- Terminal: Used as local terminal.
- LTE mode: Used as LTE transmission and reception object.
- S-mode: Used as S-mode object.
- Simulation: Input terminal simulation.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Cause	Terminal, LTE mode, S- mode, Simulation	

Note

Section 13.2.5 explains LTE transmission and reception objects.

5.1.3 Input terminal simulation

Each input terminal can be simulated to test plant reaction.

Setting values

Main menu > Inputs > Simulation inputs >

Operating line	Range (type-dependent)	Factory setting (type-dependent)
N.X1 A8 (2).X4	, –50+50 °C	



Only authorized staff may override inputs within a limited period of time! During terminal simulation, fault message "Simulation inputs active" is triggered.

Fault messages

Note

No.	Text	Effect
100	Simulation inputs active	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

This message remains active until "Simulation " returns to "----". This ensures that a simulation is always reset on the plant.

The simulated outside temperature is used only locally; it is not sent via bus to other controllers.

5.1.4 Troubleshooting

RMS705B among other issues checks if input terminal simulation is still active when the Commissioning menu is exited.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
101	[N.X1] sensor error	Non-urgent message; must not be
264	RMZ788(2).X4 sensor error	acknowledged.

5.1.5 Function check / wiring test

During the wiring test, the measured values of all inputs can be checked.

Wiring test

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Inputs >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
N.X1	Display of the current measured value.
	ditto
RMZ788(2).X4	ditto

5.2 Analog inputs

See Section 5.1.1 for activating analog inputs. You can enter the following settings for analog inputs: Type, Measured range, Correction.

5.2.1 Type

You can select "Type" if the unit is °C (identifier °C and outside temperature). The following types are available:

Ni1000*
2xNi1000*
T1
Pt1000
DC 010 V

* Physically, the sensing element types LG-Ni1000, 2x LG-Ni1000 must be used (see Section 5.2.2).

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Туре	Ni1000, 2xNi1000, T1, Pt1000, 010 V	Ni1000

Notes

- If the unit is not °C, the "Type" is always DC 0...10 V.
- Physically, the sensing element types **LG**-Ni1000, 2x **LG**-Ni1000 must be used (see Section 5.2.2).

5.2.2 Measuring range

The known measuring ranges for the passive sensing elements are preset:

Passive temperature signals	Preset measuring range
LG-Ni1000	−50…+250 °C
2x LG-Ni1000 <i>or</i> T1	−50+150 °C
Pt1000	−50+400 °C

The measuring range must be entered as per manufacturer information or the required allocation for active signals. To do this, enter the lower (Value low) and upper (Value high) measured value.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Value low	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
Value high	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent

Example

Room temperature	with active	signal DC	010 V = 050	°C:

Lower measured value (Value low):	0 °C
Upper measured value (Value high):	50 °C
A 5 V signal results in:	25 °C

5.2.3 Measured value correction

With passive temperature sensors, the measured value can be readjusted by -3.0 to +3.0 K to compensate for line resistance. You can thus on-site calibrate using a reference instrument.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Correction	-3.0+3.0	0 K

5.2.4 Special analog inputs

The following analog input identifiers have a special function:

- Outside temperature (see Section 5.6 "Outside temperature")
- [Controller 1] rem setp adj, [Controller 2] rem setp adj, [Controller 3] rem setp adj (see Section 5.5 "Remote setpoint adjuster, absolute")

5.2.5 Connection examples for sensors

Example 1 Temperature measurement with passive temperature sensor using LG-Ni 1000 sensing element.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Setting
N.X1	°C

Setting values

Input configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Setting	
Туре	Ni1000	

Connection diagram



Example 2

Average temperature measurement with 2 passive sensors using LG-Ni1000 sensing elements.

Input configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Setting
N.X1	°C

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

🛌 Main menu > Settings > Inputs >X		
Operating line	Setting	
Туре	2xNi1000	





Example 3

Average temperature measurement with 4 passive sensors using LG-Ni1000 sensing element.

Input configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Setting
N.X1	° °

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Ni1000

Connection diagram



B... Passive sensor

5.2.6 Troubleshooting

When you exit the "Commissioning" menu, a check is made to see which sensors are connected. Message "[...X...] sensor error" is displayed if one of the sensors connected at this point is missing later on *or* if there is a short-circuit. If there is no measured value due to an open-circuit, the display reads: ---- If there is no measured value due to a short-circuit, the display reads:ooo

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
101 264	[N.X1] sensor error RMZ788(2).X4 sensor error	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

Problem and solution	Function "Multiple use of sensors" allows for wiring a passive signal at an input terminal directly to a Y-output and provide it as a DC 010 V signal. The signal can then be fed to other devices.
Note	Ally passive temperature signal types (LG-Ni1000, 2x LG-Ni1000, T1, Pt1000) can be converted and used multiple times.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Sensor multiple use >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Signal Y N.X1 Signal	N1.Y1A8(2).Y2 /
Y RMZ787 (2).X4	Activate function by assigning an input terminal to the output terminal.

Setting option

Configuration

When converting a passive signal to an DC 0...10 V signal, the preset allocation of passive signal and temperature range can be adapted as needed. Do this via parameters "Value low" and "Value high" (see Section 5.2.2).

5.3 Digital inputs

Control function signals can be connected to the digital inputs. Activate the digital inputs as described in Section 5.1.

5.3.1 Normal position

You can define the "Normal" position for each digital input.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Normal position	Open, Closed	Open

5.3.2 Texts for logical states 0 and 1

A free text can be assigned to each digital input for logical states 0 and 1 (e.g. On/Off, full/empty, etc.). The text is displayed after it is assigned to the corresponding input.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Text for: Logic 0	Max. 20 characters	0
Text for: Logic 1	Max. 20 characters	1

5.3.3 Connection example

Potential-free contacts can be connected to the digital inputs.

Input configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Setting
N.X2	Digital

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

属 Main menu > Settings > Inputs >X		
	Operating line	Setting
	Normal position	Open



F... Detector with potential-free switching contact.

Connection diagram
An input with this identifier can be used to connect a pulse counter. Pulses with the following specification can be received:

- Mechanical sources (Reed contact) without Namur circuitry, max. pulse frequency of 25 Hz and a min. 20 ms pulse duration.
- Electronic pulse source with max. pulse frequency of 100 Hz and min. 5 ms pulse duration.

5.4.1 Activate function

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment	
X	Pulse	

Electronic pulse sources (e.g. Open Collector outputs) generate shorter, less bouncing pulses than mechanical pulse sources (e.g. relays or Reed contacts). The type is adjustable.

Setting value

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Туре	Mechanically or Electronically	Mechanically

5.4.2 Connection diagram



R1 Reed pulse source.

5.5 Remote setpoint adjuster, absolute

The absolute remote setpoint acts on setpoints of the universal controller of the RMS705B.

Setpoint sources BSG21.1 (0...1000 Ω) and BSG61 (0...10 V) are ideal for room unit QAA25 (5...35 °C).

The absolute remote setpoint acts on both Comfort and Economy setpoints.

5.5.1 Activate function

The function is activated by setting the identifier of an input as a remote setpoint. At the same time, specify the controller (1...3) the remote setpoint should act on.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
X	Activate the function by assigning the following value to the input: [Controller 1] rem setp adj (Rem-w1), [Controller 2] rem setp adj (Rem-w2) <i>or</i> [Controller 3] rem setp adj (Rem-w3).

5.5.2 Type and measuring range

You can select if the remote setpoint is to be an active (DC 0...10 V) or passive signal (0...1000 $\Omega).$

In addition, you can set the input signal's range: "Value high": Value at DC 10 V *or* at 1000 Ω "Value low": Value at DC 0 V *or* at 0 Ω

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Туре	010 V, Ohm	Ohm
Value low	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
Value high	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent

5.5.3 Setpoints

Function principle	The remote setpoint always acts on the lower setpoint ("Heating"). The dead zone (distance Seq1 and Seq4) remains as is so that the upper setpoint ("Cooling") is shifted accordingly.
"Comfort" setpoints	Current lower Comfort setpoint = Remote setpoint
	Current upper Comfort setpoint = Remote setpoint + dead zone "Comfort"
Economy setpoints	The Economy setpoints are shifted also:
	Current lower Economy setpoint =
	Remote setpoint - (Comfort Setpoint low - Eco setpoint low)
	Current upper Economy setpoint =
	Remote setpoint - (Eco setpoint high – Comfort Setpoint low) or
	Current lower Economy setpoint + dead zone = Economy

5.5.4 Connection diagram

Connect the setpoint adjuster according to the following diagram:



R2 Active setpoint adjuster BSG61.

5.5.5 Troubleshooting

When you exit the Commissioning menu, a check is made to see if the setpoint adjuster is connected.

Message "[...X...] sensor error" is displayed if the setpoint adjuster is connected at this point but missing later.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
101 264	[N.X1] sensor error RMZ788(2).X4 sensor error	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

Notes

- If there is no signal from the setpoint adjuster, the controller continues to work with the internally set setpoints.
- Only the first input is considered if more than one input is activated as remote setpoint adjuster for the same controller.

5.6 Outside temperature

5.6.1 **Possible connections**

The outside temperature can be provided by different sources:

- Outside temperature connected locally to terminal.
- Outside temperature via bus.

The following variants are available:

Variant	Effect	Diagram
 Outside temperature at terminal. Communication outside temperature not active. 	 RMS705B operates with own outside temperature. No effect on bus. 	
 Outside temperature at terminal. Communication outside temperature active. 	 RMS705B operates with own outside temperature. Using the bus, the outside temperature is also provided to other controllers. 	
 No outside temperature at terminal. Communication outside temperature active. 	 RMS705B operates with outside temperature provided by another controller on the bus. 	
 No outside temperature at terminal. Communication outside temperature not active. 	 RMS705B has no outside temperature. 	

5.6.2 Outside temperature at terminal

See Section 5.2 "Analog inputs" for settings and the connection diagram for the outside temperature at the terminal.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
X	Activate the function by assigning the "Outside temperature" value to the input.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X... Operating line Range Factory setting Ni1000, 2xNi1000, T1, Pt1000, Ni1000 Туре 0...10 V Depending on selected type Type-dependent Value low Value high Depending on selected type Type-dependent Correction -3.0...+3.0 K 0 K

5.6.3 Outside temperature via bus

The outside temperature can only be provided via the bus if communication is active and an outside temperature set (outside temperature zone = "----" means that the outside temperature on the bus is inactive).

To activate different outside temperatures to be sent via bus (e.g. outside temperature on the northern side of the building for the air conditioning plants, and outside temperature on the eastern side of the building for heating zone "East", etc.), they must be assigned to specific outside temperature zones. See Section 13 "Communication".

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Outside temperature	, 131	
zone		

5.6.4 Outside temperature simulation

To simulate the outside temperature and test the response of the plant, the measured value of the outside temperature can be overridden.

Setting values

Main menu > Inputs >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Outside temperature simulation	, -50+50 °C	



Only authorized staff may override inputs within a limited period of time! During outside temperature simulation, fault message "Outs sensor simulation active" is triggered.

Fault messages

Note

No.	Text	Effect
12	Outs sensor simulation active	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

This message remains active until "OT simulation" is returned to "----". This ensures that the simulation is always completed in the plant.

The simulated outside temperature is used only locally; it is not sent via bus to other controllers.

5.6.5 Troubleshooting

When you exit the "Commissioning" menu, a check is carried out to see if the outside temperature is connected. Message "[...X...] sensor error" is displayed if the outside temperature is connected at this point and missing later.

For each system, only one outside temperature can be sent within the same zone (only one outside temperature master).

Message ">1 outside temperature sensor" is displayed if several controllers send outside temperatures within the same zone. The fault is sent by the controllers sending and receiving outside temperature signals to and from the same zone.

Message "Outside temp sensor error" is displayed if the controller expects an outside temperature signal via the bus and the signal is not sent.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
101 264	[N.X1] sensor error RMZ788(2).X4 sensor error	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
11	>1 outside temperature sensor	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.
10	Outside temp sensor error	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

If other outside temperature signals are available on the bus, any of them are used randomly.

5.7 Assign texts

For every input, the texts can be adjusted via operation.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings	> Inputs >X
----------------------	-------------

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.Xx	Max. 20 characters	N.Xx

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

6 Data acquisition

6.1 Trend

6.1.1 Connections and application



Purpose

- Use the Trend function block for time-related recording of measured values. It provides 4 independent trend channels.
- A trend channel can record **one** measured value.
- Two trend channels can be displayed for each Trend view: Primary channel and extra channel (as reference).
- It is possible to record signals from local inputs of RMS705B as well as room temperatures and outside temperature via bus.

6.1.2 Views

Example

The following illustration shows a 24-hour view on the operator unit with primary trend curve and reference curve for an extra channel:



Contents

- The current 24-hour views (8 minutes, 8 hours, 24 hours) show the date and the current value of the primary trend curve.
- The primary trend curve is shown as a solid line, the reference curve as a dotted line.
- The Y-axis label refers to the settings of the primary channel. If the Y-axes of the two channels do not match, a warning symbol appears next to the axis.

Change between views Use the press-and-turn button on the operator unit to navigate between the four different views:

- 8-minute view: Sampling every 5 seconds, last 8 minutes.
- 8-hour view: Sampling every 5 minutes, last 8 hours.
- 24-hour view: Sampling every 15 minutes, current day.
- Rolling over the last 6 days: Sampling every 15 minutes, last 6 days.

Note

The 24-hour view shows the last 6 days.

6.1.3 Trend function settings

Operating line

Trend channel 1...

Trend channel 4

Trend signal

		N.X1 RMZ788 (2).X4
	Geographical zone (apartment)	1…126 (relevant only if "Room temp via bus" is set).
	Geographical zone (room)	1…63 (relevant only if "Room temp via bus" is set).
	Outside temperature zone	131 (relevant only if "Outside temp via bus" is set).
	Y-axis min	Depending on selected type.
	Y-axis max	Depending on selected type.
	Selection extra channel	Trend channel 1 Trend channel 4
Explanation on the settings	 A trend channel is activated by assigning a "Trend signal" to it. Each trend channel can be assigned a plant-specific text with max. 20 characters via operating line "Trend channel 14". The bus address of the room for which the room temperature is to be recorded can be set via the "Geographical zone". To acquire the outside temperature via bus, set the relevant "Outside temperature zone". The Y-axes can be scaled for each trend channel. "Y-axis min" and "Y-axis marefer to value display and must be set as per the expected signal range. There no trend display if the current values are outside the adjusted range! You can show a second trend channel via "Selection extra channel". This channel is displayed as a dotted line. 	
Notes on the extra channel	 As only every second measured value is displayed for the extra channel, the value to be measured should be put on the main channel. The Y-axis label only refers to the primary channel. The extra channel is displayed according to its Y-axis settings. If the axes differ, a warning triangle is displayed next to the axis. 	
Display values	Query the trend channels	via the following menu:
	Main menu > Data acquisit	ion > Trend channel 14 >
	💭 Mo, 04.10 32.7 °C	

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Trend > Trend channel 1...4 >

Channel name

Adjustable values / Comment

Trend signal assignment:

(editable text, max.20 characters).

---, Room temp via bus, Outside temp via bus,

50.0

25.0 <u>A</u> 0.0-

ò

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Settings

.....

12

18

ė

24

Notes on the display

- The trend channels are displayed with their assigned text.
- The display immediately switches to the 24-hour view if a trend channel is selected.
- The press-and-turn button allows you to navigate between the different views.

6.1.4 Troubleshooting

Trend signal notTrends no longer are recorded if a trend signal **at the local inputs** is no longer
available.available.available (e.g. due to a faulty sensor).

In this case, check the fault messages via:

Main menu > Faults > Faults current >

If the values are not available via bus, trends are no longer recorded.

Remanent data Behavior after power failure *or* after exiting menu "Extra configuration" (restart RMS705B):

- The values of the 8-hour and 8-minute views are deleted.
- The values of the 24-hour view and those of the last 6 days are retained.

6.2 Event logger

	х	х	х	х
ſ	1	2	3	4
	Event logger			
l				

Purpose

Use the event logger to log events and monitor their mandatory occurrence. Event logging can be activated for max. 4 input variables, e.g. to monitor the minimum event duration *or* regularity of an event (legionella monitoring).

Function overview

- Event logger with 4 inputs.
- Logging of the last 10 events per logger with time and date stamp upon reaching value "Limit value on" and Off.
- Save max. or min. value during event.
- Adjustable values for "Limit value on" and Off.
- Selectable fault message when below "Event cycle min".
- Selectable fault message when above "Event cycle max".
- Selectable fault message when below "Event duration min".
- Selectable fault message when above "Event duration max".
- A name can be assigned to each event logger input.

There are two use cases:

Use case 1: Monitor max. value

The max. value is monitored and displayed in the event logger under "Maximum" if "Limit value on" > "Limit value off".



Use case 2: Monitor min. value

The min. value is monitored and displayed in the event logger under "Minimum" if "Limit value off" > "Limit value on".



6.2.1 Activate event logger

Assigning an analog input activates the "Event logger".

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Data acquisition > Event logger >		
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Input 1	, N.X1, N.X2, Room temp via bus, Outside temp via bus	
Input 2	, N.X1, N.X2, Room temp via bus, Outside temp via bus	
Input 3	, N.X1, N.X2, Room temp via bus, Outside temp via bus	
Input 4	, N.X1, N.X2, Room temp via bus, Outside temp via bus	

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6.2.2 Event logger settings

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Event logger > Event logger 1...4 >

an indiritional oottiingo Data	acdaioiliei =10111103301 =101111033	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Event logger 14	Max. 20 characters	Event logger
		14
Limit value on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent
Limit value off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent
Event duration min**	00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 h.m
Event duration max**	00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 h.m
Event cycle min**	0720 h	0 h
Event cycle max**	0720 h	0 h
Fault priority	Urgent, Not urgent	Not urgent
Geographical zone	1126 (relevant for "Room	1
(apartment)	temp via bus")	
Geographical zone (room)	163 (relevant for "Room temp	1
	via bus")	
Outside temperature zone	131 (relevant for "Outside	1
	temp via bus")	

* A name can be assigned to the event logger inputs.

** Set the times to 0 to deactivate the individual fault messages.

6.2.3 Event logger display

- You can query the last 10 event periods on the display.
- They are sorted in chronological order with 1 as the most recent entry.
- The data of the event start and end as well as duration for highest *or* lowest values are displayed as increment key.
- The oldest event is deleted if there are more than 10 events.

Main menu > Data acquisition > Event logger 1..4 >



You can delete event logger entries at the password level.

Delete entries

Display values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > Data acquisition > Event logger > Event logger 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Delete logger	No, Yes	No

6.2.4 Fault messages

The following fault messages are generated during violation (above and below) if the corresponding times for "Event duration min/max" *or* "Event cycle min/max" are greater than 0.

You must acknowledge these fault messages.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect	
9111	[Logger 1] on before cycle min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9112	[Logger 1] on after cycle max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9113	[Logger 1] off before dur min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9114	[Logger 1] off after dur max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9121	[Logger 2] on before cycle min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9122	[Logger 2] on after cycle max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9123	[Logger 2] off before dur min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9124	[Logger 2] off after dur max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9131	[Logger 3] on before cycle min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9132	[Logger 3] on after cycle max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9133	[Logger 3] off before dur min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9134	[Logger 3] off after dur max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9141	[Logger 4] on before cycle min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9142	[Logger 4] on after cycle max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9143	[Logger 4] off before dur min	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	
9144	[Logger 4] off after dur max	Fault priority as set; must be acknowledged and reset.	

6.2.5 Troubleshooting

Notes

- Changing the current data *or* time during event logging may result in premature triggering of a fault message.
- After changing the extra configuration in the event logger, previous logs are deleted when the extra configuration is closed.
- No event logging takes place if "Limit value on" = "Limit value off".

- The event is saved in the event logger only after processing "Limit value off". Data of the current event is lost if preceded by a power failure. Previously saved events remain available.
- Logging is canceled and terminated if the measured value signal at the terminal is no longer available. Logging is resumed after the signal is reactivated.
- The previous event cycle is not saved if yet another event cycle occurs within 5 minutes.

6.3 Operating hours



Purpose

- The following 4 operating hours counters are available:
- They use a digital input signal to record the operating hours of any aggregate.
- Operating hours since last maintenance are counted in addition to total operating hours.
- RMS705B generates a freely definable maintenance message when the maintenance interval value is reached.
 - Counters "Operating hours since service" continue to run until reset to 0 via "Reset".
 - Resetting counter "Operating hours since service" does not impact the counter for total operating hours.
 - The maintenance messages for the operating hours counter are displayed as part of the fault message "Main menu > Faults".
- A name can be assigned to each operating hours counter.
- The counter can be set to any start value at the password level.

Maintenance messages The for the operating hours counter

The following figure provides a visual description of the above functionality:

Hours run since service Reset Reset

Hours run

Siemens Building Technologies

6.3.1 Activate the operating hours counter

Each counter is activated by assigning an input.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration> Data acquisition > Operating hours >

	0 0	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Input 1	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input 2	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input 3	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input 4	, N.X1, N.X2,	

6.3.2 Assign texts

A specific text can be assigned to each counter. This text is displayed as menu and operating line text on the operating pages.

Free text

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings >... or

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Operating hours > Operating hours 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Operating hours x	Max. 20 characters	Operating hours x

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

6.3.3 Set operating hours counter

Service staff can set the operating hours counter to a defined value or 0. This value runs on the operating hours counter.

After 99999 hours, the counter automatically returns to 0. This value can only be changed at the password level.

Set operating hours counter to start value

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Operating hours > Operating hours 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Operating hours x	099999 h, settable in increments of 1.	0 h

6.3.4 Maintenance message

A maintenance message can be assigned to each operating hours counter, e.g.: "Service Fan SA".

Both "Text for: Service required" and "Service interval" are freely selectable. "Service interval" specifies the number of operating hours until the next service. No maintenance message is sent if "Service interval" is set to 0 h.

The fault priority is set to "Not urgent".

Select interval and enter text for maintenance

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Operating hours > Operating hours 1...4 >

	1 0	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Service interval	099999 h	0 h
Text for: Service required	Max. 20 characters	[O'hrs 1] serv req

A corresponding maintenance message is generated once the counter "Operating hours since service" reaches the value for the maintenance interval.

Maintenance messages

No.	Text	Effect
1911	[O'hrs 1] serv req	Non-urgent fault.
1912	[O'hrs 2] serv req	Non-urgent fault.
1913	[O'hrs 3] serv req	Non-urgent fault.
1914	[O'hrs 4] serv req	Non-urgent fault.

6.3.5 Operating hours display

Display values

Main menu > Data acquisition > Operating hours 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Operating hours x*	Display 099,999 h	
Operating hours since service	Display 099,999 h	
Reset**	No, Yes	No

* Display of the operating hours run to date. The counter counts to max. 99,999 hours and then rolls over to 0.

** This setting resets "Operating hours since service" to 0 hours and deletes the maintenance message.

6.4 Meters

i	i	i	i	
1	2	3	4	
Me	eter			

 Purpose
 Meters are used to acquire consumption values.

 Four independent meters are available.

 Pulses from gas, hot water, cold water and electricity meters are processed. The pulse values represent:

 • Energy in kJ, MJ, GJ, Wh, kWh, and MWh

 • Volume in m³, I or ml

 • Variables without unit (0...3 decimal places)

 • Heat cost unit

 • BTU

 The pulses are converted to consumption values as per the setting values, are then added, and the cumulated values are stored as 15-month values at midnight upon month rollover. The meters are used to optimize plant operation.

Note Pulse meters and associated counters are not suited for billing purposes since the recording of consumption can fail due to various reasons such as during power supply failures. Only meter readings (heat meters, electricity meters, etc.) with on-board counters, battery backed where required, deliver the correct values.

Meters using Namur or SO circuitry are not supported by the RMS705B.

6.4.1 Activate meters

Assign an input to activate each meter. You can assign only inputs with identifier "Pulse".

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Data acquisition > Meter 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Input n	, N.X1, N.X2,	

6.4.2 Display format

"Displayed unit" allows for selecting the unit to be displayed. "Displayed format" defines the number of decimal places.

Display format

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Data acquisition > Meter 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Displayed unit	Wh, kWh, MWh, kJ, MJ, GJ, ml, l, m3, Heat cost unit, No unit, BTU	kWh
Displayed format	0, 0.0, 0.00, 0.000	0

Every pulse from a pulse source corresponds to a specific consumption value. Pulse valency is printed on the consumption meter. Enter pulse valency using numerators and denominators.

Example 1	Pulse valency Setting	20 liters / pulse. Pulse valency numerator = 20 Pulse valency denominator = 1 Pulse unit = Liter
Example 2	Pulse valency Setting	3.33 Wh / pulse.Pulse valency numerator = 10Pulse valency denominator = 3Pulse unit = Wh

Pulse valency Main menu > Commissioning > Settings ... or Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Meter > Meter 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Pulse unit	Wh, kWh, MWh, kJ, MJ, GJ, ml, l, m3, Heat cost unit, No unit, BTU	kWh
Pulse valency numerator	19999 per pulse	1
Pulse valency denominator	19999 per pulse	1

6.4.4 **Overflow value**

The overflow value ensures that displayed reading on the connected meter is the same as that on RMS705B. The value at which the meter's display returns to 0 can be set.

Unit and decimal place depend on unit and format displayed.

Note

You can change this value only via software tool OCI700.1.

Overflow value

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Overflow value	0999'999'999	99'999'999 kWh

6.4.5 Set and reset meter readings

In case of deviations, service staff can adjust the pulse meter reading via operating line "Meter reading current". You can change this value only via software tool OCI700.1.

Use "Reset monthly values" to delete the last 15 monthly values. The current meter reading is retained.

Set and reset meter readings

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings ... or

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Meter > Meter 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Reset monthly values	No, Yes	No

6.4.6 Display meter readings

The current meter reading, the date and the reading of the last 15 months are displayed.

 Operating line
 Comment

 Meter reading current
 0...999'999'999

 Unit
 As per the configured display format.

 [Readout 1] date
 [Readout 1] meter reading

 ...
 [Readout 15] date

 [Readout 15] meter reading
 [Readout 15] meter reading

Main menu > Data acquisition > Meter 1...4 >

Notes

Display values

- The listed operating lines also exist for meters 2 to 4.
- The monthly values are stored at midnight at the end of the month.
- The 15 monthly values can be deleted at the password level via operating line "Reset monthly values".

6.4.7 Assign texts

A specific text can be assigned to each meter. This text is displayed as menu and operating line text on the operating pages.

Free text

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings ... or

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Meter > Meter 1...4 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Meter 14	Max. 20 characters	Meter 14

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

6.4.8 Troubleshooting

Some battery-powered *or* mechanical meters continue metering in the event of a power failure. During a power failure affecting RMS705B, the pulses are not counted.

A restart occurs after you exit menu "Extra configuration". Pulses received between the last storage operation and restart (max. 5 minutes) are not counted.

6.5 Calculator



Purpose

The calculator allows for converting input values to output values applying your own formulas. This allows for sophisticated calculations. Two independent calculator blocks are available.

- Switch on *or* off aggregates via current heating *or* cooling output.
 - Temperature difference calculation (several input signals possible).

Supplemental features

Application examples

- The calculated value can be provided to other devices at modulating output Y (DC 0...10 V).
- User-defined formulas can be entered in addition to standard formula (A-B)*C.
- The following mathematical functions are available for calculation:
 - Basic operations: Add (+), Subtract (-), Multiply (*), Divide (/).
 - Exponentiation n^x.
 - Root function n^u , with u = 0.5.
- You can enter three integer and three floating point constants when using constants in the formula.

Notes

- The calculated result may only be used as indicator for switching purposes and cannot be used for billing purposes.
- Measuring accuracy and sensor placement are prerequisites for the quality of the calculation.

6.5.1 Activate the calculator

Assign input A to activate the calculator.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Data acquisition > Calculator 1...2 >

	0 0	•
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Input A	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input B	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input C	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Constant u, v, w	-50.0 +999.0	1.0
Constant x, y, z	-50 +9999	1
Formula	Max. 20 characters	(A-B)*C
Modulating output	, N.Y1, N.Y2,	

Rules to enter formulas

- Max. 20 characters.
- Max. 2 parentheses in sequence, e.g. ((
- PEMDAS convention applies: ^ * / + -
- Numbers are not entered direct, but via constants.
- No spaces in the formula.





Output calculation is based on a physical relation:

$$P = \dot{V} * \rho * c * \Delta I$$

- = Specific heat capacity of the medium (kJ/(kg * K))
- ΔT = Temperature difference (K)

Considerations	 Medium density and specific medium heat capacity are constants: Density (water): 1000 kg/m³ is mapped to constant x (integer). Heat capacity (water): 4.2 kJ/ (kg*K) is mapped to constant u (floating point).
Formula definition	Output is calculated based on the following formula for the RMS705B calculator: Output = Input C * x * u * (input A – input B). Enter the following in the "Formula" operating line: $C^*x^*u^*(A-B)$
Constants	Enter 1000 in operating line "Constant x". Enter 4.2 in operating line "Constant u".
Input identifiers	 Configure the input identifiers as follows: Type "C" input on "Input A". Type "C" input on "Input B". Type "Universal 000.0" input on "Input C".
Notes	 Accuracy and resolution of floating point constants is one decimal place, i.e. 4.16 must be entered as 4.2. If greater accuracy is required, enter the constant increased by factor 10, 100, 1000, and divide the formula by this factor later on. Internal connections (internal analog a) from the calculator output to other function blocks are passed on as integers within value range -509999.
	Other possible applications for the calculator are: Total solar power Volumetric flow Energy consumption etc.

6.5.2 Limits for output and user-defined unit

The calculated output signal of the modulating output (Y) can be limited high and low.

In addition, you can assign a user-defined unit. The output result's unit (K, kW, etc.) is entered as characters and displayed together with the output value.

Setting

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Calculator > Calculator 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Unit	Max. 20 characters	
Value low	-509999	0
Value high	-509999	100

Value low and Value high only limit the DC 0...10 V signal run to the Y-output.



6.5.3 Assign texts

A specific text can be assigned to each calculator.

Free text

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Calculator > Calculator 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Calculator 12	Max. 20 characters	Calculator 12

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

6.5.4 Display values and wiring test

The following values are displayed on the operator unit:

	Operating line	Comment	
	Actual value	-50 +9999 or -50.0 +999.9	
	Unit	Max. 20 characters	
	Input A		
	Input B		
	Input C		

Note

Wiring test

- Consider possible number ranges of the result when writing a formula. Change to another unit (e.g. kJ rather than J) if you can expect the result to be large.
- Actual value Is an integer *or* floating point number depending on whether you use integers (x, y, z) *or* floating point constants (u, v, w).

You can directly control the calculator during the wiring test.

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
[Calculator 1] ouput	, 0100 %
[Calculator 2] ouput	, 0100 %

6.5.5 Troubleshooting

The result and thus the calculator output is set to 0 if an input signal required for calculation is not available during operation.

Wrong formulas User-defined formulas are checked for conformity to rules (see Section 6.5.1). A configuration alarm is displayed when a formula contains errors.

Examples for wrong formulas

Wrong formulas	Error description
AB*	2 variables without operator.
A*/B	2 operators.
A*((B-C)	Final parenthesis missing.
A*(((B-C)-x)-z)	Max. 2 same parentheses in sequence.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
6401	[Calculator 1] formula invalid	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
6402	[Calculator 2] formula invalid	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

7 7-day time switch

7.1 Time switch

Purpose	□ On □ □ □ X O, On / Off □ ∞ ↓ ↓ Q d
	Six 7-day time switches with 6 switch-on <i>or</i> switch-off times are available for each day.
Features	 Each time switch has operating line setting "Holiday priority". If set to "Yes", the following occurs: The time switch is set to "Off" for the defined holidays. Defined special days are activated. The "Holiday priority" setting is ignored if the time switch is set to "Slave". The output of the time switch can either be processed RMS-internal <i>or</i> output directly via a relay output.

You can override the time switch output via operating switch [∞]. It is visible on the topmost user level.

Activate the time switches via operating line "Time switch".

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Time switch > Time switch 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Time switch	Off, On	Off
Holiday priority	Yes, No	No
[Time switch 1] relay [Time switch 6] relay	, N.Q1, N.Q2,	
[Time switch 1] op selector [Time switch 6] op selector	Yes, No	No

7.1.1 Communication

The 7-day time switches of the RMS705B can run autonomously.

7-day time switch programs of the RMS705B can be received by other RMx controllers if RMS705B is connected to other controllers via bus. In that case, configure RMS705B as slave.

Summary:

- Autonomous 7-day time switch.
- 7-day time switch from bus: 7-day time switch slave (receives time switch from bus).

The status of 7-day time switches can be received only, but not sent to the bus.

Note

The settings have the following effect:

Entry	Effect	Diagram
Autonomous	The time switch only acts locally on the RMS705B.	
Slave	The time switch in RMS705B is not active. The acting time switch is that one acting on the geographical zone set on this controller as the time switch receiving zone (time switch slave (apartment)). The external time switch must be set as the time switch master.	

Enter the "Geographical zone (apartment)" of the controller that is to receive the time switch data during time switch operation "Slave".

If the time switch is operated as a "Slave", the output of the relevant time switch assumes the following states:

State of time switch
output for slave operationOperating mode
switch" (RMx)Comfort

Operating mode "Master time switch" (RMx)	State of time switch output (RMS705B)
Comfort	On
Precomfort	Set in operating line "Transformation Precomfort": On <i>or</i> Off
Economy	Off

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Time switch > Time switch 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Time switch slave (apartment)	, 1126	
Time switch operation*	Autonomous, Slave	
Transformation Precomfort	Off, On	On

* Information line: Result of the setting.

7.1.2 Entries

You can select a specific 24-hour profile for the following days.

Set time switch

Main menu > Time switch 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Monday to Sunday	On, Off	06:00 22:00
Special day	On, Off	06:00 22:00

You can enter for each day max. 6 entries in the 24-hour program. Each entry must have the time of day and the required operating mode (On/Off).

Copy 24-hour profiles You can copy data entered for a day to other days. If, for example, you entered data for Monday, you can copy the same profile to all other working days (Monday through Friday).

Copy 7-day programs You can copy a 7-day program containing all entries to another time switch. To do this, select the desired time switch (e.g. Time switch 3). Turn the press-and-turn button to the right. "Copy to" is displayed at the end of the 7-day list. You can copy the selection to either all *or* to one single time switch.

Note The data is copied if the target time switch is activated.

7.1.3 Assign texts

You can assign text to each time switch and operation selector. The text is displayed on the menu and in the operating line.

Free text

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

Main menu > Settings > Time switch > Time switch 1	6 >
--	-----

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Time switch 16	Max. 20 characters	Time switch 16
[Time switch 1] op selector [Time switch 6] op selector	Max. 20 characters	[T'swi 1] op sel

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

7.1.4 Operation selector

You can preselect the operating mode for the time switch's output via the operation selector in the main menu. The current state for the operation selector of time switch 1, e.g., is displayed as follows:

Display values

Main menu > [Time switch 1] op selector >

Operating line	Comment
Preselection	Auto, Off, On.
State	Display of present state: Off, On.

Important note

You must first ensure that the operation selector is set to Auto if you want to reset its configuration later on. Otherwise, the time switch constantly maintains "On" or "Off".

7.1.5 Troubleshooting

Fault message "[Time switch 2] failure" is displayed if a time switch signal from the bus is anticipated and not sent. In this case, the recipient continues to operate on "On".

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
5101	[Time switch 1] failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged
5111	[Time switch 2] failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged
5121	[Time switch 3] failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged
5131	[Time switch 4] failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged
5141	[Time switch 5] failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged
5151	[Time switch 6] failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged

7.2 Holidays/special days



Plant operators can enter days deviating from the standard 7-day program as holidays or special days via the "Holidays/special days" menu.

The holidays/special day program is visible only if at least one time switch is active.

7.2.1 Communication

The same holidays/special day program can be assigned to other controllers if RMS705B communicates with other controllers (see Section 13). Different sources can be used as the master. Enter this in the RMS705B (see Section 13.2.2 Holidays/special days).

The following settings are possible:

- Autonomous (neither sends nor receives).
- From bus: Slave (receives holidays/special day program from the bus).
- To bus: Master (sends holidays/special day program via bus).

The individual settings have the following effect:

Entry	Effect	Diagram
Autonomous	 The holidays/special day program only acts locally on this RMS705B. The holidays/special day program has no impact on the holiday/special day zone entered via communication. 	
Slave	 The holidays/special day program in this RMS705B is not active. The external holidays/special day program with the same holidays / special day zone is active. The external holidays/special day program must be set as the master holiday/special day program. 	
Master	 The holidays/special day program in this RMS705B is active. The holidays/special day program also acts on all other controllers with holidays/special day programs switched off (slave) in the same holidays/special day zone. 	

See Section 13 "Communication" for "Holidays/special day zone" settings.

7.2.2 Holidays

Holidays are periods of time when the building is not used and whose start time and duration are known in advance.

Examples

- · Business holidays/vacation in commercially used spaces and buildings.
- School holidays/vacation in school buildings.
- Public holidays.

During vacation/holidays, the output of the corresponding time switch is set to Off (provided "Holiday priority: Yes).

7.2.3 Special days

Special days are periods of time when the building is used for special purposes and whose start time and duration are known in advance.

Examples

• Visitor days in special facilities.

• Religious holidays in churches.

The 7-day program allows for an additional 24-hour program (special day) as a special day program. See section 7.1.2 for settings.

NoteYou can enter a specific 7-day program as a special day on each controller (slave)
if RMS705B (master) is connected to other controllers (slaves) via communication.
The time of the special day is communicated by the master and applies to all
controllers in the same holidays/special day zone.

7.2.4 Calendar entry

Max 16 entries are possible. The entries are sorted in chronological order. The following is required for each entry:

- Date, year and start time.
- Date and end time.
- Reason for entry (holidays or special day).

 Setting values
 Main menu > Holidays/special days >

 Operating line
 Range
 Factory setting

 Entry 1...16
 Start, End, Reason
 Start, End, Reason

 Note
 You can enter annually recurring holidays or special days by entering an asterisk

 "*" for the annual setting. Otherwise, the entries made are automatically deleted at the end of the holidays or special days.

 Priority
 The following applies to two overlapping entries: Special days take priority over holidays. As a result, you can predefine a special day during vacation/holidays.

Example for special day during holidays/vacation Note A

ay Theater play in schoolhouse during vacation/holidays.

At the end of the holidays *or* special day, operation according to the normal 7-day program is resumed. In this transition, you may not be able to start optimum start control (e.g. boost heating) in time. We thus recommend to move down the end of the holidays/vacation allowing the plant sufficient time to adapt to the respective setpoints.

7.2.5 Control input "Holidays/special days"

You can also activate holidays and special days via digital inputs. To do this, assign digital inputs.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Holidays/special days >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Holiday input	, N.X1, N.X2,
Special day input	, N.X1, N.X2,

Notes

- These inputs work only if Holidays/special day operation is set as "Autonomous" or "Master".
- Activation of special days or holidays via digital inputs is not entered in the holidays/special day program, eliminating recurrence.

Special day	 The digital input enables the plant to be constantly switched to the special day program in the 7-day program without intervention on the controller. The special day program becomes active if a permanent signal is applied to the configured input. This program is maintained until there is no more signal. Only then does the normal 7-day program resume operation.
Holidays	 The digital input enables the plant to be constantly switched to "Holidays" without intervention on RMS705B. The plant goes to "Holidays" operating mode if a permanent signal is applied to the configured input. This operating mode is maintained until there is no more signal. Only then does the normal 7-day program resume operation.
Priority	 The following priority list applies if a special day <i>or</i> holidays are activated simultaneously via control switches and calendar entry: 1. Control switch "Special day" (highest priority). 2. Control switch "Holidays". 3. "Special day" entry in the calendar. 4. "Holidays" entry in the calendar (lowest priority).
Note	If other controllers are configured as slaves in the same "Holidays/special day zone", the digital inputs also act on these controllers.
	7.2.6 Troubleshooting

Message "Hol/spec day program failure" is displayed if RMS705B expects a holidays/special day signal via the bus and the signal is not sent. The operating modes of the 7-day program are then used without considering the holidays/special day entries.

Only one master may be set per "Holidays/special day zone". A fault message is displayed if several controllers are set as the master.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
5201	Hol/spec day program failure	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
5202	>1 hol/spec day program	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.

Note

When evaluating the priority in the holidays/special day program, only the first two entries are considered. If you enter more than two overlapping entries, the special day may no longer take priority over the holidays.

8 Aggregates

8.1 Logic

ххх	хх
123	1 2
A	в
Logic 1	
	╘┯╼╤┙╽

Purpose	Use the logic block for logical links to multiple input signals. 10 independent logic function blocks are available.		
Operation selector	One operation selector 🕿 can be activated for each logic block, allowing users to manipulate the program from the highest main menu level. Auto, Off <i>or</i> On can be selected. Manipulation acts on the output of the logic function block.		
Settable times	You can set a switch-on and switch-off delay as well as minimum switch-on and switch-off periods for the output signal on function block C.		
	These time always work (e.g. for an operation selector മ manipulation), except during a wiring test.		
Convert analog to digital signal	You can assign a digital <i>or</i> analog signal to each input. You can generate an analog signal, a 2-point signal (On/Off) via switch on and off points. The following applies:		
	Switching value On > switching value Off:Transition $0 \rightarrow 1 \ I$ Switching value On < switching value Off:		
	The difference between switching value On and switching value Off is the hysteresis.		
Internal structure	 Inputs 1, 2 and 3 are internally connected to Logic A. Inputs 1 and 2 are connected to Logic B. The logical functions AND, NAND, OR, NOR can be set for Logic A and Logic B The results from Logics A and B act on Logic C. In Logic C, you can select logic functions AND, NAND, OR, NOR, NOR, EXOR, EXNOR. 		
	x x x x x 1 2 3 1 2		



Note

The logic function blocks are processed in ascending order, from 1 to 10. The following logic tables show the settable logic functions AND, NAND, OR, NOR, EXOR and EXNOR using the example of 2 inputs.

Logic tables

AND		
Input1	Input2	Output
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

OR		
Input1	Input2	Output
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

	EXOR	
Input1	Input2	Output
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

NAND		
Input1	Input2	Output
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

NOR		
Input1	Input2	Output
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0

EXNOR		
Input1	Input2	Output
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

8.1.1 Activate the logic

Activate the logic by configuring at least 1 input *or* the operation selector. Use menu "Extra configuration" to configure logic functions for Logic A, B, and C. The "Operation selector" setting in the operating line selects if the operation selector is to be displayed in the main menu at the user level.

Note The operation selector allows users manual manipulations. No warning is displayed during manual manipulations.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Logic functions > Logic 1...10 >

Operating line	Adjustable values	Factory setting
[Logic A] input 1	, X1, X2,	
[Logic A] input 2	, X1, X2,	
[Logic A] input 3	, X1, X2,	
[Logic B] input 1	, X1, X2,	
[Logic B] input 2	, X1, X2,	
[Logic A] function	AND, NAND, OR, NOR	OR
[Logic B] function	AND, NAND, OR, NOR	NOR
[Logic C] function	AND, NAND, OR, NOR, EXOR, EXNOR	AND
Logic relay	, N.Q1, N.Q2,/ (free outputs only)	
Operation selector	Yes, No	No
Time format	h:m, m:s	m:s

Notes

- You can select format "Hours:Minutes" as an extended time format (> 59.59 m.s) for the logic function.
 Important: The changeover impacts all time-related parameters of the logic function block (switch-on/off delay and min. switch-on/off time).
- Time format "h:m" offers a 10-minute increment setting range.

8.1.2 Assign texts

You can assign a specific text to each logic and operation selector. The text is displayed on the menu and in the operating line.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Logic 1...10 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Logic 110	Max. 20 characters	Logic 110
Operation selector 110	Max. 20 characters	Operation selector 110

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

8.1.3 Setting values switching value On and Off

The logic can process digital and analog signals. Setting values "[Logic x switching value n] on" and "[Logic x switching value n] off" are used to convert a continuous signal to a 2-position signal (On/Off).

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions Logic 1...10 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
[Logic A switching value 1] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic A switching value 1] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic A switching value 2] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic A switching value 2] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic A switching value 3] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic A switching value 3] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic B switching value 1] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic B switching value 1] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic B switching value 2] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Logic B switching value 2] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent

8.1.4 Switch-on/switch-off delay

For the logic output, a switch-on and switch-off delay can be set.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions Logic 1...10 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Switch-on delay	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> * 00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 m.s
Switch-off delay	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> * 00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 m.s

* See Notes on the time format in Section 8.1.1

Note

Setting values

The switch-on delay always acts on the switch-on command; the switch-off delay on the switch-off command.

8.1.5 Minimum on time

For the logic output, a min. switch-on time can be set. Thus, the output remains set to On for the set time when a switch-on command is received.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

弄 Main menu	> Settings	> Aggregates	> Logic	functions L	_ogic 1	10 >
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Operating line	Range	Factory setting
On time minimum	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> * 00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 m.s

* See Notes on the time format in Section 8.1.1

The minimum on-time always takes effect after a switch-on command.

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8.1.6 Minimum off time

The minimum switch-off time prevents aggregates from cycling too frequently.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions Logic 110 >		
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Off time minimum	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> *	00.00 m.s
	00.0023.50 h.m	

* See Notes on the time format in Section 8.1.1

The minimum switch-off time always takes effect after a switch-off command.

8.1.7 Operation selector

The operating mode of the logic block output (Preselection) can be preset via the operation selector in the main menu; the current state is displayed (State). Switch-on and switch-off delay as well as minimum on and off time are considered.

Display values

Main menu > Operation selector 1...10 >

Operating line	Comment
Preselection	Auto, Off, On.
State	Display of present state: Off, On.

Important note

You must first ensure that the operation selector is set to Auto if you want to reset its configuration later on. Otherwise, the output constantly remains "On" or "Off".

8.1.8 Wiring test

During the wiring test, the logic block outputs can be directly switched via the control switch. During the wiring test, delay and on times are inactive.

Wiring test

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Logic 110	Off, On.

8.1.9 Priorities

For logic operations, the following priorities apply:

- 1. On/Off during wiring test
- 2. Off by "Off time minimum"
- 3. On by "On time minimum"
- 4. Off by "Switch-on delay"
- 5. On by "Switch-off delay"
- 6. On by "Operation selector"
- 7. On by logic inputs

8.1.10 Notes

- There is no hysteresis if with an analog input of the logic block the switching value is set to On = switching value Off.
- The "Off" state is issued for the entire logic block if an error occurs at a configured input.
- Logic C is ignored and the signal of Logic A is sent directly to the output if only inputs are configured with Logic A.
- Logic C is ignored and the signal of Logic B is sent directly to the output if only inputs are configured with Logic B.

Processing order

- The logic blocks are processed sequentially in accordance with their instance number, i.e. first Logic 1, then Logic 2.
- The result at Logic block 2 becomes available only upon the next handling cycle if outputs are looped back, e.g. from the output of Logic block 7 to the input of Logic block 2.

8.1.11 Application example for storage tank charging

The following application example shows a solution for a self-holding function.

- The measured value connected to Logic A input 1 issues the switch-on command for storage tank charging.
- The measured value at Logic B input 1 terminates charging.



Required configuration and setting values:

Operating line	Comment
[Logic A] function	OR
[Logic B] function	NAND
[Logic C] function	AND
[Logic A switching value 1] on	30 °C
[Logic A switching value 1] off	35 °C
[Logic B switching value 1] on	65 °C
[Logic B switching value 1] off	60 °C
The following application example shows a solution for an RS flip-flop:



Required configuration:

Operating line	Comment
Logic 1 > [Logic A] function	NOR
Logic 2 > [Logic A] function	NOR

Note

Truth table for RS flip-flop:

Set	Reset	Q	IQ	State
0	0	Х	Х	Save
0	1	0	1	Reset
1	0	1	0	Set
1	1			Undetermined

8.2 Comparator



Purpose

The comparator helps compare two analog input signals. Two comparators are available:

Function principle

If differential value (A - B) between input A and B:

- Is greater than "Limit value on", the comparator turns on.
- Is smaller than "Limit value off", the comparator turns off.

Note

A should (normally) be greater than B, as the difference (A - B) is evaluated with preceding sign, and the limit values cannot be set negative.



Min. switch-on and switch-off times can be set for the output signal of the comparator along with a switch-on and switch-off delay. These adjustable times are always active (except during wiring tests).

8.2.1 Activate comparator

Assign an input to activate the comparator.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Logic functions > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment	Factory setting
Switching value A	, X1, X2, (analog inputs only)	
Switching value B	, X1, X2, (analog inputs only)	
Comparator relay	, N.Q1, N.Q2, (free outputs only)	
Time format	h:m, m:s	m:s

Notes

Configuration

• You can select format "Hours:Minutes" as an extended time format (> 59.59 m.s) for the comparator.

Important: The changeover impacts all time-related parameters of the comparator (switch-on/off delay and min. switch-on/off time).

• Time format "h:m" offers a 10-minute increment setting range.

8.2.2 Assign texts

You can assign a text to each comparator. The text is displayed on the menu and in the operating line.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Comparator 12	Max. 20 characters	Comparator 12

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

8.2.3 Upper and lower limit value

The comparator switches on when Limit value on is exceeded, and off when the value is below Limit value off.

Setting values

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Limit value on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
Limit value off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.

8.2.4 Switch-on/switch-off delay

You can set a switch-on and switch-off delay for the comparator output.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Switch-on delay	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> * 00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 m.s
Switch-off delay	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> * 00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 m.s

* See Notes on the time format in Section 8.2.1

The "Switch-on delay" acts on the switch-on command, the "Switch-off delay" on the switch-off command.

For the comparator output, a minimum on-time can be set, i.e., when a switch-on command is issued, the output remains active at least for the set min. switch-on time.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
On time minimum	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> *	00.00 m.s
	00.0023.50 h.m	

* See Notes on the time format in Section 8.2.1

The "On time minimum" always takes effect after a switch-on command.

8.2.6 Minimum off time

The minimum off time prevents aggregates from cycling too frequently.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Off time minimum	00.0059.59 m.s <i>or</i> * 00.0023.50 h.m	00.00 m.s

* See Notes on the time format in Section 8.2.1

The "Off time minimum" always takes effect after a switch-off command.

8.2.7 Display values

Operation displays the output state of the comparator.

Display values

Main menu > Aggregates > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line	Comment
State	Display of present state: Off, On.
Switching value A	
Switching value B	

8.2.8 Wiring test

You can directly switch on and off the comparator's relays during the wiring test.

Wiring test

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Comparator 1	Off, On
Comparator 2	Off, On

For comparator operations, the following priorities apply:

- 1. On/Off during wiring test.
- 2. Off by "Off time minimum".
- 3. On by "On time minimum".
- 4. Off by "Switch-on delay".
- 5. On by "Switch-off delay".
- 6. Comparison of inputs Switching value A and B.

8.2.10 Troubleshooting

The output for the comparator is set to "Off" when the input values are compared to various units *or* when there is a sensor error on the input.

8.3 Rotary step switch

Purpose Use this function to control multi-stage aggregates depending on load *or* control several aggregates and be used as lead/lag control. You can configure the rotary step switch using a selectable step switch type (3 types available for selection).

The rotary step switch can be configured as:

Linear step switch

- Switch equal stages *or* aggregates with equal output (max.4 per function block).

- Lead/lag control (run priority changeover) with selectable changeover types for the same number of operating hours.

• Flexible step switch

Optimum switching of aggregates with different outputs to ensure that as few aggregates as possible are operating and to achieve optimum control under partial load conditions (max. 4 stages).

• Binary step switch

Switching binary stepped aggregates. Max 15 stages can be switched per step switch. 2 step switches combined can switch max. 127 stages.

Only the linear step switch allows for lead/lag control (run priority changeover).

Rotary step switch 1	Ę	d L	a x	2 2 5	x x 3 4 Start	d	d d d B C D	Inputs
Step switch O Linear O Flexible O Binary	A ⟨♪ ⟨		в Ф Ф	Ł	c � �	Ł	ৢ৾৾৵৻৴৾৾৾	
	d c	a	d d	а	d d	а	d d a	Outputs

Explanation of symbols

Note

Input	Section	Output	Section
Precommand	8.3.8	Precommand	8.3.7
$s_{\text{start}}^{1,2} \nvdash$ Start conditions 1,2,3,4, and continuous	8.3.11	Command	8.3.5
Fault status message aggregates A,B,C,D	8.3.12	∠ Load	8.3.6

8.3.1 Activate block

Activate the rotary step switch by assigning command \oplus *or* load \nvdash to output A. Do this via the motor block to be connected, the logic block *or* the continuous output, i.e. from their configuration menus. See the following example:

Example

Configuration

Command \oplus of output A is to act on Logic block 1.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Logic functions > Logic 1...10 >

Operating line	Setting (example)
[Logic A] input 1	[Rot step swi 1A] command

Note the following for output switching:

- Configure the outputs without gap (order A,B,C,D).
- Assign the smallest load to command A in the event of different loads.
- Use the type ("Linear", "Flexible", "Binary") to set the step switch properties.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Туре	Linear, Flexible, Binary	Linear

8.3.2 Linear step switch

Load connection

The linear step switch switches the load outputs in equal steps. The following overview shows configurations for using the linear rotary step switch.

Overview of configuration options

with switching command outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesstart condition kABCDRun priority changeoverA+B A+B+C-DaddddddVesA+B-C-D A+B+C-DaddddddYesStart conditions with switching command outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, totalOutput configuration ABCDRun priority changeoverA+B-C+D(Example 1)adddddVesA+B-C+D(Example 2.1)xddddVesA+B-C+D(Example 2.2)xddddYesModulating load input with modulating load input with here of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition start condition start condition start condition aOutput configuration ARun priority changeoverModulating load input with combinations of modulating load input with combinations of with combinations of with combinations of with combinations of modulating load inputsNumber of stages or	Modulating load input			Load in	put,	Outp	out coi		_					
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$\begin{array}{c} \text{Command outputs and}\\ \text{modulating load outputs} \end{array} \begin{array}{c c c c c c } & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	with switching	aggregates	ages of	start co	ndition		4	E	3	(C] [C	changeover
Modulating load outputsA+BadadadadaYesA+B+C(Example 4)adadadadadaYesModulating load input, with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start conditionOutput configurationRun priority changeoverA+BadadadadNoA+B+C(Example 5)aaaddNoA+B+C+DaaaddNoModulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start conditionOutput configurationRun priority changeoverModulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start conditionOutput configurationRun priority changeoverModulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start conditionOutput configurationRun priority changeoverA+BadadadadNoA+B+C(Example 6)adadadNoA+B+C+DadadaddNoA+B+C+DadadaddNo	command outputs and	agg/oguioo		K	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	en angeer ei
A+B+C A+B+C+D(Example 4) aadaadaadaa<	modulating load outputs	A+B		а		d	а	d	а					Yes
A+B+C+Dadaadaaa </td <td></td> <td>A+B+C</td> <td>(Example 4)</td> <td>а</td> <td></td> <td>d</td> <td>а</td> <td>d</td> <td>а</td> <td>d</td> <td>а</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td>		A+B+C	(Example 4)	а		d	а	d	а	d	а			Yes
Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition L Output configuration A Run priority changeoverA+Baad L		A+B+C+D		а		d	а	d	а	d	а	d	а	Yes
Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition L Output configuration ABCDRun priority changeoverA+Baaad \downarrow														
with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesstart condition \angle ABCDRun priority changeoverA+Baaad \bigcirc \angle \bigcirc <td>Modulating load input</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Load in</td> <td>put,</td> <td>Outp</td> <td>out coi</td> <td>nfiqura</td> <td>ation</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Modulating load input			Load in	put,	Outp	out coi	nfiqura	ation					-
modulating and switching outputsaggregates \swarrow \checkmark \land \checkmark <	with combinations of	Number of si	ages or	start co	ndition	ļ	4	- E	3	С		D		Run priority
switching outputsA+BaaadaNoA+B(Example 5)aaaddNoA+B+C(Example 5)aaaddNoA+B+C+DaaadddNoModulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition U Output configuration A Run priority changeoverModulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition U $Output configuration$ A B C C D C A+BadadadNoA+BadadANoA+B+C A+B+C+DadaddNo	modulating and	aggregates		V	1 4 Start	\Diamond	V	(Z	\Diamond	Z	(V	cnangeover
A+B+C(Example 5)aaaddNoA+B+C+DaaadddNoModulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or 	switching outputs	A+B		а	otar		a	d						No
Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition $U = \frac{1}{3} \frac{4}{4}$ Output configuration $A = B = C = D$ $C = D = C$ Run priority changeoverNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition $U = \frac{1}{3} \frac{4}{4}$ $Output configuration$ $A = B = C = D$ $Output changeoverRun prioritychangeoverA+BadadadA+BadadaNoA+B+C (Example 6)adaddNoA+B+C+DadadddNo$		A+B+C	(Example 5)	а			а	d		d				No
Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start conditionOutput configurationRun priority changeoverNumber of stages or aggregates $1 \cdot 4$ Start \bigcirc \checkmark \bigcirc		A+B+C+D		а			а	d		d		d		No
Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad input, start condition \swarrow Output configurationRun priority changeoverNumber of stages or aggregates \land \land B C D \bigcirc \land \bigcirc \land </td <td></td>														
Number of stages or modulating and switching outputsNumber of stages or aggregatesLoad mpat, start conditionCulput comparationRun priority changeover $A + B$ $A - B$ $C - D$ $U + StartA - BC - DU + StartA - BC - DU + U + UA - BA - B$	Modulating load input	[Loadin	nut	Outr		oficiur	otion					
aggregateslaggregate	with combinations of	Number of st	ages or	start co	ndition	Out	Δ	Inguie	3		2	l r	<u>۲</u>	Run priority
switching outputs $A+B$ a d a d a d a d a d a No $A+B+C$ (Example 6) a d a d d d d No $A+B+C+D$ a d a d d d d No				0.011 000	1 4	^ '	, Iz	^ '				^ '		changeover
A+B+C(Example 6)adadadNOA+B+C+DadadddNo	modulating and	aggregates		/		< >								
A+B+C+DadadadddNO	modulating and switching outputs	aggregates			Start	4 4		4		V				No
	modulating and switching outputs	A+B	(Example 6)	a	Start	d d	a	d d		4		∇		No
	modulating and switching outputs	A+B A+B+C A+B+C+D	(Example 6)	a a a	Start	⇒ d d	a a a	d d d		d d		d		No No

The following pages provide practical examples, function diagrams, and configuration diagrams for these applications options.

Application examples

Modulating load input with switching command outputs

(Example 1)

Number of	Load input,		Outp	out coi							
stages or	start con	dition	/	4	E	3	(2	[)	Run priority
aggregates	k	1 4 Start	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	changeover
A+B+C+D	а		d		d		d		d		Yes

Description:

- Control of refrigeration machine with 4 compressors to outlet temperature.

- Run priority changeover includes changeover incase of fault.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Linear

Number of	Load ii	nput,	Outp	out cor	Bup priority						
stages or aggregates	start co ∠	ondition 1 4 Start	۲ ا	ι Γ	€	К	•	ы Г	D ⇒	R	changeover
A+B+C		х	d		d		d				Yes

(Example 2.1)

Description:

- 3 pumps controlled by one variable speed drive each.

- Control is on constant network pressure, the pumps are switched on in sequence depending on demand.

- All switched on pumps run at the same speed (parallel operation, common DC 0...10 V output).

- The pumps' run priority changes from time to time to balance out operating hours.

- The next pump is switched on in the event of a fault (fault changeover).



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Linear

(Example 2.2)

Number of	Load inp	Load input,		out cor		Dura anianitu					
stages or aggregates	start con ∠	dition 1 4 Start	ې ب	A K	€	3 K	\$	c K	ا ۞	с К	changeover
A+B+C+D		Х	d		d		d		d		Yes

Description:

- 4 evaporator pumps available for 3 single-stage refrigeration machines.

- Max. 3 pumps are operating at the same time (1 standby).

- An evaporator pump is switched on each time a refrigeration machine is released.

- The run priority of the pumps changes periodically between the 4 pumps (first in, first Out). - The next pump is switched on in the event of a fault (fault changeover).

- The function diagram shows a snapshot: Sequence ABC in operation; A takes priority; D in standby.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Linear

Modulating load input with modulating load outputs

Number of	Load input,		Outp	out cor	Dun priority						
stages or	start con	dition	A	A	E	3	([C	Run priority changeover
aggregates	Z	1 4 Start	\Diamond	Z	\langle	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	changeover
A+B	а			а		а					Yes

(Example 3)



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Linear

(Example 4)

Number of	Load inp	out,	Outp	out cor	nfigura	tion					Dura aniorita
stages or	start con	dition	A	A	E	3	([)	changeover
aggregates	Z	I 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	
A+B+C	а		d	а	d	а	d	а			Yes

Description:

- 3 refrigeration machines with internal, modulating, inlet temperature-dependent output control.
 - RMS705B controls to a constant temperature difference at a pressureless header to ensure the direction of flow from cold to hot.

-As a result, the main temperature flow is the same as the refrigeration machines' outlet temperature. - The water volume is controlled via 3-port valves via evaporators in sequence.

- If more water is demanded, the pump switches on, the refrigeration machine is released, and finally, the 3-port valve opens.

- To balance out the number of operating hours, the run priority of the refrigeration machines follows the first-in, first-out principle.

- The next refrigeration machine is switched on in the event of a fault (fault changeover).



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Linear

Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputs

Number of	Load inp	ut,	Outp	out cor	nfigura	tion					
stages or	start con	dition	A	A	E	8	C	~	0)	Run priority
aggregates	K	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	K	changeover
A+B+C	а			а	d		d				nein

(Example 5)

Description: Level control with 2 on/off shutoff valves and 1 control valve.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Linear

Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputs

Number of	Load inp	out,	Outp	out cor	nfigura	tion					Dura ani ani tu
stages or	start con	dition	ŀ	1	E	3	(2	D		Run priority
aggregates	K	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	K	changeover
A+B+C	а		d	а	d		d				nein

(Example 6)



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Linear

竘

函

Run priority changeover with the linear step switch

Only the linear step switch offers run priority changeover, i.e. when the load outputs have equal-size steps. In addition, the combination of commands \oplus and load \nvDash must be the same for outputs A…D.

Run priority changeover may occur via:

- Sequence selector on the operator unit.
- Periodic changeover (weekly).
- Changeover by operating hours.
- First in first out.

Several changeover types can be activated at the same time.

Changeover is as follows:

Example:	Periodic chang	geover with 4 aggregates.
	Week 1:	A, B, C, D
	Week 2:	B, C, D, A
	Week 3:	C, D, A, B
	Week 4:	D, A, B, C
	Week 5:	A, B, C, D
	etc.	

Note

The main menu shows which aggregates are part of the changeover at any given time. This display is only available for the linear step switch.

"Rotation priority" shows the aggregate with current run priority.

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch	12 >
--	------

Operating line	Comment
Rotation priority	, Aggregate A, Aggregate B, Aggregate C, Aggregate D
Rotation aggregates	, A+B, A+B+C, A+B+C+D

Sequence selector on the operator unit.

The sequence selector allows for determining the lead aggregate and the switching sequence applied to the aggregates.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Sequence selection	Auto, Aggregate A, Aggregate B,	Auto
manual	Aggregate C, Aggregate D	

Auto	Automatic change of lead aggregate.
Aggregate A	Sequence A, B, C, D
Aggregate B	Sequence B , C, D, A
Aggregate C	Sequence C , D, A, B
Aggregate D	Sequence D , A, B, C

Periodic changeover

Periodic changeover set to "Auto" means that weekly periodic changeover of the lead aggregate can be activated.

Periodic changeover balances out the number of operating hours between the individual aggregates.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Changeover day	/ MondaySunday	
Changeover time	00:0023:59	04:00

You can set the changeover time (weekday, time) to avoid changeover to another lead aggregate at undesirable times (e.g. weekend).

Changeover by operating Periodic changeover s be activated. In this ca

Periodic changeover set to "Auto" means that changeover by operating hours can be activated. In this case, changeover of the lead aggregate occurs in dependence of the lead aggregate's operating hours.

Changeover by operating hours balances out the number of operating hours between the individual aggregates.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Changeover	, 1…1440 h	
interval		

There is no changeover by operating hours if "Changeover interval" is set to "---".

Operating hours changeover can be carried out with *or* without a changeover day and time. To do this, both changeover day and time must be activated.

After a set time, the next aggregate is selected as lead aggregate upon changeover time defined in periodic changeover.

Note

Operating hours are counted only if:

- Modulating \nvdash aggregates are connected.
- Control of the modulating aggregate egta > 80 %.

First in first out Sequence selector set to "Auto" means that continuous changeover of the lead aggregate can be activated.

The aggregate switched on first is switched off if several aggregates are switched on and the load drops.

First-in first out balances out the number of operating hours between the individual aggregates.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
First in first out	No/Yes	No

With this setting, an additional aggregate can be switched even if the locking time of the aggregate switched off most recently has not yet expired.

The corresponding aggregate is switched off in case of fault, and the next available aggregate is switched on. See Section 8.3.12 for the associated configuration.

8.3.3 Flexible step switch

Switching loadsWith the flexible step switch, load outputs are switched on that are capable of
covering the current output demand as per their rated output. In contrast to the
linear rotary step switch, different rated outputs can be handled per aggregate.
Both minimum output and rated output for the aggregate must be indicated when

working with an analog output. The flexible step switch calculates optimum switchon and switch-off of the individual aggregates for the entire output range.

The following overview shows configurations for using the flexible rotary step switch.

Overview of configuration options

Modulating load input with		Load input,		Output configuration								Dup priority
switching command	Number of stages or	start col	ndition	A	1	E	3	(2	[)	Run priority
outputs	aggregates	Z	1 4 Start	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	changeover
	A+B	а		d		d						No
	A+B+C	а		d		d		d				No
	A+B+C+D (Example1)	а		d		d		d		d		No
Start conditions with	Number of starse or	Load in	out,	Outp	out cor	nfigura	tion	-				Dun priority
modulating output	Number of stages of	start co	ndition	A	۱.	E	3	(2	0)	changeover
	aggregates	Z	1 4 Start	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	changeover
	A		х		а							No
Modulating load input with		Load in	out,	Outp	out cor	nfigura	tion					
modulating load outputs	Number of stages or	start col	ndition	A B		С		[)	Run priority		
	aggregates	Z	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	changeover
	A+B	а			а		а					No
	A+B+C	а			а		a		а			No
	A+B+C+D	а			а		а		а		а	No
Start condition with		Load in	out,	Output configuration								
switching command and	Number of stages or	start condition		A B		3	С		D		Run priority	
modulating load output	aggregates	Z	1 4 Start	\Diamond	Ł	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	$\hat{\mathbb{A}}$	K	changeover
	A (Example 2)		х	d	а							No
L. L												
Modulating load input with		Load in	out,	Outp	out cor	nfigura	tion					
switching command and	Number of stages or	start co	ndition	Ā	1	E	3	(2	D		Run priority
modulating load outputs	aggregates	Z	1 4 Start	\Diamond	k	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	$\hat{\mathbb{T}}$	K	cnangeover
	A+B (Example 3)	а		d	а	d	а					No
	A+B+C	а		d	а	d	а	d	а			No
	A+B+C+D	а		d	а	d	а	d	а	d	а	No

The following pages provide practical examples, function diagrams, and configuration diagrams for these applications options.

Application examples

Modulating load input with switching command outputs

Number of	Load input, Output configuration								Dura anioritu		
stages or	start condition A		I	3	С		D		D		Run priority
aggregates	Z	1 4 Start	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	changeover
A+B+C+D	а		d		d		d		d		No

(Example 1)

Description:

- Several recirclulated air heaters with different capacities are controlled to room temperature. - Rated outputs for the 4 aggregates controlled digitally by the flexible step switch: Aggregate A = 1 kW, Aggregate B = 1 kW, Aggregate C = 2 kW, Aggregate D = 3 kW. - The total output at X_P = 100 % is 7 kW.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Flexible

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Operating line	Range	Setting
Output A	0.1999.9	1.0
Output B	0.1999.9	1.0
Output C	0.1999.9	2.0
Output D	0.1999.9	3.0

Start condition with switching command and modulating load output

(Example 2)

Number of	Outp	out cor	Dura anianita								
stages or	start condition		A		В		С		D		Run priority
aggregates	K	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\langle	K	changeover
А		Х	d	а							No

Description:

- Step-wise control of a modulating aggregate (pump, digital/analog conversion).
- 3 refrigeration machines (1-stage) use a common twin evaporator pump (with integrated variable
- Pump(s) control comprises release and a DC 0...10 V signal for three adjustable steps.
 The function diagram shows one sample setting for the steps.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Flexible

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Operating line	Setting
[Switching value 1] load	20 %
[Switching value 2] load	40 %
[Switching value 3] load	40 %
Min output A	0.0
Output A	1.0

Modulating load input with switching command and modulating load outputs

(Example 3)

Number of	Load inp	Outp	out cor		Run priority						
stages or	start condition		start condition A			A B			D		
aggregates	1 4 Start	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	$\hat{\Phi}$	K	changeover	
A+B	а		d	а	d	а					No

Description:

- 2 refrigeration machines with different capacities have an internal output control (e.g. hot gas
- bypass) controlled in sequence to a common flow temperature.
- Typical capacity profile: Aggregate A (min. output = 0.5 kW, rated output = 3 kW), Aggregate B (min. output 1 kW; rated output 6 kW).
- The total output at X_P = 100 % is 9 kW.



Configuration

Main menu > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Flexible

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings >... or

Operating line	Range	Setting
Output A	0.1999.9	3.0
Min output A	0.0999.9	0.5
Output B	0.1999.9	6.0
Min output B	0.0999.9	1.0

Load assignment (flexible step switch only)

With the flexible step switch, assign the load to the aggregates so that as few aggregates as possible are operating and optimum control is achieved under partial load conditions.

To this end, the output values of each connected aggregate must be set in the rotary step switch.

The mini. output (0% of the load signal) and output (100% of the load signal) must be set if the load output configuration is (\angle).

The rotary step switch then distributes the load on the aggregates. Set and connect the aggregates as follows:

Output Aggregate A \leq Aggregate B \leq Aggregate C \leq Aggregate D

As shown in the examples below, the **ratio** of the loads determines the actual output in the RMS705B. Sometimes however, it is easier for the commissioning engineer, to set effective output.

c_{τ}^2	Main menu >	Commissioning >	Settings >	or
--------------	-------------	-----------------	------------	----

	, , ,	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Min output A	0.0999.9	0.0
Output A	0.1999.9	1.0
Min output B	0.0999.9	0.0
Output B	0.1999.9	1.0
Min output C	0.0999.9	0.0
Output C	0.1999.9	1.0
Min output D	0.0999.9	0.0
Output D	0.1999.9	1.0

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Setting example 1

Output Aggregate A = 50 kW, Aggregate B = 100 kW

Expressed in kW:	
Operating line	Setting
Output A	50.0
Output B	100.0

• or as ratio:

Operating line	Setting
Output A	1.0
Output B	2.0

Setting example 2

Output Aggregate A = 5 kW, Aggregate B = 5 kW

• Expressed in kW:

Operating line	Setting
Output A	5.0
Output B	5.0

• or as ratio:

Operating line	Setting
Output A	1.0
Output B	1.0

8.3.4 Binary step switch

Use the binary step switch to switch multistage aggregates. Size the aggregates according to the binary load distribution.

Notes

- With the binary step switch, run priority changeover is not possible.
 - Connect a modulating load signal to the output at aggregate A (∠ A).

Load assignment In the binary step switch, digital outputs and number of load steps are assigned as per the tables below to the entire switching capacity of the aggregate.

- If configured **without** modulating output:

Configured		Number of			
outputs	Cmd \oplus A	Cmd 🕀 B	Cmd ⊕ C	Cmd 🗘 D	load steps
0 🗠 +2 ↔		⊕ B = 2/3			3
0 🗠 +3 Φ		⊕ B = 2/7			7
0 ∠ +4 �					15

- If configured with a modulating output:

Configured	ured Load assignment									
outputs	Load ∠ A	Cmd ⊕ B	Cmd \oplus C	$Cmd \mathbin{\oplus} D$	load steps					
1 🗠 +2 ↔	∠ A = 1/4	⊕ B = 1/4			4					
1 🗠 +3 🕸	∠ A = 1/8	⊕ B = 1/8			8					

Key

$0 \nvDash$ = No modulating output.

 $1 \nvDash = 1$ modulating output.

Load assignment

Load assignment applies the following pattern:



With 2 digital outputs and 1 modulating output



The following overview shows configurations for using the binary rotary step switch.

Overview of configuration options

Modulating load input with	Number of stages or aggregates		Load input, start condition		Output configuration							_	Run priority
switching command					A		В		С		D		changeover
outputs			K	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	K	changeover
	A+B		а		d		d						No
	A+B+C		а		d		d		d				No
	A+B+C+D	(Example1)	а		d		d		d		d		No
	,												
Modulating load input with	Numberofo		Load in	out,	Outp	out cor	nfigure	ntion					Dup priority
combinations of	Number of s	Number of stages or		start condition		4	E	3	(С	D		Run priority
modulating and switching	aygregates		K	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	changeover
outputs	A+B		а			а	d						No
	A+B+C	(Example2)	а			а	d		d				No
	A+B+C+D		а			а	d		d		d		No
Modulating load input with			Load input.		Output configuration								–
combinations of	Number of s	stages or	start co	ndition	A		В		С		D		Run priority
modulating and switching	aggregates		K	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	K	changeover
ouipuis	A+B		а		d	а	d						No
	A+B+C		а		d	а	d		d				No
	A+B+C+D		а		d	а	d		d		d		No

The following pages provide practical examples, function diagrams, and configuration diagrams for these applications options.

Application examples

Modulating load input with switching command outputs

Number of	Load inp	Outp	out cor								
stages or	start condition		A		В		С		D		Run priority
aggregates	Ľ	1 4 Start	\langle	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	Z	changeover
A+B+C+D	а		d		d		d		d		No

(Example 1)

Description:





Configuration

Main menu > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Binary

Modulating load input with combinations of modulating and switching outputs

(Example 2)

Number of	Load inp	Output configuration									
stages or	start condition		A		В		С		D		Run priority
aggregates	L	1 4 Start	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	Z	\Diamond	K	\Diamond	K	changeover
A+B+C	а			а	d		d				No

Description:



Configuration

Main menu > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Setting
Туре	Binary

An aggregate is controlled via command output A...D ($^{()}$). Normally, the command output sends the signal via the motor block to output terminal Q(x).



You can set for all steps a common "Runup delay", "Locking time", and "Restart time" for the command output.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 12 >			
Range	Factory setting		
00.0059.59 m.s	00.05 m.s		
00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s		
00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s		
	regates > Rotary step switch > Rot Range 00.0059.59 m.s 00.0059.59 m.s 00.0059.59 m.s		

Run-up delay	This delay ensures that during run-up between the stages, the next step can be switched on only after the set run-up delay. This ensures that e.g. a step of the refrigeration machine is run up before the next stage of the refrigeration machine is switched on.
Locking time	This ensures that a step that has just switched off remains off for the set period of time. As a result, the compressor e.g. remains switched off for the set time.
Restart time	Ensures that the aggregate can restart after expiration of the set time. The time begins from the moment the aggregate is switched on. This ensures, e.g. that the

Example

Setting values

heat pump restarts only after a set time.

Function diagram



8.3.6 Load (∠)

The load signal (\succeq) 0...100 % allows for controlling a modulating aggregate. The signal is sent to the terminals Y(x) via a modulating output block.

3124S1:

Example



8.3.7 Precommand output (())

Use a precommand output to first start an aggregate (e.g. a pump must be switched on before the refrigeration machine can switch on).

This command can be simultaneous *or* delayed by "Precommand runup time" using the precommand. After switching off the command, the precommand also switches off after an adjustable "Precommand rundown time" (see 2nd example in Section 8.3.8).

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Precommand runup time	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s
Precommand rundown time	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s

Notes

- Use the precommand output b together with command .
- "Precommand runup time" and rundown time apply to all aggregates (A...D).

100 / 216

8.3.8 Precommand input (小)

"Precommand input" helps to enable the first precommand output (of the step switch) of the rotary step switch. For example, the evaporator pump of the first refrigeration machine can be switched to enable the flow sensor to acquire the correct flow temperature.

- The precommand output of the aggregate switches on at current priority if run priority changeover (linear rotary step switch) is enabled.
- The precommand input acts on precommand A during normal operation on all other rotary step switches.

Aggregates can switch on only if there is a precommand and after the precommand switch-on time is expired if the precommand input is configured.

• The precommand input can be used as a release for the rotary step switch. It is active also if no precommand is configured. As a result, the aggregates switch on only if the precommand input issues a release.

Example Switch-on sequence (current priority aggregate B):



PcmdRnup = Precommand runup time PcmdRndw = Precommand rundown time

Configuration

Notes

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Precommand input	, X1, X2,

Plant diagram: Sequence with precommand input and output.

Example for precommand output and input



Configuration diagram: The precommand input e.g. is switched via signal "Plant on" (via Logic 1).



8.3.9 Inputs for load-dependent switching

The rotary step switch provides various options to define load. You can use load input \nvDash , start conditions 1...4, or a combination of both. The result, which acts on the rotary step switch as a signal, depends on the type of rotary step switch.

Load input ⊵	Start condition 14	Types	Signals acting on the rotary step switch
Х		Linear Flexible Binary	Load (∠)
	Х	Linear	Number of switched on start conditions = Number of started aggregates
Х	Х	Linear	Max. selection between load ∠ and number of switched-on start conditions - (100/number of aggregates)
Х	Х	Flexible Binary	Max. selection between load \nvdash and Σ [switching value n] load
	Х	Flexible Binary	Σ [switching value n] load

8.3.10 Load input *L*

Load signal 0...100% is provided to the rotary step switch via load input (\succeq) for the step switch function.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Load input	, X1, X2,



8.3.11 Start condition 1, 2, 3, 4

The start condition inputs are required to:

- Define the load from several signals to start several aggregates.
- Generate an analog load signal from several signals.

The start conditions are not evaluated until the precommand input is On if a precommand input is configured and the precommand input state is Off.

Configuration

Note

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Start condition 1	, X1, X2,
Start condition 2	, X1, X2,
Start condition 3	, X1, X2,
Start condition 4	, X1, X2,

Setting values

You can set "[switching value n] On" and "[switching value n] Off" for inputs "Start condition 1..4" to create a digital signal from a modulating signal. Enter the value in percent that is to be effective during switch-on of the corresponding start condition via "[switching n] load".

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
[Switching value 1] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 1] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 1] load	0100 %	25 %
[Switching value 2] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 2] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 2] load	0100 %	25 %
[Switching value 3] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 3] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 3] load	0100 %	25 %
[Switching value 4] on	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 4] off	Depending on selected type	Type-dependent
[Switching value 4] load	0100 %	25 %

8.3.12 Fault message for aggregates (A...D)

You can configure a fault message for aggregates A...D if you want the aggregate to switch off in a controlled manner in the event of a fault. Changeover selects the next available aggregate in the linear rotary step switch.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Fault status message A	, X1, X2,
Fault status message B	, X1, X2,
Fault status message C	, X1, X2,
Fault status message D	, X1, X2,

The aggregate's priority is assigned without delay as per the run priority plan if a fault message is removed after troubleshooting the aggregate. This may result in changeover of the aggregates depending on the assigned priority.

8.3.13 Functional check

The current state of the rotary step switch is displayed on the operator unit.

Operating line	Comment
[Rot step swi 1A] precommand	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1A] command	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1A] load	0100 %
[Rot step swi 1B] precommand	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1B] command	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1B] load	0100 %
[Rot step swi 1C] precommand	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1C] command	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1C] load	0100 %
[Rot step swi 1D] precommand	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1D] command	Off/On.
[Rot step swi 1D] load	0100 %

Main menu > Aggregates > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

8.3.14 Assign texts

You can assign a text to each rotary step switch. The text is displayed on the menu and in the operating line.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch > Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Rotary step switch 1	Max. 20 characters	Rotary step switch 1

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

8.3.15 Troubleshooting

Run priority changeover is reset and started on the set default value following power failure.

Display values	
----------------	--

8.4 Motor

Purpose

The motor block controls and monitors all motor functions. Six independent motor blocks are available.

There are 3 different types:

- 1-speed motor (pump, fan)
- 2-speed motor (fan)
- Twin motor (twin motor, twin pump)

d x	d	d	х	x x	x	Innuts
μġ	5	5	1 Sta	21 art S	2 Stop	inputo
Motor	1 X (D	в	O2-sp OTwin	eed	
\$ ₩	A	В	I	1		
Q	Q	Q	d	d		Outputs

Explanation of symbols

Input	Section	Output	Section
🖞 Precommand checkback signal	8.4.9	Precommand	8.4.8
🖞 Flow signal	8.4.6	🗍 🖁 Motor A, Motor B output	8.4.1
A B Motor A-, Motor B-Overload signal	8.4.7	I Motor operating state	8.4.10
¹ _{Start} Start condition 1, Start condition 2	8.4.12	Motor fault	8.4.11
$\frac{1}{\text{Stop}}^2$ Stop condition 1, Stop condition 2	8.4.12		

Control and supervision functions

For optimum control and supervision, the motor block in RMS705B offers the following functions for all motor types:

- Adjustable delay times (Section 8.4.5).
- Switch-on to outside temperature for 1-speed motor and twin motor (Section 8.4.13).
- Selectable motor kick (Section 8.4.14).
- Assignable text (Section 8.4.17).
- Assignable fault texts (various sections).
- Operating hours count (Section 8.4.18).

8.4.1 Enabling and motor block type

Enable the motor block by assigning the corresponding outputs and determining the type for motor B.

Valid configurations:

Motor	Configuration point	Setting
1-speed motor	Motor A	Qx
	Motor B	
	Motor B type	(not relevant)
2-speed motor	Motor A	Qx
	Motor B	Qx
	Motor B type	2-speed
Twin motor	Motor A	Qx
	Motor B	Qx
	Motor B type	Twin motor

A free relay can be assigned to the output. For transparency, we recommend to arrange the relays side by side.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting	
Motor A	, N.Q1, N.Q2, (free outputs only)		
Motor B	, N.Q1, N.Q2, (free outputs only)		
Motor B type	2-speed, Twin motor	2-speed	

8.4.2 1-speed motor

Purpose Use the single-speed motor to control a pump, a single-speed fan *or* any other aggregate.

Example

Pump control via 1-speed motor.



Control sequence

Run-up and switch-off of the 1-speed motor. Switch-on delay, switch-off delay, min. switch-on time and min. switch-off time are considered.



You can set a run-up time for the 1-speed motor. The motor operating state is indicated after the run-up time expires.

Settings

Key

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Runup time	00.0059.59 m.s	00.10 m.s

8.4.3 2-speed motor

optimally control a 2-speed motor:

Purpose Use the 2-speed motor to control a 2-speed fan.

Special control functions

ons In addition to default functions, RMS705B offers special control functions to

- Locking speed 2 at low outside temperatures.
 - Speed 2 is released again if the outside temperature exceeds the set value by 2 K.
 - Set the corresponding value to "----" if you do not want locking by outside temperature.
- Speed locking; switch-on for the two speeds is mutually exclusive.
- If speed 2 is selected from the start, speed 1 is first switched on for an adjustable period of time ("Runup time") before switching to speed 2.
- When switching back from speed 2 to speed 1, speed 2 is switched off and speed 1 is switched on only after the "Rundown time" is over.
- If outside and exhaust air shutoff dampers (spring return motors) are used, use "Precommand rundown time" for the precommand to ensure that the dampers do not close while the fan is still coasting.
Example

2-speed fan control by motor block.



Runup time / Rundown time Settings You can set a "Runup time" and "Rundown time" for the 2-speed motor.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Runup time	00.00 59.59 m.s	00.10 m.s
Rundown time	00.00 59.59 m.s	00.10 m.s



Control sequence	Run-up a "Switch-o are cons	and switch-off of the 2-spee on delay", "Switch-off delay sidered.	ed motor. ", min. switch-on time ar	nd min. switch-off time
Function diagram	Start- condition	Speed 2 Speed 1 Off TiOnMin1	ŢiOnMin1	DlyOn TiOffMin TiOnMin1
	Motor A Speed 1	0 TiRup	TiOnMin2 TiCst	TiRup
	Motor B Speed 2			
	Motor operating :	state 0		312900
Кеу	TiRup = TiCst = DIyOn = TiOnMin1 TiOnMin2 TiOffMin	Runup time Rundown time Switch-on delay Switch-off delay = On time minimum, = Off time minimum	Step 1 Step 2	
Locking 2 nd speed by outside temperature	You can outside t	lock the second speed if th temperature value.	e temperature drops bel	ow an adjustable
Settings	🕰 Main n 🛶 Main n	menu > Commissioning > Settir menu > Settings > Aggregates >	ngs > or > Motor > Motor 16 >	
	Operati	ing line	Range	Factory setting
	Speed 2	2 locked (OT-dependent)	-50+250 °C,	
Notes	Setting " and if the	'" disables this function. T ere is not outside temperatu Twin motor	The 2 nd speed is locked in ure value during operation	f the function is active
Purpose	Use the "Twin motor" to control e.g. a twin pump.			

Special control functions In addition to default functions, RMS705B offers special control functions to optimally control a twin motor:

- Run priority changeover for motor faults, automatic or manual.
- Adjustable changeover period for orderly changeover of motors.

Control of a twin pump by the motor block.



Changeover period	You can enter a change	over period for orderly char	geover of run priority.		
Setting values	😹 Main menu > Commissi	🛃 Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or			
	📻 Main menu > Settings >	Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1.	6 >		
	Operating line	Range	Factory setting		
	Changeover period	-60+60 s	0 s		
Note	time has expired after the first motor has switched off.				
	You can set a run-up time for the twin motor. The motor operating state is indicated after the run-up time expires.				
Settings	🛃 Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or				
	属 Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 16 >				
	Operating line	Range	Factory setting		
	Runup time	00.00 59.59 m.s	00.10 m.s		

Control sequence Run up and switch off the twin motor: Switch-on delay, switch-off delay, min. switch-on time and min. switch-off time are considered. On Function diagram Startcondition Off DlyOff DlyOn TiOnMin1 TiOnMin1 I Motor A 0 TiRup DlyOn TiRup Motor B Ω 3123D05en Motor operating state TiRup = Runup time Key DlyOn = Switch-on delay DlyOff = Switch-off delay TiOnMin1 On time minimum, Step 1 = TiOffMin = Off time minimum Behavior in case of fault • If a motor is faulty, the run priority is changed over to the other motor. If motors A and B are faulty at the same time: •

- A fault message is generated.
- The fault is indicated on output "Motor fault".
- The motors are switched off.

You can change the following texts ex-works texts in the RMS705B at the password level.

Fault messages	
----------------	--

No.	Text	Effect
1310	[Motor 1] fault	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1320	[Motor 2] fault	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1330	[Motor 3] fault	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1340	[Motor 4] fault	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1350	[Motor 5] fault	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1360	[Motor 6] fault	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.

Run priority changeover

Setting value

Run priority changeover can be automatic, manual, or in the case of fault.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line Range Factory setting Run priority Motor A Automatic Automatic Automatic Automatic

Changeover by time If the selection in operating line "Run priority" is "Automatic", the run priority automatically changes weekly. Changeover occurs at the time set for motor kick.

Assign the run priority to a pump by selecting the required pump in operating line "Run priority" if changeover by time is not what you want.

Changeover in case of
faultIf a motor is faulty, the run priority is changed over to the other motor. After the fault
is acknowledged and reset, the same run priority as prior to the fault is resumed.

Manual changeover For testing, you can manually change over the run priority. To do this, select the desired motor in operating line "Run priority". When returning the run priority to "Automatic", the run priority remains active at the current motor until the next changeover by time.

8.4.5 Delay times

You can set a "Switch-on delay", "Switch-off delay", "On time minimum" and "Off time minimum" for motors.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

С-т	Main menu >	Settings >	Aggregates >	Motor >	Motor	16 >
-----	-------------	------------	--------------	---------	-------	------

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Switch-on delay	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s
Switch-off delay	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s
On time minimum 1	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s
On time minimum 2*	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s
Off time minimum	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s

* Adjustable only for 2-speed motors.

- "Switch-off delay" and "Off time minimum" always act during the **switch-off** command for motors switched off via stop command *or* via removal of the start condition.
- "Switch-on delay" and "On time minimum" always act during the **switch-on** command for motors switched on via start condition.
- The above times are not effective during switch-off command by motor kick *or* while a fault is present.

Flow signal 8.4.6

Flow supervision can be provided by a flow switch or flow sensor.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Flow signal	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital and analog* inputs).

*) With analog inputs, only inputs with units m/s, bar, mbar, Pa, Universal 000.0, Universal 0000 are possible.

A fault message is triggered and a fault issued at output "Flow delay start" if you want to switch on the motor and if there is no checkback after a set time ("Motor fault").

Since measurements can fluctuate during operation, a delay time can be set ("Flow delay operation"). A fault message is triggered and a fault indicated at output "Motor fault" if a flow signal fault occurs during operation.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Flow delay start	00.0059.59 m.s	02.00 m.s
Flow delay operation	00.0059.59 m.s	00.05 m.s

The switching values for the flow signal fault can be set.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

	<u> </u>	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Flow switching value on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
Flow switching value off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.

The motor is switched off if there is a flow fault with 1 or 2-speed motors. One of the following fault messages is displayed.

You can change the following texts ex-works texts in the RMS705B at the password level.

Fault messages 1 or 2-speed motor

No.	Text	Effect
1312	[Motor 1] no flow	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1322	[Motor 2] no flow	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1332	[Motor 3] no flow	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1342	[Motor 4] no flow	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1352	[Motor 5] no flow	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1362	[Motor 6] no flow	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.

If a flow fault occurs with twin motors, automatic changeover to the motor output occurs. A fault message is displayed. If both pumps are faulty, a fault message is displayed as per Section 8.4.4.

Fault messages Twin motor

No.	Text	Effect
1316	[Motor 1A] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1317	[Motor 1B] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1326	[Motor 2A] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1327	[Motor 2B] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1236	[Motor 3A] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1337	[Motor 3B] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1346	[Motor 4A] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1347	[Motor 4B] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1356	[Motor 5A] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1357	[Motor 5B] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1366	[Motor 6A] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1367	[Motor 6B] no flow	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.

8.4.7 Overload signal

The motor block allows for connecting an overload message (e.g. variable speed drive *or* motor protection switch) per motor output A and B.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
[Motor A] overload	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital inputs only)
[Motor B] overload	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital inputs only)

You can set fault acknowledgement for the overload message.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

	Main menu >	Sottings >	Anaroastos	> Motor >	Motor 1	6 >
с .	Main menu /	Jettings /	Aggregates			.0 /

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Fault	None, Acknowledge,	Acknowledge
acknowledgement	Acknowledge and reset	

A fault message is displayed and output "Motor fault" is enabled if there is an overload fault.

You can change the following texts ex-works texts in the RMS705B at the password level.

Overload messages 1 *or* 2-speed motor

No.	Text	Effect with factory setting
1311	[Motor 1] overload	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1321	[Motor 2] overload	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1331	[Motor 3] overload	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1341	[Motor 4] overload	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1351	[Motor 5] overload	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1361	[Motor 6] overload	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.

Overload messages twin motor

If only one pump is faulty during twin motor operation, run priority changes to the non-faulty motor output. The fault acknowledgement setting has no effect on changeover. The corresponding overload signal is issued. If both motors are faulty, a fault message is displayed as per Section "8.4.4".

You can change the following texts ex-works texts in the RMS705B at the password level.

No.	Text	Effect with factory setting
1314	[Motor 1A] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1315	[Motor 1B] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1324	[Motor 2A] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1325	[Motor 2B] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1334	[Motor 3A] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1335	[Motor 3B] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1344	[Motor 4A] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1345	[Motor 4B] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1354	[Motor 5A] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1355	[Motor 5B] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1364	[Motor 6A] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.
1365	[Motor 6B] overload	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.

8.4.8 Precommand \diamond

You can configure a corresponding precommand for each motor. This allows e.g. to open a damper *or* valve prior to actual motor start as well as shut off the damper delayed following motor switch-off.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

	с <u>с</u> с с
Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Precommand	, N.Q1, N.Q2, (free outputs only)

- The precommand switches on if switch-on takes place via start condition 1 or 2.
- The motors can be started or stopped with the "Precommand" simultaneously or delayed. Set delayed switch-on/off via "Precommand runup time" and "Precommand rundown time".

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Precommand runup time	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s
Precommand rundown time	00.0059.59 m.s	00.00 m.s



Example

1-speed motor controls a cold-water side pump with safety shutoff valve. The valve is controlled via precommand as per the above time diagram.

Function diagram



Cw Chilled water.

8.4.9 Precommand checkback signal

You can configure a "Precommand checkback signal" for each motor block in addition to the precommand. The "Precommand checkback signal" provides information on if the precommand was implemented (e.g. via valve *or* damper end position switch). Only then is the motor switched on.

Configuration

Note

based on

Function diagram

1-speed motor

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Precommand checkback signal	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital inputs only).	

A fault message is displayed and the motor does not start if no "Precommand runup time" is issued within the set "Precommand checkback signal". Precommand "Off" is issued after the "Precommand rundown time".

If the "Precommand checkback signal" drops off during motor operation, the motor is switched off immediately and precommand "Off" is issued after expiration of "Precommand rundown time". A fault message is displayed. The fault message is removed only after acknowledgement and reset.

Using the "Precommand checkback signal" is sensible only if combined with the configured precommand.



Key

PcmdRnup = Precommand runup time PcmdRndw = Precommand rundown time You can change the following texts ex-works texts in the RMS705B at the password level.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
1318	[Mot 1] precom no checkb signal	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1328	[Mot 2] precom no checkb signal	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1338	[Mot 3] precom no checkb signal	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1348	[Mot 4] precom no checkb signal	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1358	[Mot 5] precom no checkb signal	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.
1368	[Mot 6] precom no checkb signal	Urgent message; must be acknowledged and reset.

8.4.10 Motor operating state I

The output motor operating state I indicates if the motor is running at full speed. Set the time the motor needs to reach full speed via the run-up time.

Settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Runup time	00.0059.59 m.s	00.10 m.s

- You can configure the output motor operating state I for all internal inputs.
- Use the motor operating state I e.g. to send a checkback signal of the motor state to the rotary step switch.
- The signal can have value "On" *or* "Off". It is "On" after the run-up time expires.

Function diagram based on	Start- condition	On Off	TIRup
1-speed motor	Motor A Speed 1	 0	
	Motor B Speed 2	І 0	
	Motor operating state		330008 3 123300

TiRup = Runup time

8.4.11 Motor fault

Output motor fault is "On" in the case of a fault when the motor no longer is able to transport the medium. It is used to forward the fault information to another aggregate.

The following table shows the output motor fault **** state for the corresponding causes of fault:

Fault messages	Motor type	Fault	"Motor fault " state
	1, 2-speed motor or twin motor	[Mot 1] precom no checkb signal	On
	1 or 2-speed motor	[Motor 1] no flow	On
	1 or 2-speed motor	[Motor 1] overload	On
	Twin motor	[Motor 1] fault	On
	Twin motor	[Motor 1A] no flow	Off
	Twin motor	[Motor 1B] no flow	Off
	Twin motor	[Motor 1A] overload	Off
	Twin motor	[Motor 1A] overload	Off

Example

Switch off another aggregate with motor fault.



8.4.12 Start and stop conditions

You can configure two inputs as start and stop conditions for each motor block.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Start condition 1	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital and analog inputs).
Start condition 2	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital and analog inputs).
Stop condition 1	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital and analog inputs).
Stop condition 2	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital and analog inputs).

Stop conditions take priority over start conditions (see Section 8.4.19). The speed start condition determines which speed is to be enabled during switchon by start condition 1 or 2 at the motor.

Configuration

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Speed start condition 1	Speed 1, Speed 2	Speed 1
Speed start condition 2	Speed 1, Speed 2	Speed 1

Control switch on a panel acting directly on the motors (one separate control switch per motor).

Preselection of the speed start condition allows for defining the input value.

An analog signal can be used as start or stop signal. The limit values for when the corresponding motor is to be switched on or off can be set via setting values "[Start value x] On" and "[Start value x] Off".

Setting values

Example

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or
Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
[Start value 1] on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
[Start value 1] off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
[Start value 2] on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
[Start value 2] off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
[Stop value 1] on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
[Stop value 1] off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
[Stop value 2] on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.
[Stop value 2] off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.

8.4.13 "On" by outside temperature

At low outside temperatures, motors can be run continuously to control a pump to e.g. prevent water from freezing in pipes.

Note	 This function is available in 1-4 The function can be enabled of (Section 5.6 "Outside temperation be available the function be av	speed and twin motors. only if there is an outsid ture"). by setting "Outside temp otor with the current run	e temperature value o-dependent ON" to "". n priority is switched on.
Example	If the outside temperature drops on the motor of the circulating put temperature exceeds the limit va	below the set limit valu ımp. The motor is switc lue by 2 K.	e, the RMS705B switches hed off when the outside
Setting values	 Main menu > Commissioning > So Main menu > Settings > Aggregat Operating line 	ettings > or es > Motor > Motor 16 > Range	Factory setting
	Outside temp-dependent ON	-50+250 °C,	
Note	If the function is active and if the	re is a outside tempera	ture sensor error, the moto

If the function is active and if there is a outside temperature sensor error, the motor is switched on permanently.

8.4.14 Motor kick

To prevent the motors (pumps) from seizing during longer off periods (e.g. heating group in summer), a periodic motor kick can be enabled for each motor block.

- When motor kick is active, the motors are switched on for 30 seconds once a week regardless of any other functions and settings.
- The motor kick is enabled by setting "Motor kick" to "Yes". If the setting is "No", there is no motor kick.
- In addition, a "Kick day" and "Kick time" can be set.
- With the motor kick, the precommand output with its settable times is enabled prior to the actual motor start. All other delay times are inactive.
- The first speed is switched on for 2-speed motor operation, and both motors are switched on alternating for twin motor operation.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Motor kick	Yes, No	No
Kick day	Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa, Su	Мо
Kick time	00:0023:59 h. m	10:00 h.m

8.4.15 Display values

The current state of the motors is displayed on the operator unit.

Main menu > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Comment
[Motor 1]	Off, On.
precommand	
[Motor 6] precommand	
Motor 16	Display of current motor speed:
	Off, On or Off, Speed 1, Speed 2

Main menu > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Comment
[Motor 1]	Off, On.
precommand	
[Motor 6] precommand	
[Motor 1] A	Display of current motor speed:
[Motor 6] A	Off, On.
[Motor 1] B	Display of current motor speed:
[Motor 6] B	Off, On.

Display values twin motor

Display values

1 or 2-speed motor

8.4.16 Wiring test

During the wiring test, the motors can be directly switched via the control switch.

Wiring test

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Motor 1	Off, Speed 1, Speed 2
Motor 6	(2-speed motor on display).
[Motor 1] A	Off, On
[Motor 6] A	(1-speed motor, twin motor on display).
[Motor 1] B	Off, On
[Motor 6] B	(twin motor on display).

Note

Adjustable times acting directly on the relay are effective (run-up time, coasting time).

8.4.17 Assign texts

Adapt the texts for the motors via operation. They are displayed at the relevant operating line and on the menu.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Motor 1	Max. 20 characters	Motor 1
Motor 6		Motor 6

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

8.4.18 Operating hours

The total number of operating hours is acquired for each motor output. The counter counts to max. 99 999 hours and then rolls over to 0.

Display values Main menu > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating hours motor A	099'999 h
Operating hours motor B	099'999 h

You can adapt the counter value at the password level, and e.g. reset it to 0.

Setting values

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Operating hours motor A	099'999 h	0
Operating hours motor B	099'999 h	0

Note

The operating hours for speeds 1 and 2 are summarized for the 2-speed motor (sum of 1 and 2).

8.4.19 Priorities

The following priorities apply to motor operations:

- 1. On/Off during wiring test.
- 2. Off by motor supervision ("Flow signal", "Overload signal").
- 3. Motor times ("Switch-on delay", "Switch-off delay", min. switch-on time, min. switch-off time).
- 4. Locking speed 2 (dependent on outside temperature).
- 5. On by outside temperature.
- 6. On by "Motor kick" (no motor times available).
- 7. Off by "Stop condition 1" and 2.
- 8. On by "Start condition 1".
- 9. On by "Start condition 2".

See Sections 8.4.3, 8.4.4, 8.4.5, 8.4.8, and 8.4.10 for the motor times.

8.5 Modulating output



Purpose

Note

"Modulating output" is a function to generate a modulating DC 0...10 V output signal. 8 "Modulating outputs" are available:

Functional scope:

- Inversion
- Max. selection from 3 signals
- Limitations

8.5.1 Enable modulating output

You must first assign an output to enable the "Modulating output" function.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Modulating outputs > Modulating output A...H >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Modulating output A Modulating output H	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / enable modulating output.

8.5.2 Limitations

The modulating output (Y) can be limited at the top and bottom.

Setting values

Function diagram

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

	Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Modulating outputs > Modulating output AH >			
	Operating line	Range	Factory setting	
Ī	Positioning signal min	0100 %	0 %	
	Positioning signal max	0100 %	100 %	

Output 0...100 % then corresponds to "Positioning signal min" (Ymin) to "Positioning signal max" (Ymax).



Key

Y' = Inversion

You can thus parameterize the output with a DC 5...7.5 V input suitable for controlling a magnetic valve, for example.

Maximum selection The greater of the signals is valid (maximum selection) when the modulating output of 3 controllers is controlled.

8.5.3 Output inversion

Any output can be inverted.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Modulating outputs > Modulating output A...H >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Inversion	No, Yes	No

Meaning:

No: 0...100% load = 0...100% output. Yes: 0...100% load = 100...0 % output.

8.5.4 Assign input

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Modulating outputs > Modulating output A...H >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Input 1	, N.X1, sequence controller x.Rot'step'swi y
Input 3	(analog values only).

8.5.5 Start condition

- Enable the modulating output via a digital signal.
- The output signal is issued by considering any limitations.
- 0 V is issued at the output, or 10 V for inversion, if the start signal is withdrawn.
- Maximum selection.
- The output is always enabled if there is no start condition.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Modulating outputs > Modulating output A...H >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment	
Start condition	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital only).	

8.5.6 Assign texts

Assign text to each modulating output.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Modulating outputs > Modulating output A...H >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting	
Modulating output A H	Max. 20 characters	Modulating output A H	

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

8.5.7 Function check / wiring test

The current state of the modulating output is displayed on the operator unit.

Main menu > Aggregates > Modulating outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Modulating output A H	0100 %

You can directly control the modulating output during the wiring test.

Wiring test

Display values

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Modulating output A H	, 0100 %

9 Signal converter

9.1 Min-max-average



"Min-Max-Average" executes the following calculations from the signals from inputs 1 to 5:

- Selection of minimum input signal (Min).
- Selection of maximum input signal (Max).
- Calculation of average value (Avr).

2 "Min-Max-Average" blocks are available: The calculated values are provided as DC 0...10 V signals (Y) and internal, analog signals (a).

Note

Purpose

The calculations do not consider non-configured inputs.

9.1.1 Enable Min-Max-Average

Assign an input to enable this function.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Signal converter > Min-Max-Average 1...2

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment	Factory setting
Input 1	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input 2	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input 3	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input 4	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Input 5	, N.X1, N.X2,	
Inputs split	Yes, No	No
Min-Max-Average A	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / enable modulating output.	
Function output A	Minimum, Maximum, Average	Minimum
Min-Max-Average B	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / enable modulating output.	
Function output B	Minimum, Maximum, Average	Minimum

Inputs split

- The calculations are carried out separately for the function ranges A and B if parameter "Inputs split" is enabled (Yes).
- Function range A: Inputs 1 and 2.
- Function range B: Inputs 3 to 5.
- The calculations are carried out on all configured inputs if "Inputs split" is disabled (factor setting No).

9.1.2 Modulating output settings

You can set the value range mapping the DC 0...10 V signal (Y) at block "Min-Max-Average". To do this, set the lower (0 V) and upper (10 V) value. RMS705B linear calculates interim values accordingly (see diagram below).

The value range setting mapped to the DC 0...10 V signal (Y) does not impact the internal, analog output signal (a).

Setting values

Note

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

	Main monu	> Softings >	Signa	onvortor >	Min Max	Avorago	1	2 ~
C-T	main menu	> Settings >	Signa	converter >	' IVIIII-IVIAX-	Average	1	۷ ک

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Value low A	Depending on selected type	0%, 0°C, type-dependent
Value high A	Depending on selected type	100%, 50°C, type-dependent
Value low B	Depending on selected type	0%, 0°C, type-dependent
Value high B	Depending on selected type	100%, 0°C, type-dependent



9.1.3 Input 1 weighting factor

The value for "Input 1" can be weighted by factor x when calculating the average value.

Value at "Input 1" can be weighted double, triple to 100x the values of the remaining inputs.

X-weighted "Input 1" is counted as several inputs for calculation.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Min-Max-Average 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting	
Factor input 1	1100	1	

Example

Entry:

- Factor input 1": 5

- Provide signals to the remaining 4 inputs.

Result:

The output provides the average value of 9 (5 + 4) input signals.

Example A-Average-, B-Max calculation

Split function "Inputs split" is enabled.

0



Function range A:

"Min-Max-Average" block calculates the average from terminal values N.X1, N.X2 (both in °C). The result is used as internal, analog signal (a) from controller 1 as main control variable.

Function range B:

"Min-Max-Average" block calculates the maximum from terminal values N.X3, N.X4 (both in %). The result (as % value) is used as internal, analog signal (a) from controller 1 as "Universal shift".

You can assign a text to each "Min-Max-Average" block.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Min-Max-Average 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting	
Min-Max-Average 1 2	Max. 20 characters	Min-Max-Average 12	

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

9.1.5 Function check / wiring test

The inputs and outputs of the "Min-Max-Average" block are displayed on the operator unit.

Display values

Setting values

Main menu > Signal converter > Min-Max-Average 1...2 >

Operating line	Comment
Minimum A	0100 %, °C, ppm, type-dependent.
Maximum A	0100 %, °C, ppm, type-dependent.
Average A	0100 %, °C, ppm, type-dependent.
Minimum B	0100 %, °C, ppm, type-dependent.
Maximum B	0100 %, °C, ppm, type-dependent.
Average B	0100 %, °C, ppm, type-dependent.
Input 15	0100 %, °C, ppm, type-dependent.

Wiring test

You can directly control "Min-Max-Average" during the wiring test.

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
[Min-Max-Avrg 1] A	, 0100 %
[Min-Max-Avrg 1] B	, 0100 %
[Min-Max-Avrg 2] A	, 0100 %
[Min-Max-Avrg 2] B	, 0100 %

9.2 Enthalpy calculator

а	а		а		а
Temp A	Rel Hu A		Temp B	Rel	Hu B
		Enthal	ру		
Enth A	Abs Hu A Dew Pnt	Wet Blb	Enth B	Abs Hu B	Enth Diff
Ya۱	Y a Y a	Ύа	YaY	′ a	Ύа

Purpose	The function block calculates the following based on inputs temperature and
	relative humidity:

Function range A	Function range A (inputs Temp A and RelHu A)
	Enthalpy A

- Absolute humidity A
- Dew point temperature
- Wet bulb temperature

Function range B Function range B (inputs Temp B and Rel Hu B):

- Enthalpy B
- Absolute humidity B
- Enthalpy difference (Enthalpy A Minus Enthalpy B)

The results of the calculations are provided as DC 0...10 V signals *or* as internal, analog signal.

Definition of short names

	Range	Inputs		Outputs	
-	А	Temp A	Temperature input A	Enth A	Enthalpy A
		RelHu A	Relative humidity input A	Abso Hu A	Absolute humidity A
					Dew point temperature
				Wet Blb	Wet bulb temperature
-					
	В	Temp B Temperature input B		Enth B	Enthalpy B
		RelHu B	Relative humidity input B	Abso Hu B	Absolute humidity B
_				Enth Diff	Enthalpy difference A-B

9.2.1 Enable enthalpy calculator

Assign an input to enable this function.

Both temperature **and** relative humidity must be available and at least one output must be interconnected to enable calculation.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Signal converter > Enthalpy calculator >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Temperature input A	, N.X1, N.X2,
Relative humidity input A	, N.X1, N.X2,
Temperature input B	, N.X1, N.X2,
Relative humidity input B	, N.X1, N.X2,
Enthalpy A	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / Enable modulating output.
Absolute humidity A	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / Enable modulating output.
Dew point	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / Enable modulating output.
Wet bulb temperature	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / Enable modulating output.
Enthalpy B	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / Enable modulating output.
Absolute humidity B	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / Enable modulating output.
Enthalpy difference	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / Enable modulating output.

Value ranges

The value ranges of the output signals are limited and **cannot** be changed. The DC 0...10 V output signal corresponds to the following value ranges:

Identifier	Unit	Value range output signal		Output signal
		Y Min	Y Max	
Enthalpy A, B	kJ/kg	0.0	100.0	DC 010 V
Absolute humidity A, B	g/kg	0.0	20.0	DC 010 V
Dew point	°C	0.0	+50.0	DC 010 V
Wet bulb temperature	°C	-50.0	+50.0	DC 010 V
Enthalpy difference	kJ/kg	-50.0	+50.0	DC 010 V

9.2.2 Plant location

The enthalpy calculator includes a correction for pressure, dependent on the plant location ("Elevation above sea level").

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > Signal converter > Enthalpy calculator.... or Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Enthalpy calculator >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Elevation above sea level	05000	500 m

You can assign a text to the enthalpy calculator block.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Enthalpy calculator >

<u> </u>	• •	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Enthalpy calculator	Max. 20 characters	

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

9.2.4 Function check / wiring test

The inputs and outputs of the enthalpy calculator are displayed on the operator unit.

Display values

Setting values

🔄 Main menu > Signal converter > Enthalpy calculator >		
Operating line	Comment	
Enthalpy A	, kJ/kg	
Absolute humidity A	, g/kg	
Dew point	, °C	
Wet bulb temperature	, °C	
Enthalpy B	, kJ/kg	
Absolute humidity B	, g/kg	
Enthalpy difference	, kJ/kg	
Temperature input A	, °C	
Relative humidity input A	, %	
Temperature input B	, °C	
Relative humidity input B	,%	

You can directly control the enthalpy calculator during the wiring test.

Wiring test

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

	5
Operating line	Comment
Enthalpy A	, 0100 %
Absolute humidity A	, 0100 %
Dew point	, 0100 %
Wet bulb temperature	, 0100 %
Enthalpy B	, 0100 %
Absolute humidity B	, 0100 %
Enthalpy difference	, 0100 %

9.3 Signal doubler/inverter



Purpose

The function block provides the following functions:

- Limit the upper and lower input signal value, for output signal "Modulating output A" or "Modulating output B" respectively.
- Invert output signals "Modulating output A" or "Modulating output B".
- Convert the signal of a passive input signal to two active signals.
- Double the signal.

The output signals are provided in the range DC 0...10 V or as an internal, analog signal (a).

9.3.1 Enable block

Assign an input to the function to enable this function.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Signal converter > Signal doublerinverter >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Preselection external	, N.X1, N.X2,
Modulating output A	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / enable modulating output.
Modulating output B	, N.Y1, N.Y2, / enable modulating output.

9.3.2 Settings

You can set the output signal of the modulating outputs for each output as an upper and lower value.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Signal doubler-inverter >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Value low A	-50+9999 %, °C	0, type-dependent.
Value high A	-50+9999 %, °C	50, type-dependent.
Positioning signal min A*	0100 %	0 %
Positioning signal max A*	0100 %	100 %
Inversion A	No, Yes	No
Value low B	-50+9999 %, °C	50, type-dependent.
Value high B	-50+9999 %, °C	100, type-dependent.
Positioning signal min B*	0100 %	0 %
Positioning signal max B*	0100 %	100 %
Inversion B	No, Yes	No

* The settings impact only signal Y, not the corresponding internal, analog output signal (a).

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Example for signal doubling

Signal doubling with sequential control of the outputs, i.e. after output A is controlled, output B is controlled.

Function diagrams

Input signal A limitation:

Output A corresponds to: "Positioning signal min A" (YminA) to "Positioning signal max A" (YmaxA).



Input signal B limitation

Output B corresponds to: "Positioning signal min B" (YminB) to "Positioning signal max B" (YmaxB).



9.3.3 Assign texts

You can assign a specific text to each "Signal doubler-inverter". This text is displayed as menu and operating line text on the operating pages.

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Signal doubler-inverter >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Signal doubler-inverter	Max. 20 characters	Signal doubler-inverter

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

9.3.4 Function check / wiring test

The current state (inputs/outputs) of the signal doubler inverter is displayed on the operator unit.

Display values

Setting values

Main menu > Signal converter > Signal doubler-inverter >

Operating line	Comment
Preselection external*	%, °C,
Modulating output A	0100 %
Modulating output B	0100 %

* Dependent on the input identifier.

You can directly control "Signal doubler-inverter" during the wiring test.

Wiring test

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Split-Inv output A	, 0100 %
Split-Inv output B	, 0100 %

10 H/C demand, H/C changeover

10.1 Heat demand function

10.1.1 Purpose and enabling

Purpose

The "Heat demand" function acquires heat demand from a heat distribution zone via the bus. The collected heat requests can be routed to another zone *or* further handled as a resulting setpoint condition (temperature request signal, heating flow setpoint) as a continuous or digital signal.

	Contrl.		ľ	0- 12	ſ) 13
	Precont	rl.	_	_		-1
He	at demar	Id .			┏	-
		()	d	Y	а

Enabling

To enable function "Heat demand", assign the load signal of a controller, enable the primary controller *or* assign output Q, d, Y, a.

10.1.2 Use universal controller as consumer

Purpose

Use "Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand" at the corresponding controller for a sequence of the controller to generate heat demand (see Section 10.3 for application examples).



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Controller 1	, Sequence 1
Controller 2	, Sequence 1
Controller 3	, Sequence 1

This allows for generating a "Heat demand" signal that can be used by another device on the KNX.

To do this, set a heat distribution zone.

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1

10.1.3 Use universal controller as primary controller

Purpose

Enter an extra configuration to use a universal controller as primary controller (see Section 10.3 for application examples).



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment	
Primary controller	Yes, No	

As a primary controller, it provides the acquired demand signals from the heat distribution zone as well as the internal demand signals from RMS705B to "Heat distr zone source side", where they are passed on to generation *or* another primary controller.

Heat demand in °C is made up of the current setpoint of the control loop and a temperature boost. The temperature boost helps compensate line losses.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1
Heat distr zone source side	, 131	
Heat demand setpoint increase	050 K	0 K

10.1.4 Demand signals from the bus

Demand signals

RMS705B receives the following demand signals via bus from the respective heat distribution zone:

Valve position in %

from a control with RMU7... as basic type A or U *or* from other RMS-internal controllers 1...3 (see Section 10.1.2) as "Heat demand air handling"; e.g. for air handling unit with air heating coil.

 Heat demand in % from room control with RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG as "Heat demand air retreatment"; e.g. heating register.

- Heat demand in % from room control with RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG as "Heat demand heating surface"; e.g. floor heating.
- Temperature request in °C from a RMH760 controller *or* RMU basic type C as "Heat demand" in °C; e.g. from a heating circuit controller *or* cascaded primary controller.

All of these signals are handled simultaneously.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Limit value request on	0100 %	10 %
Limit value request off	0100 %	5 %
Heating flow setpoint	0140 °C	40 °C
Flow temperature reduction	0100 K	0 K
max		
Control action	Slow, Medium, Fast	Medium
Request evaluation	Average, Maximum	Maximum

Limit value request on

This adjustable value prevents entire plants from being switched on (e.g. heat generation plants) in the case of low heat requests. Switching on (i.e. routing as a bus signal *or* to outputs Q, d, Y, a) takes place only when the set value "Limit value request on" is exceeded.



Heating flow setpoint, Flow temperature reduction max Use setting value "Flow temperature reduction max" to enable optimization, which determines the current optimum flow temperature for control from the received request signals.

In this case, value "Flow temperature reduction max" can be floating, i.e. deviate from the set value for "Heating flow setpoint".

This current flow temperature is controlled to a 90% valve position of the heat consumer with the greatest demand (evaluation of request in setting "Maximum") so that:

- Valve position < 90 %: The flow temperature is reduced continuously until value "Heating flow setpoint" minus "Flow temperature reduction max" is reached.
- Valve position > 90 %: The flow temperature is increased continuously until value "Heating flow setpoint" is reached.

As a result, the following min. flow temperature setpoint can be set at valve positions \leq 90%:

	Min	flow tem	perature =	"Heating	flow set	noint" -	"Flow tem	nerature	reduction r	nax"
I		now term	perature –	ricating	1000 304			perature	Cuucion	nux

Note

This optimization function is enabled only if value "Flow temperature reduction max" > 0 (factory setting: 0 = disabled).

Control action	The "Control action" of the three steps ("Fast", "Medi	e flow temperature on the setpoint shifts can be set in um", "Slow") to adapt to the plant.			
Request evaluation	 Use setting "Request eva the requests is to be used When using the "Maxin the valve position for th When using the "Avera valve positions of the 4 Note: This setting does demand. It prevents, ho temperature to high lev 	luation" to determine if the max value or the average of num" setting, the flow temperature is readjusted so that e consumer with the greatest heat demand is 90%. ge" setting, the flow temperature is readjusted so that the largest consumers are 90% on average not ensure that all consumers can cover their heat owever, an individual consumer from forcing the flow els (e.g. because a window was left open).			
	10.1.5 Internal hea	t demand			
Purpose and function	 RMS705B provides the carfunction block "Heat dema (I d) The demand as a digita further handled, e.g., to (∠ a) For example, as demartemperature signal. 10.1.6 Heat deman	alculated request signals as internal signals. To this end, and" offers two outputs. al value, e.g. via a motor block, logic block, etc., can be o switch on a pump when a heat demand signal was sent. Ind-dependent setpoint for setpoint shift <i>or</i> as DC 010 V d relay (QT)			
Purpose and function	Release for an external he The heat demand relay re Meaning: • Contact open =	eat source, for example, can be connected to this output. esponds as soon as the bus requests "heat".			
	Contact closed =	Heat demand			
Configuration	🛤 Main menu > Commissior	鱰 Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand >			
	Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment			
	Heat demand relay	, N.Q1, N.Q3, / Enable output.			

IU.I.7 Heat dem	iana continuous (⊭)	
In addition to the heat output of other devices signal.	demand relay, heat demand o s. You can set the characteris	can be provided at a continuous tic of the continuous 010 V
🚝 Main menu > Commis	sioning > Extra configuration > A	ggregates > Heat demand >
Operating line	Adjustable values	s / Comment
Heat demand modula	ating, N.Y1, N.Y2,	. / Enable output.
属 Main menu > Settings	> Aggregates > Heat demand >	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Setpoint at 0 Volt	–50 °C…Setpoint at 10 Vol	t 0°C
Setpoint at 10 Volt	Setpoint at 0 Volt250 °C	100 °C
Limit value	Setpoint at 0 Volt Setpoint at 10 Volt	10 °C
 "Setpoint at 10 Volt" "Limit value" means are interpreted as "n Output signal DC 0 V i exceed the set limit va signal is sent until the hysteresis. 	" determines the flow tempera s limit value for heat demand: no heat demand". is sent as long as the flow tem lue. When the limit value is ex setpoint is again below the lim	ture setpoint at DC 10 V. Temperatures below this level operature setpoint does not acceeded, the relevant output hit value minus a 0.5 K
 Output signal Y (DC temperature setpoir The heating flow se An output signal con Y. 	C 010 V) for heat demand contrange of 0120 °C. This lin tpoint may float between 60 tresponding to the set charact	orresponds to a flow hit value should be at 10 °C. .90 °C depending on demand. eristic is to be issued at output
DC 010 V output is o > 0 is set.	only a continuous signal if "Flo	w temperature reduction max"
The diagram shows the progression of the heat Y [V]	5 0 So 3 Li 6 Ho 5 0 So 3 Li 6 Ho 5 0 So 3 Li 6 Ho 5 0 So 6 So 7 So 8 Ho 8 Ho	etpoint in °C at DC 0 V. etpoint in °C at DC 10 V. mit value. eating flow setpoint = 90 °C. ow temperature reduction max
	In addition to the heat output of other devices signal. Main menu > Commis Operating line Heat demand modula Main menu > Settings Operating line Setpoint at 0 Volt Setpoint at 10 Volt Limit value • "Setpoint at 10 Volt" • "Limit value" means are interpreted as "n Output signal DC 0 V exceed the set limit vas signal is sent until the hysteresis. • Output signal Y (DC temperature setpoin • The heating flow set • An output signal con Y. DC 010 V output is o > 0 is set. The diagram shows the progression of the heat Y [V]	In addition to the heat demand relay, heat demand of output of other devices. You can set the characterist signal. ■ Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aq <u>Operating line</u> Adjustable values <u>Heat demand modulating</u> , N.Y1, N.Y2, ■ Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Heat demand > <u>Operating line</u> Range <u>Setpoint at 0 Volt</u> -50 °CSetpoint at 10 Volt <u>Setpoint at 10 Volt</u> Setpoint at 0 Volt250 °C <u>Limit value</u> Setpoint at 0 Volt". Setpoint at 0 Volt" determines the flow temperature "Setpoint at 10 Volt" determines the flow temperature "Setpoint at 10 Volt" determines the flow temperature "Setpoint at 10 Volt" determines the flow temperature are interpreted as "no heat demand". Output signal DC 0 V is sent as long as the flow temperature signal is sent until the setpoint is again below the line hysteresis. Output signal Y (DC 010 V) for heat demand con- temperature setpoint range of 0120 °C. This line The heating flow setpoint may float between 60 An output signal corresponding to the set charactor Y. DC 010 V output is only a continuous signal if "Floc > 0 is set. The diagram shows the values of the parameters to progression of the heat demand signal: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

10.1.8 Display values

Heat and refrigeration demand are visible on the password level under:

c_{τ}^2	Main	menu	> Aggreg	ates > H	eat and	refrig	demand >	>
--------------	------	------	----------	----------	---------	--------	----------	---

Operating line	Range	Comment
Heat demand air handling	0100 %	From RMU(A,U), RMS
Heat demand air retreatment	0100 %	From RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG
Heat demand heating surface	0100 %	From RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG
Heat demand	-50250 °C	From RMU (C), RMH
Heat demand relay	On, Off	Output Q
Heat demand modulating	0100 %	Output Y

The following are visible at the service level:

Main menu > Aggregates > Heat and refrig demand >

	-	
Operating line	Range	Comment
Heat demand relay	On, Off	Output Q
Heat demand modulating	0100 %	Output Y

10.1.9 Function check / wiring test

Purpose

When testing wiring, the outputs for the function check can be switched directly.

Settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Heat demand relay	, 0100% (relay switches > 1%)
Heat demand modulating	, 0100 %

10.2 Refrigeration demand function

10.2.1 Purpose and enabling

Purpose

The "Refrigeration demand" function acquires refrigeration demand from various zones via the bus. The acquired refrigeration requests can be routed to another zone *or* further handled as a resulting setpoint condition (temperature request signal, chilled water flow setpoint) as a continuous or digital signal.



Enabling To enable function "Refrigeration demand", assign the load signal of a controller, enable the primary controller *or* assign output Q, d, Y, a.

10.2.2 Use universal controller as consumer

Purpose

Use "Extra configuration > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand" at the corresponding controller for a sequence of the controller to generate refrigeration demand (see Section 10.3 for application examples).



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Controller 1	, Sequence 4
Controller 2	, Sequence 4
Controller 3	, Sequence 4

This allows for generating a refrigeration demand signal that can be used by another device on the KNX. To do this, set a "Refrigeration distribution zone".

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Refrigeration distribution zone	131	1

10.2.3 Use universal controller as primary controller

Purpose

Enter an extra configuration to use a universal controller as primary controller (see Section 10.3 for application examples).



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Primary controller	Yes, No

As a primary controller, it provides the acquired demand signals from the refrigeration distribution zone as well as the internal demand signals from RMS705B to "Refrig distr zone source side", where they are passed on to generation *or* another primary controller.

Refrigeration demand in °C is made up of the current setpoint of the control loop and a temperature reduction. The reduction helps compensate line losses.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Refrigeration distribution zone	131	1
Refrig distr zone source side	, 131	
Refrig demand setp reduction	050 °C	0 K

10.2.4 Demand signals from the bus

Demand signals

RMS705B receives the following demand signals via bus from the respective refrigeration distribution zone:

 Valve position in % from a control with RMU7... as basic type A or U *or* from other RMS-internal controllers 1...3 (see Section 10.1.2) as "Refrig demand air handling"; e.g. for air handling unit with air cooling coil.

- Refrigeration demand in % from room control with RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG as "Refrig demand air retreatment"; e.g. cooling register.
- Refrigeration demand in % from room control with RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG as "Refrig demand cooling surface"; e.g. chilled ceiling.
- Temperature request in °C from a RMH760 controller *or* RMU basic type C as "Refrigeration demand" in °C; e.g. from a primary controller of a chilled water plant.
Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Refrigeration distribution zone	131	1

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand >

	-	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Limit value request on	0100 %	10 %
Limit value request off	0100 %	5 %
Chilled water flow setpoint	0140 °C	6 °C
Flow temperature increase max	0100 K	0 K
Control action	Slow, Medium, Fast	Medium
Request evaluation	Average, Maximum	Maximum

Limit value request on

This settable value prevents entire plants from being switched on (e.g. refrigeration plants) in the case of extremely low refrigeration requests. Switching on (i.e. routing as a bus signal *or* to outputs Q, d, Y, a) takes place only when the set value "Limit value request on" is exceeded.



Chilled water flow setpoint, Flow temperature increase	Use setting value "Flow temperature increase max" to enable optimization, which determines the current optimum flow temperature for control from the received request signals.
max	In this case, value "Flow temperature increase max" can be floating, i.e. deviate from the set value for "Chilled water flow setpoint".
	This current flow temperature is controlled to a 90% valve position of the refrigeration consumer with the greatest demand (evaluation of request in setting "Maximum") so that:
	 Valve position < 90 %: The flow temperature is increased continuously until value "Chilled water flow setpoint" plus "Flow temperature increase max" is reached.
	 Valve position > 90 %: The flow temperature is decreased continuously until value "Chilled water flow setpoint" is reached.
	As a result, the following max. flow temperature setpoint can be set at valve positions \leq 90%:
	Max. flow temperature = "Chilled water flow setpoint" + "Flow temperature increase max"
Note	This optimization function is enabled only if value "Flow temperature increase max" > 0 (factory setting: 0 = disabled).
Control action	The "Control action" of the flow temperature on the setpoint shifts can be set in three steps ("Fast", "Medium", "Slow") to adapt to the plant.

Request evaluation	 Use setting "Request evaluation the requests is to be used. When using the "Maximum" is the valve position for the constitute valve positions of the 4 larges valve positions of the 4 larges Note: This setting does not enrefrigeration demand. It prevente flow temperature to low leterative the flow temperature to low leterative to low leterative the flow temperature to low leterative the flow temperature to low leterative to low leterative the flow temperature to low leterative to low leterative temperature to low leterative temperature to low leterative temperature to low leterative temperature tempe	" to determine if the max value or the average of setting, the flow temperature is readjusted so that sumer with the greatest heat demand is 90%. Etting, the flow temperature is readjusted so that the st consumers are 90% on average nsure that all consumers can cover their ents, however, an individual consumer from forcing evels (e.g. because a window was left open).	
Purpose and function	RMS705B provides the calculat function block "Refrigeration der • (I d) The demand as a digital valu	ed request signals as internal signals. To this end, mand" offers two outputs. e, e.g. via a motor block, logic block, etc., can be	
	further handled, e.g., to switc was sent. • (∠ a) For example as setpoint for s	h on a pump when a refrigeration demand signal etpoint shift, differential control.	
	10.2.6 Refrigeration de	mand relay (Q.□)	
Purpose and function	Release for an external refrigeration source, for example, can be connected to this output. The refrigeration demand relay responds as soon as the bus requests refrigeration.		
	Meaning: • Contact open = N • Contact closed = F	No refrigeration demand. Refrigeration demand.	
Configuration	🚝 Main menu > Commissioning > E	Extra configuration > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand >	
	Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment	
	Refrigeration demand relay	, N.Q1, N.Q3, / Enable output.	
	10.2.7 Refrigeration der	mand continuous (⊵)	
Purpose	In addition to the refrigeration de provided at a continuous output	emand relay, the refrigeration demand can be for other devices.	
Configuration	🛃 Main menu > Commissioning > E	Extra configuration > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand >	
	Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment	
	Refrig demand modulating	, N.Y1, N.Y2 / Enable output.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Setting values	Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand >		
	Operating line	Range	Factory setting
	Setpoint at 0 Volt	–50…+50 °C	12 °C
	Setpoint at 10 Volt	50500 °C	6 °C
	Limit value	–50…+250 °C	12 °C
Notes	 "Setpoint at 0 Volt" det "Setpoint at 10 Volt" det "Limit value" means lin this level are interprete As long as the flow tempo DC 0 V output signal is is corresponding output sig value plus hysteresis of 0 	ermines the flow temper etermines the flow temper nit value for refrigeration ed as "no refrigeration de erature setpoint does not sued. If the temperature nal is issued until the set 0.5 K.	ature setpoint at DC 0 V. erature setpoint at DC 10 V. demand: Temperatures below mand". exceed the set limit value, drops below the limit value, the point again exceeds the limit
Application example	 Output signal Y (DC 0. flow temperature setpore The chilled water flow demand. An output signal correst Y. 	10 V) for refrigeration opint range of 613 °C. T setpoint may float betwe sponding to the set chara	demand must correspond to a his limit value should be at 12 °C. en 69 °C depending on acteristic is to be issued at output
Note:	DC 010 V output is only 0 is set.	a continuous signal if "F	low temperature increase max" >
	The diagram shows the v progression of the refrige	ralues of the parameters ration demand signal:	to be set and the resulting
		0 2 3 € 5 12 13 14 [°C] w _{TV} © 3 w _{TV} : C	Setpoint in °C at DC 0 V Setpoint in °C at DC 10 V Limit value Chilled water flow setpoint = 6 °C Flow temperature increase max, here 3 K Shifting range for output signal urrent flow temperature setpoint

10.2.8 Display values

Heat and refrigeration demand are visible on the password level under:

¢₹	Main menu	> Aggregates >	Heat and	refrig	demand >
----	-----------	----------------	----------	--------	----------

Operating line	Range	Comment
Refrig demand air handling	0100 %	From RMU(A,U), RMS.
Refrig demand air retreatment	0100 %	From RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG.
Refrig demand cooling surface	0100 %	From RXB, RXL, RDF, RDG.
Refrigeration demand	-50250 °C	From RMU (C).
Refrigeration demand relay	On, Off	Output Q.
Refrig demand modulating	0100 %	Output Y.

The following are visible at the service level:

Main menu > Aggregates > Heat and refrig demand >

Operating line	Range	Comment
Refrigeration demand relay	On, Off	Output Q.
Refrig demand modulating	0100 %	Output Y.

10.2.9 Function check / wiring test

Purpose

During the output wiring test, refrigeration demand can be switched directly via the control switch.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Refrigeration demand relay	, 0100% (relay switches > 1%).
Refrig demand modulating	, 0100 %

10.3 H/C demand application examples

10.3.1 Overview

Application	RMS705B as universal device can assume functions <i>or</i> partial functions of a consumer, primary controller, or generation.
	This results in sophisticated configurations and settings of the corresponding distribution zones via the Communication menu.
	The section explains the various applications and the required configuration and communication settings to transmit H/C demand.
	 RMS705B can generate or evaluate demand signals for the following applications: Consumers (Section 10.3.3). Primary controllers (Section 10.3.4). Generation (Section 10.3.5).
	Consumers and primary controllers (Section 10.3.6).Consumers and generation (Section 10.3.7).
Note	The following examples are for hot water networks (heat distribution zone). However, they equally apply to chilled water networks (refrigeration distribution zone).
	10.3.2 Setting rules
	Controllers (controllers 13, primary controller) on the H/C demand block are enabled (shown as a cross in the configuration diagrams) if the controller's demand is to be passed on.
RMS705B as consumer	Demand from controllers 1, 2 <i>or</i> 3 is to be passed on (to bus, to digital (d, Q) <i>or</i> analog (a, Y) output).
RMS705B as primary controller	Primary controller demand is to be passed on to the bus.

10.3.3 Consumers

Example

Controller 1 controls a radiator. Heat demand in heat distribution zone 1 is sent to the bus.

The relevant zone setting for communication is available from the hydraulic diagram.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Controller 1	, Sequence 1	Sequence 1

Communication settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1

10.3.4 Primary controller

Example:

Controller 1 is used to implement precontrol acquiring demand signals from the bus and routing them to the bus. In addition, controller 1 is used to implement flow temperature precontrol. In this process, control is started with digital output "d" and analog output "a" is used to shift the setpoint in dependence of the current heat demand from the bus.

Notes

- The setpoint cannot be directly provided to the controller. This functionality is covered by the RMU710B, basic type C for a refrigeration primary controller *or* by the RMH760 for a heating circuit primary controller.
- Parameterize function block "Motor" with a switch-off delay of e.g. 1 min. to avoid unnecessary switching of the pump (at very low demand).
- Rather than the primary controller shift with analog output of the heat demand block described here, outside temperature-dependent shift is possible also.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Primary controller	Yes, No	Yes

Controller settings

鱰 Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Controller 1 > Setpoints >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Setpoint high	500.0 °C > x > Setpoint low	70.0 °C
Setpoint low	Setpoint high > x > -50.0 °C	70.0 °C

Communication settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1
Heat distr zone source side	, 131	2

Heat demand

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Heating flow setpoint	0140 °C	70 °C
Flow temperature reduction max	0100 K	30 K

Universal shift

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > Controller 1 > Setpoint effects >

Operating line	Range	Setting
[Setp compensation 1] delta	-50.0+50.0 K	30 K
[Setp compensation 1] start	-50.0+500.0 °C	70 °C
[Setp compensation 1] end	-50.0+500.0 °C	40 °C



Note

Example 1

See Section 11.3.2 for universal shift.

10.3.5 Generation

The demand signals from the bus are acquired and sent to generation via digital output.



Communication settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

ſ	Operating line	Range	Setting
F	Heat distribution zone	131	1

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The bus collects the request signals. The result is used to control generation (boiler/refrigeration machine) via a rotary step switch.

Example 2



Communication settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1

In addition, a control circuit for generation can be configured.

Example 3



Communication settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1

10.3.6 Consumer and primary controller

Example

RMS705B contains a consumer side controller (controller 1) and a primary controller (controller 2). All requests from this heat distribution zone are acquired and evaluated (i.e. from own controller 1 and other consumers on the bus).

Controller 2 may not be checked as consumer, as these demand signals were already sent to the "Heat distr zone source side".



Communication settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1
Heat distr zone source side	, 131	2

Note

Setpoint shift on primary controller/controller 2 can be set as "dependent on outside temperature" rather than demand-dependent.

10.3.7 Consumer and generation

Example

RMS705B controls one consumer via controller 1. The request signals from this consumer are acquired together with others from the same heat distribution zone, and generation is controlled via a digital output.



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Controller 1	, Sequence 1	Sequence 1

Communication settings

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Setting
Heat distribution zone	131	1



You cannot directly connect a consumer and a primary controller to generation.



Example 2

The universal controller receiving its conditions from "d" *or* "a", may not be reconnected to the bus, as it would return its own heat demand to itself. As a result, the plant would never again switch off.

In the example below, controller 1 sends its heat demand to the heat distribution zone and receives its very own demand from the same heat distribution zone.



10.4 H/C changeover

10.4.1 Application and functions

Application

Use the heating/cooling changeover function block to change over the operating mode (heating or cooling) in 2-pipe systems.

The preselection heating/cooling is generated on the device *or* received as a heating/cooling signal from the bus.



The following types of changeover are available for H/C operating mode preselection:

- Changeover with operating mode selector via operation.
- Changeover by date.
- Changeover with analog input (e.g. to change over by outside temperature or by flow temperature).
- Changeover with digital input (e.g. to change over via manual switch or via changeover thermostat in the flow).

If several changeover types are active, the operating mode is determined by the following priority selection:

- 1. Operation selector
- 2. H/C changeover input
- 3. Heating/cooling acc to calendar

The preselected operating mode heating/cooling is provided in the heat and refrigeration distribution zone to all other controllers within the same zone.

In a hydraulic circuit, the operating mode heating/cooling can be preselected only via one point. A fault message is generated, if several changeover signals are sent simultaneously to the bus within the same distribution zone.

Recommendation We recommend to enable preselected operating mode H/C at the primary controller or generation where possible.

10.4.2 Enable function "Heating/cooling changeover"

To activate "Heating/cooling changeover", select "Yes" in operating line "2-pipe heating/cooling system".

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
2-pipe heating/cooling system	No, Yes	No

Configuration

10.4.3 Preselected operating mode H/C

Changeover with operating mode selector

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Operation selector	No, Yes	No

Preselect the H/C changeover signal in operating line "Preselection". The current state is displayed in operating line "2-pipe heating/cooling system".

Main menu > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Preselection	Auto, Heating, Cooling	Auto
2-pipe heating/cooling system	Heating, Cooling	

Meaning:

Auto:	Automatic operation by H/C changeover input or H/C by date.
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Heating: Fixed preselection on heating.

Cooling: Fixed preselection on cooling.

Changeover by calendar

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Heating/cooling acc to calendar	No, Yes	No

Changeover is by date. After the date for heating start, "Heating" is enabled; "Cooling" is enabled after the date for cooling start.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Start date heating	Day – month	01.10.****
Start date cooling	Day – month	01.05.****

Changeover with analog or digital input

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Heating/cooling ch'over >

	0	0 0	0
Operating line		Range	Factory setting
H/C changeover input		, N.X1, N.X2, /	

Select two limit values for changeover if an analog input signal is used to generate the changeover signal.

Example: Changeover by outside temperature



When value "Heating off/cooling on" is exceeded, the H/C changeover signal is changed to cooling. When "Heating on/cooling off" is below the set value, the H/C changeover signal is changed to heating. "Attenuation" can be set for the input signal.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Heating on/cooling off	*	**
Heating off/cooling on	*	**
Attenuation	0100 h	0 h

* Depending on unit.

** Variable units.

NoteIf a digital input is used for changeover, operating line "Heating on/cooling off" = 1and "Heating off/cooling on" = 0 must be set (factory setting).

Configuration error

If changeover by calendar/date and by digital input is configured at the same time, the controller uses the latter.

10.4.4 Effect of function H/C

The effect of preselected H/C depends on the type of changeover and if it occurred locally *or* via signal from the bus.

Lock individual sequences

In operating mode "Heating", the sequence assigned to function block "Refrigeration demand" is locked.

In operating mode "Cooling", the sequence assigned to function block "Heat demand" is locked.



Heat / refrigeration demand

In operating mode "Heating", "Refrigeration demand relay" is locked, refrigeration demand set continuously to 0%, and no refrigeration demand signal is sent to the bus.

In operating mode "Cooling", the heat demand relay is locked, heat demand set continuously to 0 %, and no heat demand signal is sent to the bus.

Locking time

To prevent the refrigeration machine from switching on immediately following switch-off of heat generation, a locking time can be set.

Control is locked during the "Locking time"; as a result, no heat or refrigeration demand is generated or signaled.



Excessive inlet temperature at the refrigeration machine can damage the refrigeration machine.

Setting values

Example

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Locking time	00.0023.50 h.m	00.30 h.m

The "Locking time" acts also after a power failure-related switch-off of the device and when exiting the Commissioning menu.

10.4.5 Display current state

The current state is displayed in menu "Heating/cooling ch'over":

Main menu > Heating/cooling ch'over >

Operating line	Comment
2-pipe heating/cooling system	Heating / Cooling

	lf the H/0 valve <i>or</i> can be c	C signal is to be sent to the to be routed to a non-con onfigured accordingly.	he bus as mmunicat	well as a relay of ive device, the H/	utput to e.g. switch a ′C changeover relay
Configuration	🚑 Main r	nenu > Commissioning > Ex	tra configu	uration > Heating/co	oling ch'over >
	Operati	ing line	Range	9	Factory setting
	Heating	/cooling ch'over relay	, N.	Q1, N.Q2,	
	The curr	ent state of the changeo	ver relay i	is displayed:	
Display values	👦 Main n	nenu > Heating/cooling ch'o	ver >		
	Operati	ing line	Curre	nt state	
	Heating	/cooling ch'over relay	"Off":	Cooling / "On": H	leating.
	Operati Heating 10.4.7	ing line g/cooling ch'over relay Troubleshooting	Comn "Off":	nent Cooling / "On": ŀ	leating.
Behavior	If the cha system, signal, "I	angeover signal "Heating the controller continues t Heating" is used as the d	g/Cooling" to use the lefault val	is missing in a 2- last received valuue.	pipe heating/cooling ue. If there was never a
Fault message	No.	Text		Effect	
	5801	H/C changeover signa	al failure	Non-urgent mes acknowledged.	ssage; must not be
	Behavior system i configure one of th	Fault message ">1 heat f an H/C changeover inp ed and a changeover sig le zones.	/cool chai ut, H/C by nal from a	ngeover signal" is / calendar, <i>or</i> ope another device on	generated in a 2-pipe rating mode selector is the bus is received in

Fault message

No.	Text	Effect
5802	>1 heat/cool changeover signal	Non-urgent message; must be acknowledged.

10.5 Combined examples: H/C demand, H/C changeover

10.5.1 Effect of H/C changeover and controller

Dependencies If configuration parameter "2-pipe heating/cooling system" is enabled and H/C demand of RMS705B is sent to the bus, the H/C changeover signal also acts on the corresponding RMS705B.

Thus, only one sequence is enabled in this controller of the RMS705B (either cooling *or* heating).

Example Controller 3 is connected to a 2-pipe system. Thus, controller 3 can only heat *or* only cool. This is enabled by configuring a 2-pipe system and the associated H/C demand.

Note You must configure both controllers 3 (heat and refrigeration demand block, see Sections 10.1 and 10.2).



Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Heat demand >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Controller 3	, Sequence 1

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Aggregates > Refrigeration demand >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Controller 3	, Sequence 4



Key

Pos Element

- 1 Heat generation.
- 2 Refrigeration generation.
- 3 Changeover valve.
- 4 Manual changeover to the changeover valve and function block "H/C changeover".
- 5 Routing the changeover signal "heating/cooling" via the bus.
- 6 Register, controlled by RMS705B.
- 7 Effective range of RMS705B.
- 8 Fan coil unit, e.g. FNC03, controlled by RXB.

Notes on the example

- Configure a heat and refrigeration demand block for controller 3.
- Configure both heat and refrigeration distribution zones (see Section 10.3).
- Controllers 1 and 2 of RMS705B in the example do not act as 2-pipe system; their sequences act independent of the changeover signal:

Note

A 2-pipe system always acts on bus signals. It is impossible to configure a 2-pipe system that does not receive or route heat and refrigeration demand (both configured) and heating/cooling signals via KNX.

10.5.2 Mode of operation "Collecting and forwarding heat demand and H/C changeover"

If configuration parameter "2-pipe heating/cooling system" is enabled, demand signals are collected on the heating or cooling side. In addition, the information if the pipes carry cold or hot water is sent from RMS to other controllers.

Example

The following diagram shows a "2-pipe heating/cooling system" with heat and refrigeration generation. Changeover of the changeover valve occurs via manual switch.



Key

Pos Element

- 1 Heat generation.
- 2 Refrigeration generation.
- 3 Changeover valve.
- 4 Manual changeover to the changeover valve and function block "H/C changeover". 5
 - Routing the changeover signal "heating/cooling" via the bus.

Notes on the example

- Configure both heat and refrigeration distribution zones (see Section 10.3).
- Configure both heat and refrigeration demand block.

11 Universal controller

11.1 Overview



Purpose

RMS705B provides 3 controllers with 2 sequential outputs each. The universal controller can provide control to an absolute variable *or* differential variable.

11.1.1 Enable the universal controller

Assign an input to the main controlled variable to enable the universal controller.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Main controlled variable	, N.X1, N.X2,, internal analog (analog values).	
Differential input	, N.X1, N.X2,, internal analog (analog values).	

The following settings are required depending on the desired function:

Desired control	Operating line	Setting
Control to an absolute variable	Main controlled variable	Xx (analog)
(1 sensor input)	Differential input	
Control to a differential variable	Main controlled variable	Xx (analog)
(2 sensor inputs)	Differential input	Xx (same unit as main controlled variable)

The controller always uses the same unit as the main controlled variable.

Misconfiguration has the following effect:

Operating line	Setting	Type of action
Main controlled variable		Controller inactive.
Differential input	(not relevant)	
Main controlled variable	Xx (digital)	Message sent:
Differential input	(not relevant)	"[Main contr var 1] sensor error"
Main controlled variable	Xx (analog)	Message sent:
Differential input	Xx (other unit as main controlled variable)	"[Main contr var 1] sensor error"

Control to absolute variable (e.g. chilled water control for chilled ceiling).



Application example 2

Control to differential variable (e.g. solar storage plant).



11.2 Makeup and mode of operation of the controller

PID control controls the main controlled variable according to the defined setpoint.

The controller can contain max 2 sequences in the following combinations:

- One sequence: Sequence 1 or Sequence 4.
- Two sequences: Sequence 1 and 4.





The "Setpoint low" (heating setpoint) is assigned to sequence 1. Its output signal acts reverse to the load (inputs variable). Example for heating: Outside temperature \uparrow , sequence 1 \downarrow .

The "Setpoint high" (cooling setpoint) is assigned to sequence 4. Its output signal acts reverse to the load (input variable). Example for cooling: Outside temperature \uparrow , sequence 4 \uparrow .

Note Functions "Heat demand" (see Section 10) and "Refrigeration demand" (see Section 10.2) process the controller's output signal. The settings are described in the corresponding chapters.

11.2.1 Setpoints

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Controller 1...3 > Setpoints >

Setting values

Operating line	Range	Factory setting (type-dependent)
Setpoint high	Depending on selected type.	24 °C, 24 K, 60 %, 10 g/kg, 30 kJ/kg, 800 W/m2, 15 m/s, 100 bar, 1000 mbar, 1000 Pa, 1000 ppm, 100, 1000
Setpoint low	Depending on selected type.	21 °C, 21 K, 40 %, 6 g/kg, 20 g/kg, 20 kJ/kg, 600 W/m2, 10 m/s, 6 bar, 60 mbar, 400 Pa, 0 ppm, 60, 600

Note on differential control

 The following applies to differential control: Differential actual value = Main controlled variable – differential input.

Display values

Main menu > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line	Comment
Actual value	
Current setpoint	

Main menu > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line	Comment
[Sequence 1 _] load	Current controller output in 0100%.
[Sequence 4 _/] load	Current controller output in 0100%.

11.2.2 Troubleshooting

- If no aggregates are configured for the control sequences, the "Current setpoint" is displayed as "---".
- When the commissioning menu is exited, a check is carried out to see if the main controlled variable exists.
- If the main controlled variable or differential input is missing, the corresponding universal controller is switched off and a fault message is triggered (see "Fault messages").

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
3011	[Main contr var 1] sensor error	Urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
3012	[Main contr var 2] sensor error	Urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
3013	[Main contr var 3] sensor error	Urgent message; must not be acknowledged.

11.2.3 Control parameters (P-band, integral action time, derivative action time)

For every sequence, a P-band (Xp), an integral action time (Tn), and a derivative action time (Tv) can be set.

Notes

- Integral action time Tn = 00:00 m.s: The controller has no I-part (PD).
- Derivative action time Tn = 00:00 m.s: The controller has no D-part (PI).

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

С-т	Main menu > Settings >	Controller 13	> Control	parameters >
-----	------------------------	---------------	-----------	--------------

Operating line	Range (type-dependent)	Factory setting (type-dependent)
[Sequence 1 _] Xp		30 K
[Sequence 1 _] Tn	00.0059.55 m.s	03.00 m.s
[Sequence 1 _] Tv	00.0059.55 m.s	00.00 m.s
[Sequence 4 _/] Xp		30 K
[Sequence 4 /] Tn	00.0059.55 m.s	03.00 m.s
[Sequence 4 /] Tv	00.0059.55 m.s	00.00 m.s

11.2.4 Control timeout

You can enter a control timeout period, for example, to prevent the cooling valve from opening immediately after the heating valve closes.

The controller does not add the integral action part during that period of time.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

Main menu > Settings > Controller 1...3 > Control parameters >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Control timeout	00.0059.55 m.s	00.00

11.3 Universal shift

11.3.1 Enable universal shift

Assign an input to enable this function.

Configuration Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Controller 1...3 > Operating line Adjustable values / Comment Universal shift ----, N.X1, N.X2, ..., internal analog (analog values only).

11.3.2 Mode of operation

The setpoint can be shifted from a universal input or an internal analog signal.

Application

- Refrigeration: Shifting the flow temperature setpoint for the chilled ceiling by room enthalpy *or* the surface temperature.
- Ventilation: Shifting by room humidity or surface temperature.
- General: Shifting by outside temperature.

Setpoint shifting acts on "Setpoint high/low" and "Eco setpoint high/low" as per the following diagram:



11.3.3 Setting values for universal shift

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ...or

Main menu > Settings > Controller 1...3 > Setpoint effects >

•	
Range	Factory setting *
	0.0 K
	30.0 °C
	20.0 °C
	0.0 °C
	0.0 °C
	0.0 K
	Range

* Depends on analog value; here, e.g. temperature °C.

11.3.4 Troubleshooting

A check is made to see if a sensor is connected to the input when exiting the commissioning menu.

- If the sensor is connected but missing later, a fault message "[...] Sensor error X.." is generated.
- If there is no limitation sensor, limitation is disabled.

11.4 General limiter



You can select a general limiter function. The limitation function overrides the normal control function of the controller. See Section 11.4.2 for this function.

11.4.1 Enable function

Assign an input to the function to enable this function.

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Controller 1...3 > Inputs >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
General limit controller	, N.X1, N.X2,, internal analog (analog values only) Enable general limitation.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Controller 1...3 > General limiter >

Operating line	Range (dependent on selected type)	Factory setting (type-dependent)
Limit value high		35.0 °C
Limit value low		16.0 °C
Differential high	0100 K	50 K
Differential low	0100 K	50 K
Reduction min limitation cooling	010 K	0.0 K
P-band Xp		15 K, 10 %, 5 g/kg, 10 kJ/kg, 100 W/m2, 50 m/s, 10 bar, 50 mbar, 50 Pa, 100 ppm, 10.0, 50
Integral action time Tn	00.0060.00 m.s	01.00 m.s

Display values

Main menu > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line	Comment
Actual value general limiter	

11.4.2 Mode of operation

The general limitation function overrides the normal control function with PI control to adhere to the limitation setpoint when the limitation setpoint is exceeded (up or down).

You can configure absolute and relative limitation. If only one of these functions is desired, the other function can be disabled by setting the setpoints far outside.



Absolute general limitation

One setpoint each for maximum ("Limit value high") and minimum "Limit value high" limitation can be entered.

Principle of operation (example)	Ceneral limit controller] (f. e. supply air temperature) Limitation max Limitation min Limitation min Limitatio
Special setting for direct cooling	If cooling sequence 4 is enabled, minimum limitation can be lowered by a set value ("Reduction min limitation cooling"). This prevents the refrigeration machine from being switched off again just after switching on in the case of staged (direct) cooling.
Note	This function is only enabled if both main controlled variable and input for general limitation use unit °C.

Absolute/relative limitation

Relative general limitation

One setpoint each for maximum ("Differential high") and minimum "Differential low" differential temperature limitation can be entered.

Notes

(example)

Principle of operation

- The maximum and minimum differential temperature limitation can only be enabled if the main controlled variable and the general limiter are configured with the same unit (e.g. °C).
- The set limitation setpoints relate to the differential (e.g. temperature) between the main controlled variable and the general limiter.



11.4.3 Troubleshooting

A check is made to see if a sensor is connected to the input when exiting the commissioning menu.

- If the sensor is connected but missing later, a fault message "[...] Sensor error X.." is generated.
- If there is no limitation sensor, limitation is disabled.

11.5 Eco setpoint changeover



This function allows for changeover to Eco setpoints.

Enabling To activate this function, configure the relevant digital input. Eco setpoint changeover is available at controllers 1...3.

Configuration

Function diagram

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Setpoint switch	, N.X1, N.X2,
	(digital values only).



11.5.1 Setpoints

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Controller 1...3 > Setpoints >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting (type-dependent)
Eco setpoint high	Depending on selected type.	28 °C, 28 K, 80 %, 12 g/kg, 50 kJ/kg, 1000 W/m2, 15 m/s, 100 bar, 1000 mbar, 1000 Pa, 1500 ppm, 100, 1000
Eco setpoint low	Depending on selected type.	19 °C, 19 K, 20 %, 4 g/kg, 0 kJ/kg, 200 W/m2, 0 m/s, 0 bar, 0 mbar, 0 Pa, 0 ppm, 0

Setting values

11.6 Start the universal controller

Configure a start condition for the universal controller. The controller is stopped and started via a digital signal.

Notes

• "Current setpoint" is displayed with "---" when a universal controller is stopped.

• The controller always runs without configured start condition.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Start condition	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital values only).
	Starts the controller, all outputs to 0%.

11.7 Assign texts

Adapt the texts for the universal controller via operation.

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > ... or

Main menu > Settings > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Controller x	Max. 20 characters	Controller x

See Section 16.4 "Editable texts RMS705B" for an overview of all editable texts and on how to reset them.

12 Faults

12.1 Purpose and enabling

Purpose	Function block "Faults" collects all fault messages and sends them to the fault display, fault relays, and via bus. $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	Relay 1 Relay 2 Q Q	
Enabling	Enable the fault block by configuring fault inputs 120 or assigning a fault relay.	
Note	Many faults are acquired automatically and need not be specifically configured in function block "Faults". These faults are described with the relevant function. The fault block does not have to be enabled to display these faults.	
	12.2 Fault priorities and acknowledgement	
Fault priorities There are 2 types of fault priorities:		
	Urgent Fault messages representing plant risks <i>or</i> for which trouble- free plant operation is no longer guaranteed.	
	Not urgent Fault messages representing risks that do not represent a great risk to plant operation.	
Fault acknowledgement	There are 2 types of fault acknowledgement: (No acknowledgement). 	
	 Acknowledge Acknowledge and reset 	
Note	See Section 14 on fault acknowledgement.	
Impact of fault	Faults "No stop" and "Stop" are not available in RMS705B. Plant stops <i>or</i> partial plant stops are configured internally, e.g. using stop conditions <i>or</i> logical links to start/stop conditions of the function blocks.	

12.3 Universal fault inputs (1...20)

Connections	RMS705B provides function block "Faults" with 20 universal fault inputs. Any type of analog <i>or</i> digital signal can be connected to these inputs.			
Configuration Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Faults >				
	Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment		
	Fault input 1	, N.X1, N.X2,		
	Fault input 20	, N.X1, N.X2,		
Settings	 The following settings are possible for each fault message: Fault status message delay: Elapsed time until a pending fault generates a fault message. Fault acknowledgement Fault priority Limit value fault on: Limit value from which the fault message is generated. Limit value fault off: Limit value for the normal state. 			
Setting values	Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Faults > Fault input 120 >			
	Operating line	Range	Factory setting	
	Fault status message delay	00.0059.59 m.s	00.05 m.s	
	Fault acknowledgement	None, Acknowledge, Acknowledge and reset	None	
	Fault priority	Urgent, Not urgent	Not urgent	
	Limit value fault on	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.	
	Limit value fault off	Depending on selected type.	Type-dependent.	
Notes	 If the upper and lower limit of a measured value is to be monitored, the signal is must be sent to 2 fault inputs. For monitoring, set the lower limit "Limit value fault on" to lower than "Limit value fault off". This generates a fault message when the measured value is lower than the "Limit value fault on". The difference between "Limit value fault on" and "Limit value fault off" represents the hysteresis. No fault message is generated if value "Limit value fault on" is equal to "Limit value fault off". 			
Fault texts	Adjust the texts for the universal fault inputs via the operator unit. Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Faults > Fault input 120 >			

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Fault text 1	Max. 20 characters	[Fault inp 1] fault

No.	Standard text	Effect
9000	>1 fault input faulty	Urgent message; must not be acknowledged (effect can be adjusted for each fault input).
9001	[Fault inp 1] fault	As per the selected setting (see Sec. 12.5, Setting values).
9002	[Fault inp 2] fault	Ditto
9003	[Fault inp 3] fault	Ditto
9004	[Fault inp 4] fault	Ditto
9005	[Fault inp 5] fault	Ditto
9006	[Fault inp 6] fault	Ditto
9007	[Fault inp 7] fault	Ditto
9008	[Fault inp 8] fault	Ditto
9009	[Fault inp 9] fault	Ditto
9010	[Fault inp 10] fault	Ditto
9011	[Fault inp 11] fault	Ditto
9012	[Fault inp 12] fault	Ditto
9013	[Fault inp 13] fault	Ditto
9014	[Fault inp 14] fault	Ditto
9015	[Fault inp 15] fault	Ditto
9016	[Fault inp 16] fault	Ditto
9017	[Fault inp 17] fault	Ditto
9018	[Fault inp 18] fault	Ditto
9019	[Fault inp 19] fault	Ditto
9020	[Fault inp 20] fault	Ditto

>1 fault input faulty

The fault is sent at the highest priority via the KNX bus. If more than one fault input with priority "Urgent" is signaling a fault, message ">1 fault input faulty" is indicated with highest priority. Without this message, only the message from one fault input would be indicated. The new fault message can be viewed on the Info level via "Bus fault messages".

12.4 External fault button

- The fault block allows for connecting an external fault button.
- The external fault button has the same function as fault button "... " on RMS705B. Both allow for concurrent operation.
- The current alarm state can be externally indicated via the fault relay.



Configuration

Route fault status

messages

Configuration

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Faults >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Fault button external	, N.X1, N.X2, (digital only).

12.5 Fault relay

To route fault messages, *or* for acoustic or visual indication on a control panel, e.g. two outputs for the fault outputs "Fault relay 1" and "Fault relay 2" can be configured on any two free outputs N.Qx.

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Faults >

Operating line	Adjustable values / Comment
Fault relay 1	, N.Q1 (free relays only) / assign fault relay.
Fault relay 2	, N.Q1 (free relays only) / assign fault relay.

Settings

For "Fault relay 1", the following settings are possible:

Fault priority	 Priority at which the relay is to be energized.
Indication of fault	
 Fault internally 	 The fault relay only indicates internal faults and
(optically)	remains energized until faults are no longer present.
 Fault internally 	 The fault relay only indicates internal faults and
(audibly)	remains energized until the fault is acknowledged.
 Fault via bus 	 The fault relay only indicates faults from the bus and
(audibly)	remains energized until the fault is acknowledged.
Inversion	 No: The relay is energized upon fault.
	 Yes: The relay is deenergized upon fault.

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Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or Main menu > Settings > Faults > Fault relay 1...2 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Fault priority	Urgent, Not urgent, All	All
Indication of fault	Fault internally (optically), Fault internally (audibly), Fault via bus (audibly) **	Fault internally (audibly) *
Inversion	Yes, No	No

* Factory setting for "Fault relay 2": "Fault via bus (audibly)".

** Max. 1 bus fault message can be processed (even if the priorities are different). Recommendation: Do not configure 2 bus fault relays.

Display values At menu item "Aggregates", the state of the 2 fault relays can be read.

Main menu > Aggregates > Faults >

Operating line	Current state
Fault relay 1	Off, On
Fault relay 2	Off, On

12.6 Function check / wiring test

Wiring test

During the wiring test, the two fault relays can be enabled directly:

Main menu > Commissioning > Wiring test > Outputs >

Operating line	Comment
Fault relay 1	Off, On
Fault relay 2	Off, On

13 Communication

See basic documentation "Communication via KNX bus" (P3127) for a detailed description of communications.

The following section only describes the most important settings to commission simple communications.

13.1 Enable communication

Device communication is enabled when:

- The device address is entered (each bus member requires an individual device address).
- Bus power supply is available.
- RMS705B is not in the Commissioning menu.

13.2 "Communication" menu settings

13.2.1 Basic settings

Setting values	🛃 Main menu > Commissioning >	Communication > Basic settings >	
	Operating line	Range	Factory setting
	Device address	1253 (1255)	255
	Decentral bus power supply	Off, On.	On.
	Clock time operation	Autonomous, Slave, Master	Autonomous
	Remote setting clock slave	Yes, No	Yes
	Remote reset of fault	Yes, No	No
	View the settings entered here	via:	
	Main menu > Device information	on > Communication > Basic set	ttings
Device address	Each bus member requires a u	inique device address.	
Notes	 Device address 255 is used (no exchange of process da If two devices on the KNX bines and the KNX bines address 	to disable communications ta). us have the same device addres " is displayed.	ss, fault message
Decentral bus power supply	For small plants, decentralized This is the default setting.	bus power supply suffices.	
Notes	 See documents N3127 and P3110 on decentralized bus supply. Fault message "No bus power supply" is displayed and communications interrupted if there is no bus supply. Access using Service tool OCI700.1 is only possible if communications is enabled. 		

Clock time operation	If a common clock time is to be used in the system, one device must be defined as "Master", all other devices as "Slave". When set to "Autonomous", the device <i>neither</i> sends <i>nor</i> receives the clock time.
Remote setting clock slave	"Remote setting clock slave" = Yes allows for adjusting the clock time at the slave. The time is sent to the master and transmitted to all other devices.
Remote reset of fault	You can set if self-holding fault messages can be unlocked remote <i>or</i> if unlocking must take place via the local button. The default setting does not allow for "Remote reset of fault".
Reasons	 When device communications is enabled, the effects are: Fault messages are always sent via KNX bus and can be further processed by other Synco devices. Fault messages from other Synco devices are displayed under: Main menu > Faults > Fault status message bus. Fault messages from other Synco devices can be sent to a fault relay (see Section 12.5). All fault messages can be acknowledged from remote, e.g. via operator station with OCI700.1.

13.2.2 Holidays/special days

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Holidays/special days >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Holidays/special day operation	Autonomous, slave, master.	Autonomous
Holidays/special day zone	131	1

13.2.3 Time switch

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Time switch > Time switch 1...6 >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Time switch operation	Autonomous, slave	Autonomous
Time switch slave (apartment)	1126	1
Transformation Precomfort	Off, On.	On.

13.2.4 Distribution zones

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > Distribution zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Outside temperature zone	, 131	
Heat distribution zone	131	1
Heat distr zone source side	, 131	
Refrigeration distribution zone	131	1
Refrig distr zone source side	, 131	

13.2.5 Universal transmission and reception zones

	Device RMS705B allows for universal data exchange via own terminals as well as via terminals of extension modules RMZ78x. Data between devices is exchanged via KNX bus.
Function principle	 Universal inputs, digital and analog outputs of RMS705B can be used as transmission objects (for transmission zones). Universal inputs of RMS705B can be used as reception objects (in reception zones). Data is exchanged as if the device terminals were wired.
Number of transmission and reception zones	Max. 32 transmission and reception zones are allows per line (see N3127, P3127 on the KNX bus).
Note	Note "allowed" and "not allowed" applications due to KNX-bus-specific properties (e.g. transmission frequency).
Examples for allowed applications	 Universal transmission and reception zones are allowed and sensible for: Controlling decentralized aggregates such as motors, pumps, etc Simple control functions that are not time-critical. Common processing or use of bus information.
Examples for not allowed applications	 The following applications or input/output values may not be implemented using universal transmission and reception zones: Safety-relevant plants and equipment (e.g. fire alarm off, smoke extraction, frost protection function). If request "Simultaneous start condition of plants" exists. Applications where communications failure of transmission <i>or</i> reception zones may cause damage. Time-critical control paths <i>or</i> control paths with greater degree of difficulty (e.g. speed control via pressure, humidity). Main controlled variables that must be available. Acquisition and evaluation of pulses.
Note	After RMS705B power-up, it may take some time until the bus signals are available. This may result in faulty plant behavior in the case of transmission and reception zone applications that are not allowed.
Enable	To enable the function, set the desired transmission <i>or</i> reception zone at a terminal in RMS705B. Set the partner device accordingly.
Note	Transmission/reception is a 1:n relation, i.e. one sender and several recipients are possible in a transmission/reception zone.

Overview

Reception zones	Transmission zones
Inputs (N.X1A8(2).X4)	Inputs (N.X1A8(2).X4)
	Digital outputs (N.Q1A8(2).Q5)
	Analog outputs (N.Y1A8(2).Y2)

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE reception zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1A8(2).X4	, 14095	

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE transmission zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1 A8(2).X4 N.Q1A8(2).Q5 N.Y1A8(2).Y2	, 14095	

Note

You can simulate bus signals using the "Simulation inputs" function when commissioning plants (see Section 5.1.3).

Example 1 The air quality average value of 2 air quality sensors is available in RMS705B (device 1). This value is sent as transmission object via an analog output and handled by RMS705B (device 2). The following transmission and reception zone is engineered for the example: Data exchange concept RMS705B, device 2 RMS705B, device 1 Value Terminal Transmission Terminal Reception zone zone N.Y1 🗁 1 N.X1 🔼 1 Air quality average > = Transmission \Box = Reception Configuration Device 1 Configure the following in RMS705B, device 1: Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE transmission zones > Operating line Range Factory setting N.Y1 1 Device 2 Configure the following in RMS705B, device 2: Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier > Operating line Range Factory setting N.X1 ppm Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE reception zones > Operating line Range Factory setting N.X1 1





Example 2

A detached ventilation control (RMS705B, device 1) controls a rooftop fan (RMS705B, device 2). To do this, a release command created in device 1 is sent as transmission object via digital output and used by device 2 to start the rooftop fan. In reverse direction, any operating message created in device 2 is sent as transmission object via digital output to device 1 and processed accordingly.

Data exchange concept The following transmission and reception zones are engineered for the example:

RMS705B, device 1		RMS705B, device 2		Value
Terminal	Transmission	Terminal	Reception	
	zone		zone	
N.Q1 🗁	1	N.X1 🗀	1	Rooftop fan release
	Reception		Transmission	
	zone		zone	
N.X1	2	N.Q2	2	Rooftop fan operating message

= Transmission

= Reception

Configuration

Device 1Configure the following in RMS705B, device 1 (ventilation control):

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1	Digital	

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE transmission zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.Q1	1	

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE reception zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1	2	

Device 2

Configure the following in RMS705B, device 2 (rooftop fan):

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1	Digital	

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE transmission zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.Q2	2	

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE reception zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1	1	

Configuration diagram



Example 3 An enthalpy value calculated from temperature and relative humidity is available in RMS705B (device 1). This value is sent as transmission object via an analog output and handled by the second device.

Note Adjust the value range of the reception terminal (device 2) to the unchangeable value range of the calculated enthalpy prior to use in device 2. See Section 9.2.1 for the set value range for the enthalpy calculator.

Data exchange concept The following transmission and reception zone is engineered for the example:

RMS705B, device 1		Device 2		Value
Terminal	Transmission	Terminal	Reception	
	zone		zone	
N.Y1 🗅	1	N.X1 🗀	1	Enthalpy value for
				further use

= Transmission

= Reception

Configuration

Device 1Configure the following in RMS705B, device 1:

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE transmission zones >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.Y1	1	

Device 2

Configure the following in device 2:

Main menu > Commissioning > Extra configuration > Input identifier >

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1	kJ/kg	

Setting values

Main menu > Commissioning > Settings > or

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > N.X1

Operating line	Range	Factory setting
Value low	0.0 kJ/kg	- 50.0 kJ/kg
Value high	100.0 kJ/kg	50.0 kJ/kg

Main menu > Commissioning > Communication > LTE reception zones >

	-	
Operating line	Range	Factory setting
N.X1	1	

Configuration diagram





13.2.6 Troubleshooting

After expiration of a specific time (ca. 30 minutes), a fault message "[...X...] Sensor error" is sent if the bus should receive a signal from an input, but the signal is not available.

Fault messages

No.	Text	Effect
5000	No bus power supply	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
5902	>1 identical LTE zone	Non-urgent message; must not be acknowledged.
6001	>1 identical device address	Urgent message; must be acknowledged.

14 Support for errors and faults

14.1 Error/fault code list

Code no.	Cause of error/fault	Described in Section
10	Outside temp sensor error	See 5.6.5 "Outside temperature"
11	>1 outside temperature sensor	See 5.6.5 "Outside temperature"
12	Outs sensor simulation active	See 5.6.5 "Outside temperature"
100	Simulation inputs active	See 5.1.2 "Universal inputs"
101264	[N.X1] sensor error	See 5.2.6 "Analog inputs"
	RMZ788(2).X4 sensor error	See 5.5.5 "Remote setpoint adjuster,
		absolute"
		See 5.6.5 "Outside temperature"
1310	[Motor 1] fault	See 8.4.4 "Motor"
1311	[Motor 1] overload	See 8.4.7 "Motor"
1312	[Motor 1] no flow	See 8.4.6 "Motor"
1314	[Motor 1A] overload	See 8.4.7 "Motor"
1315	[Motor 1B] overload	See 8.4.7 "Motor"
1316	[Motor 1A] no flow	See 8.4.6 "Motor"
1317	[Motor 1B] no flow	See 8.4.6 "Motor"
1318	[Mot 1] precom no checkb signal	See 8.4.9 "Motor"
1360	[Motor 6] fault	See 8.4.4 "Motor"
1361	[Motor 6] overload	See 8.4.7 "Motor"
1362	[Motor 6] no flow	See 8.4.6 "Motor"
1364	[Motor 6A] overload	See 8.4.7 "Motor"
1365	[Motor 6B] overload	See 8.4.7 "Motor"
1366	[Motor 6A] no flow	See 8.4.6 "Motor"
1367	[Motor 6B] no flow	See 8.4.6 "Motor"
1368	[Mot 6] precom no checkb signal	See 8.4.9 "Motor"
1911	[O'hrs 1] serv req	See 6.3.4 "Operating hours"
1912	[O'hrs 2] serv req	See 6.3.4 "Operating hours"
1913	[O'hrs 3] serv req	See 6.3.4 "Operating hours"
1914	[O'hrs 4] serv req	See 6.3.4 "Operating hours"
3011	[Main contr var 1] sensor error	See 11.2.2 "Universal controller"
3012	[Main contr var 2] sensor error	See 11.2.2 "Universal controller"
3013	[Main contr var 3] sensor error	See 11.2.2 "Universal controller"
5000	No bus power supply	See 13.2.6 "Communications"
5001	System time failure	See 4.1.3 "Date and time"
5002	>1 clock time master	See 4.1.3 "Date and time"
5003	Invalid time of day	See 4.1.3 "Date and time"
5101	[Time switch 1] failure	See 7.1.5 "Time switch"
5151	[Time switch 6] failure	See 7.1.5 "Time switch"
5201	Hol/spec day program failure	See 7.2.6 "Holidays/special days"
5202	>1 hol/spec day program	See 7.2.6 "Holidays/special days"
5801	H/C changeover signal failure	See 10.4.12 "H/C changeover"
5802	>1 heat/cool changeover signal	See 10.4.12 "H/C changeover"
5902	>1 identical LTE zone	See 13.2.6 "Communications"
6001	>1 identical device address	See 13.2.6 "Communications"

Code no.	Cause of error/fault	Described in Section
6401	[Calculator 1] formula invalid	See 6.5.5 "Calculator"
6402	[Calculator 2] formula invalid	See 6.5.5 "Calculator"
7101	Fault extension module	See 3.2.2 "Basic configuration"
7104		
9000	>1 fault input faulty	See 12.3 "Faults"
9001	[Fault inp 1] fault	See 12.3 "Faults"
9020	[Fault inp 20] fault	See 12.3 "Faults"
9111	[Logger 1] on before cycle min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9112	[Logger 1] on after cycle max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9113	[Logger 1] off before dur min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9114	[Logger 1] off after dur max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9121	[Logger 2] on before cycle min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9122	[Logger 2] on after cycle max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9123	[Logger 2] off before dur min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9124	[Logger 2] off after dur max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9131	[Logger 3] on before cycle min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9132	[Logger 3] on after cycle max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9133	[Logger 3] off before dur min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9134	[Logger 3] off after dur max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9141	[Logger 4] on before cycle min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9142	[Logger 4] on after cycle max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9143	[Logger 4] off before dur min	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"
9144	[Logger 4] off after dur max	See 6.2.4 "Event logger"

14.2 Troubleshooting

14.2.1 Fault indicator

If one *or* several fault messages are queued, the current message is displayed and indicated via the fault LED.

Fault information is available via the following path:

Display fault information

Note

Main menu > Faults >

Menu item	Comment
Faults current	Currently queued faults.
Fault history	Individual listing of the 10 most recent faults.
Fault status message bus	Faults of other devices on the bus:

The fault button allows you to acknowledge error (fault) messages. Meaning:

Fault message is	Message is	Fault LED status / Comment
Pending	Unacked	Flashing /
		Message must be acknowledged.
Pending	Acknowledged	Lit /
		Also applies to messages that must not
		be acknowledged.
No longer pending	Unacked	Flashing
No longer pending	Acknowledged	Off

If a fault relay is also configured, the LED on the fault button always flashes when the relay is energized.

A fault message is still pending if the LED on the fault button is lit and cannot be extinguished by mere acknowledgement. The LED extinguishes only when no more faults are present.

14.2.2 Fault acknowledgement

No acknowledgement required	This applies to all fault messages that do not need to be acknowledged or reset on RMS705B.
Example	A fault message is generated if the outside temperature is not available. When the outside temperature returns, the fault message automatically disappears and the plant resumes normal operation.
Acknowledge	Applies to all fault messages that only need to be acknowledged on RMS705B. The fault message is displayed until acknowledged.
Caution	When the fault disappears in the plant, the plant resumes normal operation even if the fault message has not yet been acknowledged.
Example	A plant has a pump with fault message to be reset locally at the pump. The plant resumes operation after the pump is reset. The only purpose of the fault indication on RMS705B is to ensure that service staff notices the fault message.

Acknowledge and reset	Applies to all fault messages that must be acknowledged and reset on RMS705B. After acknowledgement on RMS705B, the fault message is maintained until the fault is no longer present. Only then can the fault message on RMS705B be reset. After resetting, the LED in the fault button extinguishes.
Example	A pump with fault contact is connected to the motor block's overload message. The fault contact of the pump is reset if the pump switches off because of this fault message. Manually acknowledge and reset the fault on RMS705B to restart the pump.
Note	RMS705B does not allow for acknowledging fault messages from other Synco [™] devices.

14.2.3 Delete fault messages

The operator unit allows for deleting the "Fault history" list at the service level via operating line "Delete faults".

Functions

屏 Main menu > Faults >

Operating line	Comment
Delete faults	All current faults are reset internally, the "Fault history" list is deleted.

When enabling this function, all other fault messages are reset. Only pending faults continue to be displayed.

NoteYou may not be able to acknowledge or reset the fault message if the type of
acknowledgement is changed at a pending fault.
You can also use the "Delete faults" function to reset these fault messages!

14.3 Resolve errors

Question	Answer
During commissioning, the wrong language was selected. Where do I find my language?	 Press the ESC and OK buttons simultaneously. Select the password level and enter 112 for password (same as international emergency call). Press "OK" to confirm. The device activates English. Select "Settings > Device > Language" to go to the desired language.
RMS705B is completely off, but the following is displayed: "Operation locked, Remote operation". How do I restart RMS705B?	 Remote operation (OCI700.1) set RMS705B to commissioning mode, which locked local operation. If RMS705B is not restarted correctly via remote operation, it remains in this state. You can only restart RMS705B locally by briefly disconnecting it from power.
Menu "Commissioning" does not allow for navigation to "Main menu". The following text is displayed: "Caution! Invalid settings, Start not possible". How do I restart RMS705B?	Configuration was not completely downloaded via the service tool (OCI700.1). Reload the configuration with the service tool (OCI700.1), <i>or</i> reconfigure RMS705B via the operator unit.
Fault message "[N.X4] sensor error" cannot be acknowledged.	 When exiting the "Commissioning" menu, a check is made to see which sensors are connected. If one of the sensors connected is missing later, a fault message appears. If a sensor was incorrectly wired and is rewired later, a "false" fault message may be generated. Resolve error: Select "Commissioning" (Caution! Plant stops), then back to "Main menu" (Caution! Plant starts).
The unit is "°C" rather than???	Configuration error: An input of a disabled function block was configured. RMS705B in this case automatically displays "°C". Resolve error: Enable the corresponding function block.
Flow signal not working?	Wrong values were entered for "Flow switching value on/Off". Resolve error: Select "Settings > Motor > Motor 1 > Flow switching value on/Off" and enter the correct data.

15 Electrical connections

15.1 Connection rules



Only 1 solid wire *or* 1 stranded wire can be connected to each terminal (cage terminal).



Steps

terminals

Note

Connection procedure with spring cage

Terminal connection

concept

- 1. Strip wire (length 7...8 mm; for module connector RMZ780: length 8...9 mm).
- 2. Connect wire using a screwdriver (size 0 to 1; for module connector: size 0).
- 3. Apply pressure with screwdriver while inserting the wire.
- 4. Remove screwdriver.

15.2 Connection terminals

15.2.1 RMS705B



16 Appendix

16.1 Abbreviations

Below is a list of the most common and possibly somewhat cryptic abbreviations in alphabetical order.

•	Heating
$\check{\ominus}$	Cooling
AbsHu	Absolute humidity
AC	Alternating current
AI	Analog input
AO	Analog output
DC	Direct current
DewPnt	Dew point temperature
DI	Digital input
DlvOn	Switch-on delay
DIvOff	Switch-off delay
DO	Digital output
	Direct expansion cooling
FIR	European Installation Bus (to be replaced by KNX)
Enth	Enthalow
EnthDiff	Enthalpy
	KNX bus (for operating and process information)
	Now communication standard used by Synco TM and BYB
KNX ETE-WOUE	Same as with EIP to date
	Jame as with EID to date
	Liquid Crystal display
	Human machine interface
P	P-mode
PI	PI mode
ReiHu	
SA	
SD	
Spheco	Eco setpoint high
Spн	Setpoint nign
SpL	Setpoint low
Spleco	Eco setpoint low
StepSwi	
t TA	Lime
Temp	Iemperature
TiCst	Rundown time
	Runup time
TiOnMin	On time minimum
TiOffMin	Off time minimum
Tn	Integral action time
W	Setpoint
WetBlb	Wet bulb temperature
Х	Actual value
Хр	P-band
ХZ	Actual value supp air temp

16.2 Configuration diagram

16.2.1 Explanation of diagram

RMS705B has a large number of preconfigured function blocks. The configuration diagram shows the various configuration options. In the configuration diagram, planning engineers can enter and draw the interconnections of individual input and output functions (of their internal signals) together with the associated connection terminals.

Designations used Devices and extension modules:

- N Switching & monitoring device RMS705B
- A5 Universal module RMZ785
- A7 Universal module RMZ787
- A8 Universal module RMZ788

Physical inputs:

X Universal

Physical outputs:

- Q Relay
- Y DC 0...10 V

Internal signals (lowercase):

- x analog or digital
- a analog
- d digital
- i pulse

16.2.2 Configuration rules

Rules for inputs

- The input identifier can be a device *or* a special sensor (outside temperature, setpoint adjuster).
- Multiple use of inputs is possible, no limitations.
- Only inputs with compatible units are offered for input "wiring".
- Alarming for inputs is only active if the input is connected prior to the end of commissioning.
- If an input identifier changes, all related settings are changed automatically without explicit information (e.g., P-band Xp is changed automatically from 30 K to 500 Pa if the processed identifier is changed from temperature to pressure).

Procedure for extra configuration

Order of configuration:

- First basic configuration, then extra configuration.
- Connection methods:
 - Always from arrow (\checkmark) to line (\blacksquare).
 - From uppercase to uppercase.
 - From lowercase to lowercase.
 - From function to input: "x" to "x".
 - From output block to output terminal: Analog "Y" to "Y".
 - Relay "Q" to "Q".

Example for good configuration

The result of logic block 1 is provided to logic block 2. As a result, the result from logic block 1 is provided at logic block 2 in the same process. This allows for best possible timing to process RMS705B input signals.

16.2.3 Overview of configuration diagrams

Basic configuration

Configuration	Function
□ RMZ785	Add further inputs and outputs with extension modules RMZ785, RMZ787, and RMZ788.
□ RMZ787 (1), (2)	Controller functions are configured to these inputs/outputs.
□ RMZ788 (1), (2)	Specify which modules are connected to RMS705B in which order (position); max 4 modules.

Input identifiers

Inputs (Section 5)	Configuration	Functions
	N.X1RMZ788(2).X4	 Enter input identifier Units: °C, %, g/kg, kJ/kg, W/m², m/s, bar, mbar, Pa, ppm, universal 000.0 (display with one decimal place), universal 0000 (display without decimal place). The unit is only required for presentation on the display. The unit presents all unit-dependent settings (e.g. P-bands) on the unit. Sensor for °C: LG-Ni1000, 2xLG-Ni1000 (averaging), T1, Pt1000, DC 010 V, all other units DC 010 V, adjustable range. Digital (input for potential-free contacts). Pulse (up to 25 Hz for mechanical source (Reed contact), or up to 100 Hz for electronic source). Special identifiers: Outside temperature, remote setpoint adjuster. With the special identifiers, internal connections are taken directly from RMS705B. A name can be assigned to each input.
	Outside temperature	 Outside temperature for the following functions: Connect one outside temperature sensor. The bus can be used to receive the outside temperature. Sensor as listed above under "Sensor for °C.
N.X1 Rem-x I ▼ × Y	[Controller 1] rem setp adj [Controller 2] rem setp adj [Controller 3] rem setp adj	 Rem setp1: Absolute for controller 1 to 3 (01000 Ω or DC 010 V).
	Pulse	 Select input identifier "Pulse" for an input. Connection of a pulse source (mechanical <i>or</i> electronic). Pulse source type can be assigned to the input.

Data acquisition

Trend	Configuration	Functions
(Section 6.1)		
x x x x 1 2 3 4 Trend	• Input	 Use the trend to log time-related progression of signals. 4 independent trend channels. Logging of local inputs, room temperatures and outside temperature from the bus. Simultaneous display of 2 channels. Displays: 8-minutes, 8-hours, 24-hours and 6-day history.
Event logger (Section 6.2)	Configuration	Functions
x x x x 1 2 3 4 Event logger	• Input	 Event logger for max. 10 events and their duration. Adjustable threshold values. Selectable alarm messages for drop below min. cycle time, exceed max. cycle time, drop below min. duration and exceed max. duration.
Operating hours (Section 6.3)	Configuration	Functions
d d d d 1 2 3 4 Operating hours	• Input	 Acquire operating hours. Function: Set start value. Operating hours display. Editable maintenance message, at selectable interval (e.g. every 500 h).
Meter (Section 6.4)	Configuration	Functions
i i i 1 2 3 4 Meter	• Input	Acquire pulse sources and display cumulated values; selectable unit, valency, presentation, etc.
Calculator (Section 6.5)	Configuration	Functions
$\begin{array}{c c} x & x & x \\ \hline A & B & C \\ \hline Calculator 1 \\ f = (A-B)^*C / \dots \\ \hline Y & a \end{array}$	Input ACFormulaModulating output	 2 calculators. Convert input to output values by applying own formulas. User-defined formulas (max. 20 characters), e.g. for solar power, volumetric flow, etc.

7-day time switch

Time switch (Section 7.1)	Configuration	Functions
□ On □ □ X ⊘ ₁ On / Off □ ♥ ↓ Q d	Time switch On, Off	 1-channel time switch on/off. 7 days + special day, 6 switching points per day. Note selectable holidays/special day information (Yes, No). Operation selector
Calendar (Section 7.2)	Configuration	Functions
d d Calendar	 Holiday input (□) Special day input ([⊠]) 	 Room operating modes. Holiday input And "Special day input": Digital input for holidays (settable room operating mode) or special day (special day program of time switch). Selectable if holidays/special day zone autonomous, slave (holidays/special day information from KNX bus) <i>or</i> master (sends holidays/special day information to KNX bus).

Aggregates

Logic functions (Section 8.1)	Configuration	Functions
X X X X X 1 2 3 1 2 B Logic1 Q d	 Input Logic function Operation selector Relay output Digital output 	 10 logic blocks. Generation of digital signal from continuous input signals. Selectable logic for logic A, B and C. Selectable operation selector. Delay times can be set for output signal. Selectable time formats.
Comparator (Section 8.2)	Configuration	Functions
A - B Comparator 1	• Input	 2 comparators. The comparator helps compare two analog input signals. Delay times can be set for output signal. Selectable time formats.
Rotary step switch (Section 8.3)	Configuration	Functions
d a Rotary step switch 1 0 Linear 0 Flexible 0 Binary d d a d	 Type(Linear, Flexible, Binary) Precommand input Start condition 1 Fault status message A [Rot step swi 1A] precommand [Rot step swi 1A] command [Rot step swi 1A] load 	 2 rotary step switches with the following functions: Adjustable step switch properties. Linear step switch (max. 4 steps). Flexible step switch (max. 4 steps). Binary step switch (max. 15 steps). Lead/lag control for aggregates with runtime balancing.
Motor (Section 8.4)	Configuration	Functions
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 Motor A Motor B Motor B type Precommand Precommand checkback signal Flow signal [Motor A] overload [Motor B] overload Start condition 1 Start condition 2 Stop condition 1 Stop condition 2 	 Usable as 1-spee, 2-speed <i>or</i> twin motor. Changeover of run priority: Automatic, manual, fault. Adjustable delay times. Configurable flow signal monitoring. Configurable overload signal. Configurable precommand function. Motor fault status message. Motor operating state status message. Configurable motor start, stop conditions. Switching on by outside temperature. Locking speed 2 at low outside temperatures. Selectable motor kick. Record operating hours. Free fault text.
Modulating output (Section 8.5)	Configuration	Functions
a a d 1 2 3 Start Modul. output A Y	InputStart conditionModulating output AH	 For continuous signals DC 010 V, e.g. for valve position. Load signal from controller (from max 3 sequences with maximum selection). "Positioning signal min" and adjustable "Positioning signal max". Settable inversion. Release via start input.

Signal converter

Min-Max-Average (Section 9.1)	Configuration	Functions
0 0	 Input Inputs split (Split) Min-Max-Average output AB Modulating output AB 	 2 function blocks. 5 inputs for min. max selection and average calculation. 2 continuous signals DC 010 V.
Enthalpy calculator (Section 9.2)	Configuration	Functions
a a a a Temp A Rel Hi A Temp B Rel Hu B Enthelplo a a b A r r a a V a r a a Y a Y a Y a	 Temperature input AB, Relative humidity input AB Enthalpy AB Absolute humidity AB Dew point temperature Wet bulb temperature Enthalpy difference 	 Calculation of the following variables from temperature and relative humidity: Enthalpy, absolute humidity, dew point temperature, Wet bulb temperature, Enthalpy difference. Pressure correction for plant location (Elevation above sea level).
Signal doubler-inverter (Section 9.3)	Configuration	Functions
Spiiteinv A 8 V V V V V	InputModulating output AB	 For 2 continuous signals DC 010 V. "Positioning signal min" and adjustable "Positioning signal max". Scaling of input signal (value low, value high). Settable inversion.

Heat demand, refrigeration demand, H/C changeover

Heat demand (Section 10.1)	Configuration	Functions
Contri.	 Controller 1 Controller 2 Controller 3 Primary controller Relay output Modulating output 	 Acquire heat demand from bus (acquire valid heat demand in the set zone). Pass on heat demand as digital output e.g. to control a central pump. Pass on heat demand as continuous output °C. Pass on demand signals to other distribution zone on KNX bus.
Refrigeration demand (Section 10.2)	Configuration	Functions
Contri.	 Controller 1 Controller 2 Controller 3 Primary controller Relay output Modulating output 	 Acquire refrigeration demand from bus (acquire valid refrigeration demand in the set zone). Pass on refrigeration demand as digital output e.g. to control a central pump. Pass on refrigeration demand as continuous output °C. Pass on demand signals to other distribution zone on KNX bus.
Heating/cooling ch'over (Section 10.4)	Configuration	Functions
x ∭/ 本 □ <u>∭</u> / ↓ H/K-Changeover □ ♀ □ ⊠ Q	 2-pipe heating/cooling system (□ 𝔅/♥) H/C changeover input (𝔅/♥) Changeover with operating mode selector (𝔅) Changeover by date (𝔅) 	 Changeover of operating mode heating or cooling in 2-pipe systems. Preselection of heating/cooling on device generated or received as signal via bus. Changeover by analog or digital input. Changeover with operating mode selector Changeover by date.

Universal controller

Universal controller (Section 11)	Configuration	Functions
a a a a d d Diff Gen limit Sep Swi Start Controller 1 S1 S4 a a	 Main controlled variable Differential input Universal shift General limiter Input setpoint changeover Start condition Sequence outputs 	 3 universal controllers, can be used as a P, PI or PID controller. Differential control possible. Universal shift for setpoints. Min./max limitation function. Connection of remote setpoint adjuster. Controller can be enabled via start input. 1 heating sequence S1, (_); 1 cooling sequence S4, (_/). A name can be assigned to each controller.

Faults

Faults (Section 12)	Configuration	Functions
d x x x x x x Ack 1 1/2 1/3 1/4 1/5 1/6 Faults	 Fault button external Fault input 1 to 20 Fault relay 1 and 2 	 20 universal fault signal inputs, "Fault status message delay, Fault acknowledgement" (none, acknowledge), "Fault priority" (urgent, not urgent). 2 fault relays, priority (urgent, not urgent, all) and signaling can be set. Direct connection possible for analog signals and settable threshold values. A name can be assigned to each fault input.



Configuration diagram for RMS705B

16.3 Menu tree

All setting and readout values are arranged as operating lines in a software menu tree.

The operating elements of the operator units allow for selecting and reading or setting according to access rights.

The "Main menu" comprises the following menu items:

- 1. Commissioning
- 2. Time switches
- 3. Inputs
- 4. Data acquisition
- 5. Signal converter
- 6. Aggregates
- 7. Controller
- 8. Holidays/special days
- 9. Time of day/date
- 10. Faults
- 11. Settings
- 12. Device information
- 13. Data backup

16.4 Editable texts RMS705B

The list with editable text is intended as an aid for engineering and commissioning. Maximum length of the text is 20 characters.

At the password level, user texts such as menu texts, fault texts *or* operating lines can be reset as follows:

Main menu > Settings > Texts >

Operating line	Comment
Reset	No, Yes

Note

The texts for the operating lines "Device name", "File name", and "Business card line 1..4" are not deleted when the menu texts are reset.

16.4.1 Inputs

Main menu > Settings > Inputs > ...X...

Operating line name	User-defined text
N.X1	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
N.X2	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
N.X3	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
N.X4	

Operating line name	User-defined text
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
N.X5	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
N.X6	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
N X7	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
N X8	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
15.1101. LUGIC 1	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 0	
A5.A5	
Text for: Logic 0	
A5.X4	
Text for: Logic 0	
A5.X5	
Text for: Logic 0	
A5.X0	
Text for: Logic 0	
AD.X7	
Text for: Logic 0	
A5.X8	
Text for: Logic U	
A7 (1).X1	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
A7 (1).X2	
Text for: Logic 0	
lext for: Logic 1	
A/ (1).X3	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
A7 (1).X4	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
A7 (2).X1	
Text for: Logic 0	

Operating line name	User_defined text
Text for: Logic 1	
$\Delta 7 (2) \times 2$	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
$\Lambda 7 (2) \times 3$	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
$\Lambda 7 (2) X 4$	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
A8 (2) X1	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
A8 (2) X2	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
A8 (2).X3	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	
A8 (2).X4	
Text for: Logic 0	
Text for: Logic 1	

16.4.2 Time switch

Main menu > Settings > Time switch >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Time switch 1	
[Time switch 1] op selector	
Time switch 2	
[Time switch 2] op selector	
Time switch 3	
[Time switch 3] op selector	
Time switch 4	
[Time switch 4] op selector	
Time switch 5	
[Time switch 5] op selector	
Time switch 6	
[Time switch 6] op selector	

16.4.3 Trend

Main menu > Settings> Data acquisition > Trend > Trend channel 1...4 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Trend channel 1	
Trend channel 2	
Trend channel 3	
Trend channel 4	

16.4.4 Event logger

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Event logger 1...4 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Event logger 1	
Event logger 2	
Event logger 3	
Event logger 4	

16.4.5 Operating hours

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Operating hours > Hours run counter > Operating hours 1...4 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Operating hours 1	
Text for: Service required	
Operating hours 2	
Text for: Service required	
Operating hours 3	
Text for: Service required	
Operating hours 4	
Text for: Service required	

16.4.6 Meter

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Meter > Meter 1...4 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Meter 1	
Meter 2	
Meter 3	
Meter 4	

16.4.7 Calculator

Main menu > Settings > Data acquisition > Calculator > Calculator 1...2 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Calculator 1	
Unit	
Calculator 2	
Unit	

16.4.8 Min-Max-Avr

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Min-Max-Average 1...2 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Min-Max-Average 1	
Min-Max-Average 2	

16.4.9 Enthalpy

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Enthalpy calculator >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Enthalpy calculator	

16.4.10 Signal doubler/inverter

Main menu > Settings > Signal converter > Signal doubler-inverter >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Signal doubler-inverter	

16.4.11 Logic

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Logic 1...10 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Logic 1	
Operation selector 1	
Logic 2	
Operation selector 2	
Logic 3	
Operation selector 3	
Logic 4	
Operation selector 4	
Logic 5	
Operation selector 5	
Logic 6	
Operation selector 6	
Logic 7	
Operation selector 7	
Logic 8	
Operation selector 8	
Logic 9	
Operation selector 9	
Logic 10	
Operation selector 10	

16.4.12 Motor

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Motor > Motor 1...6 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Motor 1	
Motor 2	
Motor 3	
Motor 4	
Motor 5	
Motor 6	

16.4.13 Modulating output

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Modulating outputs > Modulating output A...H >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Modulating output A	
Modulating output B	
Modulating output C	
Modulating output D	
Modulating output E	
Modulating output F	
Modulating output G	
Modulating output H	

16.4.14 Comparator

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Logic functions > Comparator 1...2 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Comparator 1	
Comparator 2	

16.4.15 Rotary step switch

Main menu > Settings > Aggregates > Rotary step switch >

Rotary step switch 1...2 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Rotary step switch 1	
Rotary step switch 2	

16.4.16 Controller

Main menu > Settings > Controller 1...3 >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Controller 1	
Controller 2	
Controller 3	

16.4.17 Faults

0- 1	Main menu >	Settings >	Faults >	Fault input	120 >
-------------	-------------	------------	----------	-------------	-------

Operating line name	User-defined text
Fault text 1	
Fault text 2	
Fault text 3	
Fault text 4	
Fault text 5	
Fault text 6	
Fault text 7	
Fault text 8	
Fault text 9	
Fault text 10	
Fault text 11	
Fault text 12	
Fault text 13	
Fault text 14	
Fault text 15	
Fault text 16	
Fault text 17	
Fault text 18	
Fault text 19	
Fault text 20	

16.4.18 Device

Main menu > Settings > Texts >

Operating line name	User-defined text
Device name	
File name	
Business card line 1	
Business card line 2	
Business card line 3	
Business card line 4	

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